# CITY OF FARMINGTON HILLS, MICHIGAN Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2019













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November 11, 2019

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of Farmington Hills

We are pleased to submit the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) of the City of Farmington Hills (the "City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This report was prepared by the Finance Department in conformance with regulations and standards set forth by the City Charter, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and its Committee on Governmental Accounting and Auditing, generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the Treasurer of the State of Michigan, and the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). This report consists of management representations concerning the finances of the City of Farmington Hills. Therefore, responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, reliability, and fairness of the financial data herein, including all disclosures, rests with the administration and management of the City of Farmington Hills. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material aspects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included. The statements have been audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by Yeo & Yeo, a certified public accounting firm licensed by the State of Michigan.

Since the report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Farmington Hills, a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for preparation of the City of Farmington Hills' financial statements in conformity with GAAP has been established. However, due to the fact that the internal control systems should be cost effective, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Yeo & Yeo has audited the City of Farmington Hills' financial statements to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures contained in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Farmington Hills' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of the report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "single audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing single audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. This report is available in the City of Farmington Hills' separately issued single audit report.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Farmington Hills' MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Farmington Hills was incorporated in 1973 and is a 34-square mile suburban community with a pastoral and gently rolling terrain in Oakland County, Michigan. The City possesses an ideal location that is within an hour's drive of the Ann Arbor technology corridor, 25 minutes to downtown Detroit and Detroit Metro Airport, and is also the focal point of a freeway network for southeast Michigan to the industrial centers of Warren, the Saginaw/Flint area, Lansing, and Toledo, Ohio. Approximately half of America's disposable income, half of the country's work force, and nearly half of the total U.S. population are within a 500-mile radius of the City.

The City is enhanced by exemplary educational opportunities for kindergarten through 12<sup>th</sup> grade via both public and private schools and a premier district library system. Twelve major colleges and universities are within a 45-minute drive of the community. A broad spectrum of recreational and cultural activities is also available within the City or within a short drive. Quality health care is provided by Beaumont Hospital, a full service teaching hospital with a Level II Trauma Center and Certified Stroke Center and which is associated with Michigan State University. Many additional medical centers and hospitals are within a half-hour driving distance of the City.

The community offers a wide range of quality housing featuring homes in every style and price range. There are many premier residential areas providing housing options including more than 25,000 single-family homes and over 9,900 rental units designed to fit every lifestyle. Home prices range from under \$100,000 to \$3 million, with the average home priced at approximately \$259,000.

The City operates under the City Council/city manager form of government with seven elected officials, a mayor, and six City Council members representing the citizens of the City of Farmington Hills. The mayor is elected directly by the electorate for not more than two consecutive, two-year terms. The six City Council members are elected at large for staggered terms of four years each. The mayor and City Council establish all policies for the City government. The city manager is appointed by the City Council.

The City of Farmington Hills provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; and refuse collection and recycling services. Utility services for water and sanitary sewers are provided by the City, with the Oakland County Water Resources Commission administrating the service for water and sanitary sewers under contract with the City. Library functions are provided by the Farmington Community Library, which serves both the City of Farmington Hills and the neighboring City of Farmington.

City Hall, which is a LEED Gold certified facility, will serve the community well through the coming decades by allowing the City to improve its energy and operational efficiencies, strengthen its community image, and provide flexibility in meeting the needs of the community.

Economic development efforts have been promoted by the City of Farmington Hills Economic Development Corporation, a component unit of the City whose financial statements are displayed in the basic financial statements.

The other component units of the City are the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority, established by the City Council to assist in the redevelopment of environmentally challenged sites within the City; and the Corridor Improvement Authority, created by the City Council to correct and prevent deterioration in business districts, encourage historic preservation, and promote economic growth. The Corridor Improvement Authority was created in collaboration with the City of Farmington in sharing a corridor to leverage investments by defraying some of the costs of redevelopment and sharing resources that can be invested in improvements. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority and the Corridor Improvement Authority financial statements are also displayed in the basic financial statements.

The City's annual budget provides the foundation for financial planning and control. All departments funded by the City of Farmington Hills are required to submit requests for appropriations to the city manager in February of each year. The city manager utilizes these requests as the basis for developing the proposed budget submitted to City Council by the first regular council meeting in May. In conformity with *Article VII General Finance* of the City Charter and the State of Michigan Uniform Budgets Act, a public hearing on the proposed annual budget and tax rates is held by the first regular Council meeting in June, after public notice of the meeting and hearing is published at least seven days prior to the public hearing. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police department). Department heads may make transfers of appropriated funds within a department with the approval of the city manager and finance director. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval by the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund in which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and the major Special Revenue Funds (Major Road Fund, Local Road Fund, and the Public Safety Fund), the comparison is reported as part of the required supplemental information following the notes to the financial statements. For the major Capital Improvement Fund, major Special Assessment Debt Service Fund, and all nonmajor governmental funds with an appropriated annual budget, this comparison is presented in the other supplemental information subsection of this report.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the unique environment within which the City of Farmington Hills operates.

Local Economy - The City of Farmington Hills possesses a diversified property tax base with residential currently comprising 70 percent, commercial 21 percent, industrial 3 percent, and personal property (business equipment, furniture, and machinery) 6 percent. No one taxpayer exceeds 1.95 percent of the tax roll and the top 10 taxpayers combined account for approximately 7.16 percent of the total tax roll. Farmington Hills is home to approximately 4,700 businesses, 75 Fortune 500 companies, and more than 100 international firms. The City's residents are employed predominantly in management, professional sales, and related occupations. Despite its diversification, Farmington Hills does not stand alone and is impacted by the economic environment of the nation, state, and metro-Detroit area. In FY 2018-2019, the ad valorem taxable value of the City increased by 3.38 percent. The projection for FY 2019-2020 is a 4.32 percent increase in ad valorem taxable value. The City's unemployment rate of 4.0 percent at June 2019 is a slight increase from 3.9 percent in June 2018, comparable to the county unemployment rate of 3.7 percent and also lower than the state unemployment rate of 4.2 percent at June 2019.

As the economy continues to improve at a slow but uneven pace, predictions are that it will take several more years to reach the peak employment levels from the recent past. University of Michigan economists forecast that Oakland County will add 31,600 jobs from 2019 through 2021, and the county unemployment rate will decline to 2.6 percent by 2021, with an inflation rate forecast to increase to about 1.8 percent by 2021. This will replenish 100 percent of the jobs lost from the summer of 2000 to the end of 2009.

Helping to bolster Oakland County's economic growth and business sustainability is "Automation Alley," a dynamic organization of leaders from all backgrounds and business sectors that are combining talent and energy to transform southeast Michigan into a high technology workforce and business development powerhouse. Membership is made up of 1,000 technology-driven companies, governments, and educational institutions which have helped to drive the growth and image of southeast Michigan's technology economy.

Oakland County continues to embrace the "emerging sectors" initiative, an aggressive plan to attract the top new and emerging businesses to Oakland County. Over the last several years over 500 emerging sector endeavors have generated over \$5 billion in investment while creating or retaining over 89,000 jobs. These sectors are:

- Advanced electronics
- Advanced material
- Aerospace
- Alternative energy
- Communications and information technology
- Defense and homeland security
- Film and digital media
- Medical main street/health care
- Robotics
- Finance, insurance, and real estate

Oakland County's per capita income of \$68,971 is the highest among Michigan's 83 counties. Oakland County, as well as the City of Farmington Hills, continues to enjoy a AAA bond rating from Standard & Poor's, the highest bond rating achievable. The AAA bond rating allows the City to borrow at the lowest possible interest rate, saving City's taxpayers significant dollars in future borrowing costs.

Economic development staff of the City coordinates development activity with the City's Economic Development Corporation. The City participates in a business retention program and has formed a partnership with the Oakland County Planning and Economic Development Services Division and the Michigan Economic Development Corporation. Working together, they have been successful in assisting companies in expanding their business opportunities in the City.

University of Michigan economists are predicting moderate job growth of 35,800 jobs in 2019 and 39,300 in 2020 compared to an estimated 55,200 jobs added in 2018. The top job producers over the next two years are predicted to be in service industries such as health care, leisure and hospitality, and arts and entertainment.

Economists predict that state-wide inflation will increase by 1.9 percent in 2019 and then decrease by 2.1 percent in 2020.

Economists predict that state-wide real disposable income (personal income adjusted for taxes and inflation) will grow at a rate of 2.0 percent in 2019 and 1.3 percent in 2020.

The City Council annually reviews and accepts the updated "Six-year Capital Improvement Program," as prepared by staff and adopted by the City's Planning Commission, which directly impacts the City's infrastructure. The City Council adopts many of the projects in the first year of this program in the annual budget. In addition to road construction and utility projects, the following categories of acquisitions or improvements are planned for FY 2019-2020:

- \$1,867,000 for drainage projects
- \$350,000 for sidewalk and bike path improvements/replacements
- \$1,068,000 for Fire Department vehicles and equipment
- \$1,084,500 for Public Services Department equipment
- \$1,400,000 for technology equipment, software and upgrades
- \$21,751,000 for public facility improvements

Financial Policies - The following financial policies of the City had a significant impact on the City's FY 2018-2019 financial statements:

Revenue Policy to Maintain a Diversified and Stable Taxable Revenue Base - Although the tax base remains diversified with approximately 70 percent residential and 30 percent nonresidential, the tax base had an increase in taxable values of approximately 3.38 percent in FY 2018-19. Taxable values are projected to increase by 4.32 percent in FY 2019-2020.

<u>Investment Policy to Maximize Yields while Maintaining the Integrity and Safety of Principal</u> - The City makes a serious effort to maximize investment earnings, diversification, and insurability of its investable funds. At year end, the weighted average liquidity of the City's investment portfolio was approximately 4.25 months, while the average yield on the portfolio was out-performing the three-month and six-month Treasury yield along with the Federal Funds rate.

<u>Financial Policy to Place Emphasis on Areas of Long-term Importance Such as Employee Relations, Automation, and Technology Improvements</u> - With a reduced workforce from the recent past, the City has continued to focus on technology improvements and process improvements to increase employee productivity and efficiency.

Long-term Financial Planning - Annually, City staff prepares a six-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), which is approved by the City Planning Commission and accepted by the City Council. This program will contain projects and equipment costs in excess of \$25,000. Total project cost and sources of funding, along with project descriptions, will be outlined in the Capital Improvement Program. Areas included in the program will be drainage, sanitary sewers and water mains, public facilities, sidewalks, transportation, equipment, and parks and recreation facilities. The purpose of this six-year program is to facilitate the orderly planning and infrastructure improvements, maintain, preserve, and protect the City's existing infrastructure system, and provide for the scheduled replacement of equipment and acquisition of new equipment to insure the efficient delivery of services to the community. The first year of the adopted CIP is incorporated into the city's proposed budget, if funding is available. The City manages its debt by establishing debt capacity limits or guidelines to use in conjunction with its capital planning and budgeting processes.

In order to better understand the financial condition of the City, it has become increasingly important to maintain and update an ongoing Financial Forecasting model. The end result of this forecasting model is intended to communicate what is likely to happen in the future based on where the City is today and where it appears to be heading. The preparation of a reasonably complete forecast allows the City to look at its options and prudently plan and act accordingly. The Financial Forecasts are developed as part of the annual Citizens Guide and Performance Dashboard document. This document also includes performance measurements of key benchmark data related to fiscal stability and economic strength.

#### **Accounting Changes**

In June 2015, the GASB issued two new standards addressing accounting and financial reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB, which primarily refers to retiree healthcare). GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, addresses reporting by OPEB plans whereas GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, addresses accounting and reporting by the employer governments that provide OPEB benefits to their employees.

Along with the currently required statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position, OPEB plans are now required to include in the financial statements more extensive footnote disclosures and required supplemental information related to the measurement of OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated. In addition, the City will, after adoption of GASB 75, recognize on the face of the government-wide financial statements its net OPEB liability. GASB 74 was effective for FY 2016/2017 and GASB 75 was effective for FY 2017/2018.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Farmington Hills for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. This was the 21<sup>st</sup> consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device. This was the 35<sup>th</sup> consecutive year the City received this award.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department and city manager's office. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. The independent auditing firm of Yeo & Yeo provided assistance for proper presentation in the form of counsel, suggestions, and direct input. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the City Council for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Farmington Hills' finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Dave Boyer City Manager Steve Barr Finance Director/Treasurer Shu-Fen Lin Controller

Ahu Jen Li



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of
Achievement
for Excellence
in Financial
Reporting

Presented to

# City of Farmington Hills Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended

**June 30, 2018** 

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

# City of Farmington Hills List of Elected and Principal Officials June 30, 2019

# **Mayor and City Council**

Title	Name
Mayor	Kenneth Massey
Mayor Pro Tem	Michael Bridges
Council Member	Randy Bruce
Council Member	Valerie Knol
Council Member	Richard Lerner
Council Member	Theresa Rich
Council Member	Samantha Steckloff

# City of Farmington Hills List of Elected and Principal Officials June 30, 2019

# **Principal Officials**

Title	Name							
City Manager	Dave Boyer							
Assistant City Manager	Gary Mekjian							
Economic Development Director	Samantha Seimer							
City Clerk	Pamela Smith							
Central Services Director	Kelly Monico							
Finance Director/Treasurer	Steve Barr							
Fire Chief	Jon Unruh							
Human Resources Director	John Randle							
Planning and Community Development Director	Edward Gardiner							
Police Chief	Charles Nebus							
Public Services Director	Karen Mondora							
Special Services Director	Ellen Schnackel							
City Attorney	Rosati, Schultz, Joppich & Amtsbuechler, P.C.							
Deputy Director Special Services	Bryan Farmer							
Assistant Police Chief	Jeff King							
Assistant Police Chief	Daniel Rodriguez							
Deputy Fire Chief	Jason Olszewski							
Building Official	Tammy Murray							
City Assessor	Matthew Dingman							
City Engineer	James Cubera							
City Planner	Mark Stec							
Community Development Coordinator	Charmaine Kettler-Schmult							
Controller/Assistant Finance Director	Shu-Fen Lin							
Deputy City Clerk	Carly Lindahl							
Deputy Treasurer	Debbie Shires							
Fire Marshal	Jason Baloga							
Public Works Superintendent	Kevin McCarthy							
Zoning Division Supervisor	Dennis Randt							

### **City Profile**



Farmington Hills, incorporated in 1973, is a 34-square-mile suburban community with a pastoral and gently rolling terrain in Oakland County, located 17 miles from downtown Detroit. The City's tax base of \$3,127,065,020 is comprised of 70 percent residential property and 30 percent commercial, industrial, and personal property. The community's estimated 81,093 residents live in approximately 34,646 households with a median household income of \$67,803.

The City possesses an ideal location within 25 minutes of downtown Detroit and Detroit Metro Airport and at the focal point of a north/south and west/east freeway network. Industrial centers of Warren, the Saginaw/Flint area, Lansing, and Toledo, Ohio, as well as the Ann Arbor technology corridor, are within an hour's drive. Approximately half of America's disposable income,

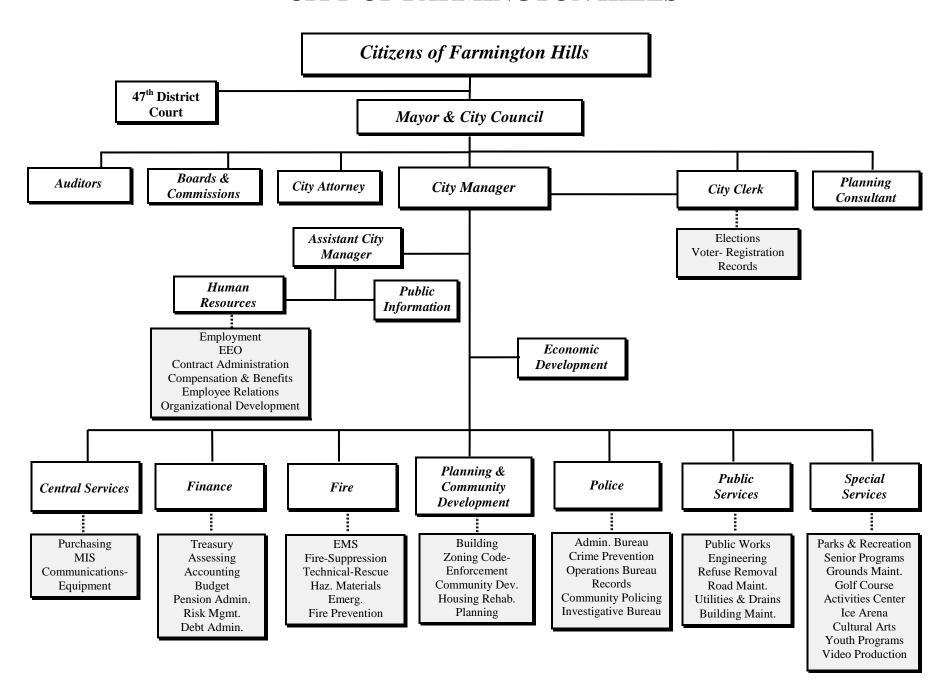
half of the country's work force, and nearly half of the total U.S. population are within a 500-mile radius of the City. The City supports seven industrial parks totaling more than 600 acres, which provide first-rate services and facilities. In addition, the 12 Mile Road, Orchard Lake Road, and Northwestern Highway corridors host many commercial and office developments, which house many corporate headquarters and district offices of regional, national, and international prominence.

The community offers many premier residential areas providing a wide range of housing options, including approximately 25,000 single-family sites (including detached condominiums) and approximately 9,960 rental units designed to fit every lifestyle.

The City's respect for its Quaker heritage is demonstrated by its commitment to historical preservation through its Historic Commission, Historical District, and the conversion of the historic Spicer Estate House to a visitor center within the 211-acre passive Heritage Park, located in the center of the City.

The City is enhanced by exemplary educational opportunities for kindergarten through 12th grade via both public and private schools and a premier district library system with one of the highest annual circulation rates in the State. A broad spectrum of recreational and cultural activities is available within the City or within a short drive. A total of 12 major colleges and universities are within a 45-minute drive of the community. Quality health care is readily accessible through Beaumont Hospital, a full-service teaching hospital with a Level II Trauma Center and Certified Stroke Center and associated with Michigan State University. Twelve major medical centers and hospitals are within a half-hour driving distance of the City. Many physicians affiliated with these medical facilities maintain their offices in Farmington Hills.

# **CITY OF FARMINGTON HILLS**



# City of Farmington Hills Fund Organization Chart

## **Governmental Funds**

General	Special Revenue
General Fund  Debt Service	Major Roads Local Roads Municipal Streets
Building Authority General Debt Service Special Assessments - Local Roads	Public Safety Millage Community Development Block Grants (CDBG) Nutrition Grant Police Forfeiture Parks and Recreation Special Millage Deferred Special Assessment
Capital Projects	
Capital Improvement Community Activity Golf Course Capital Improvement Revolving Special Assessment	
Proj	prietary Funds - Enterprise
Water and Sewer	
	Fiduciary Funds
Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust	Agency
Employees' (Pension) Retirement System Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund	Tax Collections General Agency
	Component Units
Economic Development Corporation Corridor Improvement Authority	Brownfield Redevelopment Authority



## **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council
City of Farmington Hills, Michigan

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Farmington Hills, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Farmington Hills, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System schedules and City of Farmington Hills Post-Retirement Healthcare Finance Fund schedules, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information, because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Farmington Hills' basic financial statements. The introductory section, statistical section and other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and, was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section, list of elected and principal officials and statistical section, which are the responsibility of management, have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.



#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 11, 2019 on our consideration of the City of Farmington Hills' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Farmington Hills' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Farmington Hills' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

920, 1.0

Auburn Hills, MI November 11, 2019



#### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City of Farmington Hills, Michigan (the "City") on a government-wide basis. They are designed to present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements follow the above-mentioned statements and illustrate how the services provided by the City were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Additionally, fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

#### The City of Farmington Hills as a Whole

The City's combined primary government net position decreased \$10.2 million or 3.1 percent from a year ago, decreasing from \$319.7 million to \$309.5 million. Of that amount, \$76.1 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens/creditors. A review of the governmental activities shows a decrease of approximately \$11.2 million in net position or 6.3 percent during fiscal year 2018-2019. Unrestricted net deficit of the governmental activities was approximately (\$2.3) million as of June 30, 2019. Business-type activities net position of the business-type activities was approximately \$78.5 million as of June 30, 2019.

In condensed format, the table below shows the comparison of net position (in millions of dollars) as of June 30, 2019 to the prior year:

	Go	vernmenta	l Act	ivities	Business-type Activities				Total			
	:	2019	2	2018		2019		2018	20	019		2018
Assets												
Current assets	\$	70.0	\$	74.6	\$	83.4	\$	81.6	\$ 1	153.4	\$	156.2
Noncurrent assets:												
Noncapital assets		2.0		7.7		-		0.1		2.0		7.8
Capital assets		169.8		162.5		96.4		98.1	2	266.2		260.6
Total assets		241.8		244.8		179.8		179.8		121.7		424.6
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		16.0		6.5						16.0		6.5
Liabilities												
Current liabilities		11.9		6.9		4.9		4.7		16.8		11.6
Long-term liabilities		76.1		65.4		30.1		31.4	1	106.2		96.8
Total liabilities		88.0		72.3		35.0		36.1		123.0	108.4	
Deferred Inflows of Resources		5.0		3.0		-				5.0		3.0
Net Position												
Invested in capital assets		152.4		142.8		66.3		66.7	2	218.7		209.5
Restricted		14.7		27.4		-		-		14.7		27.4
Unrestricted (deficit)		(2.3)		5.8		78.5	77.0		76.2		82.8	
Total net position	\$	164.8	\$	176.0	\$	144.8	\$	143.7	\$ 3	309.6	\$	319.7

The following table shows the changes in net position (in millions of dollars) for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

		nmental ivities		ess-type ivities	То	tal
	2019	2018	2019	2018	2019	2018
Revenue						
Program revenue:						
Charges for services	\$ 18.8	\$ 14.5	\$ 29.5	\$ 27.1	\$ 48.3	\$ 41.6
Operating grants and contributions	12.3	11.1	-	-	12.3	11.1
Capital grants and contributions	-	0.9	0.7	2.2	0.7	3.1
General revenue:						
Property taxes	50.0	48.6	-	-	50.0	48.6
State-shared revenue	8.6	8.1	-	-	8.6	8.1
Interest	1.9	0.9	1.8	0.9	3.7	1.8
Other	0.9	3.1	-	-	0.9	3.1
Special Items	(9.0)				(9.0)	
Total revenue	83.5	87.2	32.0	30.2	115.5	117.4
Program Expenses						
General government	17.6	15.5	-	-	17.6	15.5
Public safety	38.6	33.1	-	-	38.6	33.1
Public services	27.4	20.3	-	-	27.4	20.3
Community and economic development	1.9	2.0	-	-	1.9	2.0
Recreation and culture	8.7	9.8	-	-	8.7	9.8
Interest on long-term debt	0.5	0.5	-	-	0.5	0.5
Water and sewer			31.0	28.4	31.0	28.4
Total program expenses	94.7	81.2	31.0	28.4	125.7	109.6
Change in Net Position	(11.2)	6.0	1.0	1.8	(10.2)	7.8
Net Position - Beginning of year	176.0	170.0	143.7	141.9	319.7	311.9
Net Position - End of year	\$164.8	\$176.0	\$144.7	\$143.7	\$309.5	\$319.7

#### **Governmental Activities**

The City's total governmental activities revenue decreased by \$3.7 million or 4.2 percent from a year ago. This was primarily attributed to the (\$9.0) special item reported in fiscal year 2018-2019. The City's total governmental program expenses increased by \$13.5 million or 16.6 percent from a

year ago. This was attributed to increases in general government, public safety, and public works partially offset by decreases in community and economic development and recreation and culture.

The City continues to pre-fund postretirement healthcare benefits as well as retirement benefits so that future taxpayers will not have to bear the burden of currently earned benefits. During the year, the City contributed 100 percent of the actuarial required contributions for the Employees' Retirement System Pension and the Postretirement Healthcare Plan.

#### **Business-type Activities**

The City's business-type activities are recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund. The City provides water distribution and sanitary sewer disposal services, which are supplied by the Great Lakes Water Authority and operated, maintained, and administered by the Oakland County Water Resources Commissioner. The utility system incurred a \$2.9 million operating loss during fiscal year 2018-2019 compared to an operating loss of \$3.0 million in fiscal year 2017-2018. The \$1.1 million increase in net position from the prior year is a result from the increase of the net nonoperating revenue net of the \$2.9 million operating loss. During fiscal year 2018-2019, the Water and Sewer Fund reported net nonoperating revenue of \$3.3 million and capital contributions of \$0.7 million. The Water and Sewer Fund maintained a net position of \$144.8 million at year end, of which approximately \$78.5 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the fund's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### The City's Funds

An analysis of the City's major funds follows the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information on the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. In addition to state legislative requirements to maintain separate funds for Act 51 major and local road money, the City Council creates funds to administer certain dedicated dollars and demonstrate accountability to the citizens for special tax millages voted by the citizens and earmarked bond proceeds. The City's major funds for fiscal year 2018-2019 include the General Fund, the Major Roads Fund, the Local Roads Fund and the Public Safety Millage Fund. Capital improvements in the major funds category primarily include major and local road reconstruction/resurfacing.

#### **General Fund:**

The original fiscal year 2018-2019 General Fund budget reflected a \$2.6 million reduction to fund balance at year end. The General Fund's fund balance actually increased by \$2.2 million or 6.4 percent. The \$2.2 million increase in fund balance compared to what was reflected in the original budget is due primarily to the net of a \$3.3 million increase in actual revenue compared to the original budget, a \$2.1 million decrease in actual expenditures compared to the original budget, and an increase of approximately \$657,000 in net other financing uses compared to the original budget.

#### **Special Revenue Funds:**

The Major Roads Fund fund balance increased by approximately \$555,000 or 8.9 percent. Total revenue and transfers in was \$0.3 million more than the previous year, while total expenditures and transfers out were \$3.6 million more than the previous year. The Local Roads Fund fund balance increased by approximately \$690,000 or 11.2 percent. Total revenue and other financing sources was \$4.4 million more than the previous year, while total expenditures and transfers-out was \$5.7 million more than the previous year. The Public Safety Millage Fund fund balance

increased by approximately \$369,000 or 17.3 percent. Total revenue was \$461,000 more than the previous year, while total expenditures were \$143,000 less than the previous year.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The city administration and City Council continuously monitor and amend the budget to reflect unanticipated events that occur during the year.

Differences between the final amended budget and year-end actual numbers can be briefly summarized as follows:

- The approximately \$1.7 million or 2.9 percent increase in total revenue from the final amended budget reflected a net of more than expected licenses and permits, federal grants, state-shared revenue and grants, service charges, fines and forfeitures, investment income, donations, equipment rentals, and miscellaneous revenue, partially offset by less than expected property taxes.
- Transfers in equaled the final amended budget.
- The approximate \$1.5 million or 2.9 percent decrease in total expenditures from the final amended budget reflects a \$497,000 decrease in general government, a \$352,000 decrease in public safety, a \$314,000 decrease in public services, a \$74,000 decrease in community and economic development, and a \$267,000 decrease in recreation and culture activity budgets.
- Transfers out were \$4,000 higher than the final amended budget.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

On June 30, 2019, the City had approximately \$266.1 million in total net capital assets ranging from land, buildings, equipment, technology equipment, and water and sewer lines. The value of infrastructure (roads, sidewalks, drains, water, and sewer) assets included in this report, net of depreciation and exclusive of construction on progress, is approximately \$160.8 million (see Note 5 of the notes to financial statements for additional information).

Debt reported in these financial statements is related to the construction of the above-mentioned infrastructure assets and is reported as a liability on the statement of net position. The City's total debt for governmental activities decreased by \$2.3 million (8.8 percent) during the current fiscal year. The decrease was the result of the payoff of annual maturities on pre-existing debt (see Note 7 of the notes to financial statements for additional information). The City maintained its AAA noninsured rating from Standard & Poor's and Aa1 noninsured rating from Moody's.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The fiscal year 2018-2019 tax rate decreased to 14.5794 mills due to the Headlee rollback on the General Operating, Road Millage, Parks Millage, and Public Safety Millage, partially offset by a small increase in the Refuse Removal Millage. The City's tax base increased by 3.38 percent in fiscal year 2018-2019, and is projected to increase 4.32 percent for fiscal year 2019-2020. Our state equalized value (SEV) will be \$4.4 billion in fiscal year 2019-2020, which is \$947 million more than our taxable value. This is significant because taxes are based on taxable value, not SEV. The tax base is well diversified with residential accounting for 70 percent, commercial 21 percent, industrial 3 percent, and personal property 6 percent. Tax base diversification is further demonstrated by the fact that the top 10 taxpayers combined account for approximately 6.8 percent of the tax roll.

Taxes account for approximately 55 percent of the fiscal year 2019-2020 General Fund budgeted revenue, while state-shared revenue accounts for approximately 14 percent of the fiscal year 2019-2020 General Fund budgeted revenue. The fiscal year 2019-2020 General Fund adopted budget reflects the use of fund balance of \$2.1 million, which includes a continued contribution to the Capital Improvement Program.

On the expense side, the City operates with a relatively small labor force and low personnel costs, while maintaining all city services, with some inflationary cost increases. The City will continue to adjust expenditures through cost savings and efficiencies in fiscal year 2019-2020 to match revenue projections as they are revised.

#### **Contacting the City's Management**

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Steve Barr, Finance Director/Treasurer, City of Farmington Hills, Michigan, 31555 West Eleven Mile Road, Farmington Hills, MI 48336.

### City of Farmington Hills Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Primary Government								
	Governmental Activities			usiness-type Activities	Total		Component Units		
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,241,330	\$	28,557,936	\$	42,799,266	\$ 501		
Investments		50,370,734		45,526,557		95,897,291	2,060,457		
Receivables:									
Customers		1,224,528		9,744,395		10,968,923	-		
Accrued interest and other		22,740		-		22,740	1		
Due from other units of government		3,070,343		-		3,070,343	-		
Internal balances		430,370		(430,370)		-	-		
Due from fiduciary funds		679,764		-		679,764	-		
Inventories		736,599		-		736,599	-		
Prepaid items		867,649		-		867,649	-		
Deposits		377,506		-		377,506	-		
Capital assets not being depreciated		60,708,834		2,402,982		63,111,816	-		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	1	09,042,672		93,978,739		203,021,411			
Total assets		241,773,069		179,780,239		421,553,308	2,060,959		
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred charges on bond refunding		434,760		-		434,760	-		
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability		14,030,772		-		14,030,772	-		
Deferred amount relating to net OPEB liability	_	1,578,973		<u>-</u>		1,578,973			
Total deferred outflows of resources		16,044,505		-		16,044,505	-		

### City of Farmington Hills Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Governme	nt						
		vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total		Component Units	
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	10,403,111	\$	4,718,625		21,736	\$	19,344
Accrued and other liabilities		1,408,209		194,795		03,004		-
Due to other units of government		48,978		33,537		82,515		-
Unearned revenue		11,737		-		11,737		-
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Current portion of compensated absences		2,507,889		-	2,5	07,889		-
Debt due within one year		2,445,000		1,527,255	3,9	72,255		-
Claims due within one year		406,000		-	4	106,000		-
Noncurrent portion of compensated absences		3,137,148		-	3,1	37,148		-
Debt due in more than one year		15,379,185	2	28,552,513	43,9	31,698		-
Net pension liability		50,973,877		-	50,9	73,877		-
Net OPEB liability		1,330,769		-	1,3	30,769		-
Total liabilities		88,051,903	3	35,026,725	123,0	78,628		19,344
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Deferred amount relating to net pension liability		4,348,511		-	4,3	348,511		-
Deferred amount relating to net OPEB liability		647,133		-	6	47,133		-
Total deferred inflows of resources		4,995,644		-	4,9	95,644		-
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	1:	52,362,081	6	66,301,953	218,6	64,034		-
Restricted for:		, ,		, ,	,	,		
Roads		13,851,600		-	13.8	51,600		-
Parks and recreation		884,239		_		84,239		-
Unrestricted (deficit)		(2,327,893)	7	78,451,561		23,668	2,0	041,615
Total net position	<u>\$ 1</u>	64,770,027	<b>\$</b> 14	4,753,514	\$ 309,5	23,541	\$ 2,0	041,615

#### City of Farmington Hills Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Prog	gram Revenue	S						
					Operating	Capita	al	P	rimary Governme	nt		
	Expenses		Charges for Services		Grants and Contributions	Grants a	and	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	С	omponent Units
Functions/Programs												
Primary government Governmental activities:												
General government	\$ 17,593,11		7,827,566	\$	651,493	\$	-	\$ (9,114,055)	\$ -	\$ (9,114,055)	\$	=
Public safety	38,570,73		2,332,747		357,046		-	(35,880,943)	-	(35,880,943)		-
Public works	27,456,94		3,809,043		10,187,666		-	(13,460,237)	-	(13,460,237)		-
Community and economic development Recreation and culture	1,925,34		4,840,888		271,457 855,277		-	(1,653,886)	-	(1,653,886)		-
	8,664,04 470,28		4,040,000		655,277		-	(2,967,877) (470,284)	-	(2,967,877) (470,284)		-
Interest and fiscal charges on long-term debt  Total governmental activities	94,680,46		18,810,244		10 222 020		<u> </u>		<u>-</u>			<u> </u>
Business-type activities - Water and Sewer	31,040,68		29,546,893		12,322,939	71	3,391	(63,547,282)	(780,401)	(63,547,282) (780,401)		-
				ф.	40.000.000			(62 547 202)				<u> </u>
Total primary government	\$ 125,721,15	<u> </u>	48,357,137	\$	12,322,939	\$ 713	3,391	(63,547,282)	(780,401)	(64,327,683)	_	-
Component units												
Economic Development Corporation	\$ -	\$	500	\$	-	\$	-	-	-	-		500
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	12,00		-		2,000		-	-	-	-		(10,000)
Corridor Improvement Authority	3,50	<u> </u>		_								(3,500)
Total component units	\$ 15,50	2 \$	500	\$	2,000	\$	-	<u> </u>				(13,000)
	General reven											
	Property tax							50,044,486	=	50,044,486		324,281
	State-share							8,589,005	4 005 405	8,589,005		40.450
			stment earning	JS				1,872,340 144,963	1,825,495	3,697,835 144,963		48,453
	Miscellaneo		apital assets					680,257	-	680,257		-
	Special items	us						(8,982,681)	<u>-</u>	(8,982,681)		-
	Special items							(0,302,001)		(0,902,001)		
	Total general re	even	ues and specia	l ite	ms			52,348,370	1,825,495	54,173,865		372,734
	Change in net	posi	ion					(11,198,912)	1,045,094	(10,153,818)		359,734
	Net position -	oegir	ning of year					175,968,939	143,708,420	319,677,359		1,681,881
	Net position -	end c	of year					\$ 164,770,027	\$ 144,753,514	\$ 309,523,541	\$	2,041,615

## City of Farmington Hills Governmental Funds

#### Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

	 General	Major Roads Local Roads Public Safety I Fund Fund Millage Fund		•	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds			
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11,000,189	\$	1,995,673	\$ 584,215	\$	107,807	\$ 553,446	\$	14,241,330
Investments	22,947,314		6,190,088	11,526,040		3,269,874	6,437,418		50,370,734
Receivables:									
Other receivables	722,872		158,350	1,033		-	342,273		1,224,528
Accrued interest and other	-		3,286	18,366		177	911		22,740
Due from other units of government	1,325,758		1,292,630	387,478		-	64,477		3,070,343
Due from fiduciary funds	679,764		-	-		-	-		679,764
Due from other funds	2,077,278		-	40,401		-	194,756		2,312,435
Prepaid items	867,649		-	· -		-	-		867,649
Deposits	 377,506			 <u>-</u>		-	 		377,506
Total assets	\$ 39,998,330	\$	9,640,027	\$ 12,557,533	\$	3,377,858	\$ 7,593,281	\$	73,167,029

## City of Farmington Hills Governmental Funds

#### Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2019

Liabilities		General	Major Roads Fund			ocal Roads Fund		ublic Safety illage Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
Accounts payable	\$	1,295,622	\$	2,306,615	\$	5,282,928	\$	_	\$	1,517,946	\$	10,403,111	
Accrued and other liabilities	Ψ	1,294,083	Ψ	2,000,010	Ψ	5,202,520	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,517,540	Ψ	1,294,083	
Due to other funds		58,756		365,399		417,901		876,281		163,728		1,882,065	
Unearned revenue		-		11,711		-		-		26		11,737	
Total liabilities		2,648,461	_	2,683,725		5,700,829		876,281		1,681,700		13,590,996	
Deferred Inflows of Resources													
Unavailable grant revenue		-		185,542		-		-		8,230		193,772	
Miscellaneous		83,759				-				-		83,759	
Total deferred inflows of resources		83,759		185,542						8,230		277,531	
Fund Balances													
Non-spendable:													
Prepaid items		867,649		-		-		-		-		867,649	
Restricted for:													
Roads		-		6,770,760		6,856,704		-		38,594		13,666,058	
Police and fire		-		-		-		2,501,577		1,065,434		3,567,011	
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-		884,239		884,239	
Assigned:													
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		3,768,298		3,768,298	
Debt service		-		-		-		-		146,786		146,786	
Future expenditures		20,714,136		-		-		-		-		20,714,136	
Unassigned		15,684,325		-						-		15,684,325	
Total fund balances		37,266,110		6,770,760		6,856,704		2,501,577		5,903,351		59,298,502	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of	<b>c</b>	20 000 220	ф	0.640.007	ф	10 557 500	φ	2 277 050	φ	7 502 204	¢	72 167 020	
resources and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	39,998,330	\$	9,640,027	\$	12,557,533	\$	3,377,858	<u>\$</u>	7,593,281	\$	73,167,029	

# City of Farmington Hills Governmental Funds

#### **Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds** to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2019

Total fund balances for governmental funds	\$ 59,298,502
Total net position for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Inventories used in governmental activities are reported on the purchase method in the funds.	736,599
Capital assets net of accumulated depreciation used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	109,042,672
Capital assets not being depreciated used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	60,708,834
Certain receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore are deferred in the funds.	277,531
Deferred charges on bond refundings are amortized over the related bond terms and are not reported in the funds	434,760
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds. Accrued interest Compensated absences Claims and judgments	(114,126) (5,645,037) (406,000)
Deferred outflows (inflows) of resources.  Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net pension liability  Deferred inflows of resources resulting from net OPEB liability  Deferred outflows of resources resulting from net pension liability  Deferred outflows of resources resulting from net OPEB liability	(4,348,511) (647,133) 14,030,772 1,578,973
Long-term liabilities applicable to governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities.  Bonds and notes payable  Net pension liability  Net OPEB liability	(17,824,185) (50,973,877) (1,330,769)
Amounts due to Oakland County for drain projects are not included as a liability in the governmental funds	(48,978)
Net position of governmental activities  See Accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	\$ 164,770,027

#### **Governmental Funds**

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	General		Major Roads Fund		ocal Roads Fund	Public Safety Millage Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmenta Funds	
Revenues	 _				_			_		_
Property taxes	\$ 31,779,255	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 10,245,362	\$	8,019,869	\$	50,044,486
Special assessments	-		-		899,599	-		502,673		1,402,272
Licenses and permits	1,783,163		-		-	-		-		1,783,163
Federal grants	189,363		220,732		-	-		553,084		963,179
State and other sources	8,559,660		6,538,379		3,223,181	275,737		756,375		19,353,332
Local contributions	-		15,367		-	-		159,005		174,372
Charges for services	11,407,257		-		-	-		-		11,407,257
Fines and forfeitures	2,197,948		-		-	-		-		2,197,948
Interest income	1,007,406		178,796		375,624	172,982		381,278		2,116,086
Other revenue:										
Other grants and contributions	49,555		-		-	-		-		49,555
Equipment rental	1,559,645		-		-	-		-		1,559,645
Other miscellaneous income	 1,006,671	-	257					261,048		1,267,976
Total revenues	 59,539,923		6,953,531		4,498,404	10,694,081		10,633,332		92,319,271

#### **Governmental Funds**

#### Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		General	M	lajor Roads Fund	L	ocal Roads Fund		ublic Safety lillage Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Expenditures												
Current:	•		•		•				_			
General government	\$	12,895,593	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	750	\$	12,896,343
Public safety		20,414,816		-		-		10,324,826		86,210		30,825,852
Public works		7,476,453		10,824,687		9,632,161		-		240,829		28,174,130
Community and economic development		1,651,998		-		-		-		272,659		1,924,657
Recreation and culture		8,088,515		-		-		-		553,799		8,642,314
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		7,618,681		7,618,681
Debt service	_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>		954,713		<u> </u>		1,891,188		2,845,901
Total expenditures		50,527,375		10,824,687	_	10,586,874		10,324,826	_	10,664,116	_	92,927,878
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		9,012,548		(3,871,156)		(6,088,470)		369,255		(30,784)		(608,607)
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers in		1,307,850		4,425,762		7,035,292		_		9,981,912		22,750,816
Transfers out		(8,194,944)		-		(256,913)		_		(14,298,959)		(22,750,816)
Sale of fixed assets		114,498		-		(=00,010)		-		70,897		185,395
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				-		-		<u>,                                      </u>		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Total other financing sources and uses		(6,772,596)		4,425,762		6,778,379		-		(4,246,150)		185,395
<b>G</b>												
Net change in fund balance		2,239,952		554,606		689,909		369,255		(4,276,934)		(423,212)
Fund balance - beginning of year		35,026,158		6,216,154	_	6,166,795	_	2,132,322	_	10,180,285		59,721,714
Fund balance - end of year	\$	37,266,110	\$	6,770,760	\$	6,856,704	\$	2,501,577	\$	5,903,351	\$	59,298,502

#### **Governmental Funds**

# Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (423,212)
Total change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report inventory purchases and prepaid items as expenditures. However in the statement of activities purchases are recognized as inventory and expensed when consumed.	16,772
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.  Depreciation expense Capital outlay Sale of capital assets (net book value)	(8,657,679) 15,913,541 (40,432)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.	(8,982,681)
Expenses are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities.  Accrued interest  Compensated absences  Claims and judgments  Changes in the amount due to Oakland County for drain projects not included as a liability in the governmental funds	12,668 (250,808) 138,000 (30,236)
The statement of net position reports the net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the net pension liability and pension expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual pension contributions.  Net change in net pension liability  Net change in the deferred inflow of resources related to the net pension liability  Net change in the deferred outflow of resources related to the net pension liability	(11,724,319) (1,997,823) 8,041,776
The statement of net position reports the net OPEB liability and deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows related to the net OPEB liability and pension expense. However, the amount recorded on the governmental funds equals actual OPEB contributions.  Net change in net OPEB liability  Net change in the deferred inflow of resources related to the net OPEB liability  Net change in the deferred outflow of resources related to the net OPEB liability	(7,124,477) (1,990) 1,549,039
Bond proceeds are reported as financing sources in the governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the statement of net position.  Repayments of long-term debt including premium amortization  Amortization deferred outflows related to debt refundings	2,416,890 (53,941)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ (11,198,912)

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund	
	Wa	ter and Sewer
Assets		
Current assets:	•	00 557 000
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	28,557,936 45,526,557
Receivables		9,744,395
Due from other funds		30,066
Total current assets		83,858,954
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets not being depreciated		2,402,982
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		93,978,739
Total noncurrent assets		96,381,721
Total assets		180,240,675
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable		4,718,625
Accrued and other liabilities  Due to other funds		194,795 460,436
Due to other units of government		33,537
Current portion of noncurrent liabilities		1,527,255
Total current liabilities		6,934,648
Total current nabilities		0,934,040
Noncurrent liabilities:		00 550 540
Long-term debt net of current portion		28,552,513
Total liabilities		35,487,161
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets		66,301,953
Unrestricted		78,451,561
Total net position	\$	144,753,514

### **Proprietary Funds**

### Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position

For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund
Operating revenue	Water and Sewer
Sale of water Sewage disposal charges Other operating revenue	\$ 13,118,227 11,593,758 2,424,816
Total operating revenue	27,136,801
Operating expenses Cost of water Cost of sewage treatment Other operating and maintenance costs Billing and administrative costs Depreciation	9,777,611 9,684,153 4,921,434 1,192,123 4,484,838
Total operating expenses	30,060,159
Operating loss	(2,923,358)
Nonoperating revenue (expenses) Interest income Interest expense Debt service charge	1,825,495 (980,526) 2,410,092
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	3,255,061
Income before capital contributions	331,703
Tap-in fees Lines donated by developers	245,000 468,391
Change in net position	1,045,094
Net position - beginning of year	143,708,420
Net position - end of year	\$ 144,753,514

### **Proprietary Funds**

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Enterprise Fund
Cook flows from operating activities	Water and Sewer
Cash flows from operating activities Receipts from customers Receipts from other funds Payments to suppliers	\$ 26,879,414 390,923 (25,250,774)
Net cash provided by operating activities	2,019,563
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities Proceeds from capital debt Tap-in fees and other Purchases/construction of capital assets Principal and interest paid on long-term debt Debt service charge Proceeds from sale of capital assets	174,036 245,000 (2,327,350) (2,459,196) 2,410,092 4,100
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(1,953,318)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchases of investments Interest received	(15,844,633) 1,825,495
Net cash used by investing activities	(14,019,138)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(13,952,893)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year	42,510,829
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$ 28,557,936

### **Proprietary Funds**

### **Statement of Cash Flows**

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Ente	erprise Fund
	Wate	er and Sewer
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities  Operating loss  Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash	\$	(2,923,358)
from operating activities:  Depreciation expense		4,484,838
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables Due from other funds		(257,387) (30,066)
Prepaid items Accounts payable		103,057 121,880
Accrued and other liabilities  Due to other funds		192,958 420,989
Due to other units of government		(93,348)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	2,019,563
Noncash transactions - lines donated by developers	\$	468,391

# City of Farmington Hills Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	Emp	Pension and Other Post loyment Benefit Trust Funds	Agency Funds
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,439,268	\$ 540,196
Investments:		4.40.400.00.4	
Equities		142,430,204	-
Fixed income Other		21,548,671	5,257,907
Receivables		60,859,302 112,609	2 412
Due from other funds		85,647	2,413
Due nom other failus		00,017	 
Total assets		236,475,701	\$ 5,800,516
Liabilities			
Accounts payable		213,225	\$ -
Other liabilities		-	1,470,375
Due to other funds		85,647	-
Due to primary government		679,764	-
Refundable deposits and bonds			 4,330,141
Total liabilities		978,636	\$ 5,800,516
Net Position			
Held in trust for pension benefits and other post employment benefits	<u>\$</u>	235,497,065	

# City of Farmington Hills Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Pension and Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Funds
Additions Contributions:	
Employer	\$ 6,529,882
Employee	1,155,271
Total contributions	7,685,153
Investment earnings	
Interest and dividends	4,403,012
Net change in fair value of investments	7,348,159
Total investment earnings	11,751,171
Less investment expense	(1,967,642)
Net investment earnings	9,783,529
Total additions	17,468,682
Deductions	
Benefit payments	14,668,202
Refunds of contributions	82,341
Total deductions	14,750,543
Change in net position	2,718,139
Net position restricted for pension and other post employment benefits - beginning of year	232,778,926
Net position restricted for pension and other post employment benefits - end of year	\$ 235,497,065

# Component Units Statement of Net Position June 30, 2019

	Deve	nomic lopment oration	Red	Brownfield development Authority	Imp	Corridor provement authority		Total
Assets	•	504	Φ.		Φ.		Φ.	504
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	501 331	\$	- 1,918,433	\$	- 141,693	\$	501 2,060,457
Receivables:		331		1,910,433		141,093		2,000,457
Accrued interest and other		1						1
Total assets		833		1,918,433		141,693		2,060,959
Liabilities								
Accounts payable						19,344		19,344
Net Position								
Unrestricted	\$	833	\$	1,918,433	\$	122,349	\$	2,041,615

### Component Units Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

				Р	rogra	m Revenu	ies		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							
			Cho			Operating Capital		Economic		Brownfield		Corridor				
	Ex			Charges for Grants and Contributions			Grants and Contributions		Development Corporation		Redevelopment Authority		Improvement Authority		Total	
Functions/Programs Economic Development																
Corporation Brownfield Redevelopment	\$	-	\$	500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	500	\$	-	\$	-	\$	500
Authority Corridor Improvement Authority		12,000 3,500		-		2,000		-		-		(10,000)		(3,500)		(10,000) (3,500)
Total component units	\$	15,500	\$	500	\$	2,000	\$	-		500		(10,000)	_	(3,500)		(13,000)
General revenues Property taxes Unrestricted investment earnings									- 11		311,838 45,154		12,443 3,288		324,281 48,453	
	To	tal genera	al reve	enues						11		356,992		15,731		372,734
	Cha	ange in ne	t posi	tion						511		346,992		12,231		359,734
	Net	position -	begir	nning of	year					322		1,571,441		110,118		1,681,881
	Net	position -	end o	of year					\$	833	\$	1,918,433	\$	122,349	\$	2,041,615

### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### **Reporting entity**

The City of Farmington Hills (the "City") is governed by an elected seven-member Council. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legal separate entities, in substance, they are part of the government's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the government (see discussion below for description).

Blended Component Units – The Farmington Hills Building Authority (the "Authority") is governed by a board appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings. The operations of the Authority are reported as a nonmajor debt service fund.

Discretely Presented Component Units – The following component units are reported within the component units column in the financial statements. They are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The component units do not issue separate financial statements. However, the City's basic financial statements include the statement of net position and the activities of the component units. For all component units, the fund-based statements are the same as the government-wide level because there are no differences resulting from the different basis of accounting. Therefore, fund-based statements are not presented.

Economic Development Corporation – The Economic Development Corporation (the "EDC") was created to encourage and assist commercial and industrial enterprises to locate and expand facilities and services to the City and its residents. The EDC's governing body, which consists of nine individuals, is

appointed by the City Council. In certain situations, members of the EDC board of directors may be removed by a majority vote of the City Council.

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority – The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (the "BRA") was created to facilitate the implementation of plans for the identification, treatment, and revitalization of environmentally distressed areas within the City designated as Brownfield Redevelopment Zones. The BRA's governing board of directors, consisting of nine members, is appointed by the mayor subject to approval by the City Council. In certain situations, members of the BRA board of directors may be removed by formal action of the City Council.

Corridor Improvement Authority – The Corridor Improvement Authority (the "CIA") was established to help correct and prevent deterioration in commercial corridor business districts, encourage historical preservation, and promote the economic growth of the districts. The CIA's governing body, consisting of seven members, is appointed by the mayor, subject to approval by the City Council. In certain situations, members of the CIA board of directors may be removed by formal action of the City Council.

The City is party to the following jointly governed organizations:

The City participates in the Michigan 47th District Court Administration Fund with the City of Farmington, Michigan. The City provides approximately 83.92 percent of the funding for the Michigan 47th District Court Administration Fund.

In addition, the City is a member of the Resource Recovery and Recycling Authority of Southwest Oakland County (the "Recycling Authority"). The Recycling Authority is incorporated by the cities of Farmington, Farmington Hills, Novi, South Lyon, Southfield, Walled Lake, and Wixom, Michigan and the Charter Township of

Lyon. The joint venture receives its operating revenue from member contributions and miscellaneous income.

The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments of any of the above joint ventures in the near future.

Complete financial statements for the 47th District Court Administration Fund and Resource Recovery and Recycling Authority of Southwest Oakland County can be obtained from the administrative offices at 31555 W. 11 Mile Road, Farmington Hills, MI 48336.

#### **Government-wide and fund financial statements**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. *Government activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the *primary government* is reported separately from certain legally separate *component units* for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segments are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

### Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. For compensated absences related to employees that have been terminated by year-end, an accrual is made in the General Fund.

Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of

the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources used to provide general government services, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Major Roads Fund – The Major Roads Fund accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenue that is restricted for use on major streets. The fund is operated under the provisions of Michigan's Act 51 of the Public Acts of 1951, as amended.

Local Roads Fund – The Local Roads Fund accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenue that is restricted for use on local streets. The fund is operated under the provisions of Michigan's Act 51 of the Public Acts of 1951, as amended.

Public Safety Millage Fund – The Public Safety Millage Fund accounts for police and fire department staffing and equipment needs of the City. Financing is provided by a dedicated millage adopted by the electorate of the City.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water and Sewer Fund – The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activity of the water distribution and sewage collection systems administered by Oakland County, Michigan.

Additionally, the government reports the following fiduciary funds:

Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Funds – The Pension and Other Post Employment Benefits Trust Funds account for the activities of the employee benefit plans that accumulate resources for pension and other post employment benefit payments to qualified employees. Separately issued financial statements may be obtained at City hall, located at 31555 West Eleven Mile Road, Farmington Hills, MI 48336.

Agency Funds – The agency funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, organizations, or other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. They record primarily tax collections received and remitted to other units of government (the county, community college, school districts, etc.), as well as building bonds and deposits held for temporary periods.

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the sewer and water funds and the internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The government also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for sewer and water funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### Assets, liabilities, and net position or equity

Cash and cash equivalents – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired.

Investments – Investments are reported at fair value or estimated fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or

international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market value are reported at estimated fair value, as determined by management.

Receivables and payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of a lending/borrowing arrangement outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. The City considers all accounts receivable to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded.

Property tax revenue – Property taxes are levied on each July 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. The related property taxes are billed on July 1 and become a lien at that time. These taxes are payable at the City until August 31 without penalty. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The City's 2018 property tax revenue was levied and collectible on July 1, 2018 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2019 when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2018 final amended taxable valuation of the City totaled \$3,285,171,610, on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of 8.2543 mills for operating purposes, 0.4781 mills for parks and recreation, 0.7608 mills for refuse, 0.0151 mills for public information, 1.9593 for roads, and 3.1118 mills for public safety. This resulted in

approximately \$27,117,000 for operations, \$1,571,000 for parks and recreation, \$2,500,000 for refuse, \$50,000 for public information, \$6,437,000 for roads, and \$10,223,000 for public safety. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, special revenue fund, and debt service fund financial statements as tax revenue, subsequent to Brownfield captures.

Inventories and prepaid items – Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital assets – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, water and sewer distribution systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or extend its useful life beyond the original estimate.

Infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Capital Asset Class	Useful Life
Roads and sidewalks	20 to 50 years
Water and sewer distribution systems	40 to 50 years
Drains	50 years
Land improvements	15 to 30 years
Buildings and building improvements	30 to 50 years
Vehicles	3 to 5 years
Machinery and equipment	7 to 20 years
Office equipment and furniture	5 to 7 years

Deferred outflows of resources – A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The City reports deferred outflows of resources as a result of pension and OPEB earnings. This amount is the result of a difference between what the plans expected to earn from plan investments and what is actually earned. This amount will be amortized over the next four years and included in pension and OPEB expense. Changes in assumptions and experience differences relating to the net pension liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plan. Deferred amounts on bond refundings are included in the government-wide financial statements. The amounts represent the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the prior debt.

Compensated absences – It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. The government-wide and proprietary statements accrue all vacation, sick, and personal pay as it is earned. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year-end. All other accrued compensated absences are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In prior years, the General

Fund has been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

Long-term obligations – In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances as an "other financing source," as well as bond premiums and discounts. Long-term obligations are typically liquidated by the applicable debt service funds, the Local Roads Fund, and the Water and Sewer Fund.

Pensions – The City offers pension benefits to retirees. The City records a net pension liability for the difference between the total pension liability calculated by the actuary and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plan and additions to/deductions from the pension plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The contributions made to the pensions to fund the liability will be made by the fund from which the employee's salary and wage was earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post employment Benefits (OPEB) – The City offers retiree healthcare benefits to retirees. The City records a net OPEB asset or

liability for the difference between the total OPEB liability calculated by the actuary and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net OPEB asset or liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the OPEB plan and additions to/deductions from the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the OPEB plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The contributions made to the pensions to fund the liability will be made by the fund which the employee's salary and wage was earned. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred inflows of resources – A deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental funds this includes unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Changes in assumptions and experience differences relating to the net pension and OPEB liability are deferred and amortized over the expected remaining services lives of the employees and retirees in the plan.

Net position flow assumption – The City will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund balance flow assumption – The City will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted

resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund balance policies – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council has, by resolution, authorized the finance director and the city manager to assign fund balance. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally

only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **Adoption of New Accounting Standards**

Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements improves the information that is disclosed in notes to the financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities should be included when disclosing information related to debt. It requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. It will also require that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

Notes to the Financial Statements
June 30, 2019

### **Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes**

Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* improves the guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The criteria generally is on (1) is the government controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. The four fiduciary funds that should be reported, if applicable: (1) pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, (2) investment trust funds, (3) private-purpose trust funds, and (4) custodial funds. Custodial funds generally will report fiduciary activities that are not held in a trust or similar arrangement that meets specific criteria. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

Statement No. 87, *Leases* increases the usefulness of the financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. A lessee will be required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use a lease asset, and a lessor will be required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about leasing activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period enhances the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. It requires that interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end

of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reporting in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. Interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period should be recognized as an expenditure for financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests* improves the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and improves the relevance of financial statement information for certain components. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2020.

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. This Statement achieves those objectives by clarifying the existing definition of a conduit debt obligation; establishing that a conduit debt obligation is not a liability of the issuer; establishing standards for accounting and financial reporting of additional commitments and voluntary commitments extended by issuers and arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations; and improving required note disclosures. This statement is effective for the year ending June 30, 2022.

The City is evaluating the impact that the above GASB Statements will have on its financial reporting.

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

#### **Budgetary information**

The City adopts a formal budget for the General Fund and all special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects funds. By February 1 of each year, all department heads submit spending requests to the finance director so that a budget may be prepared.

The proposed budget is adopted no later than the first regular council meeting in June. The City Council must approve any budget amendments. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budget is adopted on a departmental and activity total basis. Although spending estimates are produced for each line item, budgetary control is exercised at the activity level. The city manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within budgetary centers (activity); however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any budgetary expenditure (activity) must be approved by the City Council. Expenditures at this level in excess of budget appropriation are a violation of Michigan law. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts (or purchase orders) for goods or services. Encumbrances are not included as expenditures or liabilities; the amount of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2019 for all funds is not significant. The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Comparison schedules are presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget.

The budget information for revenue and expenditures presented for the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects funds is a summarization of the actual adopted budget. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations that were adopted. Budget appropriations lapse at year-end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. A comparison of the adopted budget with the actual revenue and expenditures for the year is presented as required supplementary information.

#### **Excess of expenditures over appropriations**

During the year, the City incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted for various purposes as described below:

	Арр	propriations	_	Actual	Budget Variance		
General Fund							
Transfers out	\$	8,190,954	\$	8,194,944	\$ 3,99	0	
Local Roads Fund							
Public works		7,853,036		9,632,161	1,779,12	25	
Nutrition Grant Fund		502,829		553,799	50,97	0	
Special Assessments Fund							
- Local Roads							
Transfers out		540,417		2,075,397	1,534,98	0	
Deferred Special							
Assessments Fund							
Transfers out		-		53,796	53,79	6	
Revolving Special							
Assessments Fund							
Transfers out		-		3,221,516	3,221,51	6	

#### **Construction code fees**

The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative shortfall generated since July 1, 2000 is as follows:

Shortfall at July 1, 2018		\$ (1,991,900)
Current year permit revenue Related expenses Direct costs Estimated indirect costs	(993,620) (208,897)	1,663,448
Total related expenses		 (1,202,517)
Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2019		\$ (1,530,969)

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the state of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The pension trust fund and retiree healthcare fund are also authorized by Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

The City has designated nine banks/advisors for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the City Council in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all investments allowable under the state statutory authority, as listed above. The City's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority. As noted below, the City participates in the Oakland County, Michigan local government investment pool. This investment pool is not subject to regulatory oversight, is not registered with the SEC, and does not issue a separate financial report.

At year-end, the City's deposits and investments were reported in the financial statements in the following categories:

	 ash and Cash Equivalents	 Investments	 Total
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 14,241,330 28,557,936	\$ 50,370,734 45,526,557	\$ 64,612,064 74,084,493
Total	42,799,266	95,897,291	138,696,557
Fiduciary funds	11,979,464	230,096,084	242,075,548
Component unit	 501	 2,060,457	 2,060,958
Total	\$ 54,779,231	\$ 328,053,832	\$ 382,833,063

The breakdown between deposits and investments is as follows:

	Primary				C	component			
	C	Sovernment	Fi	duciary Funds		Unit		Total	
Bank deposits (checking and savings accounts, money markets and certificates of deposit)	\$	42,792,826	\$	11,979,464	\$	501	\$	54,772,791	
Investments in securities, mutual funds and similar vehicles		95,897,291		230,096,084		2,060,457		328,053,832	
Petty cash and cash on hand	_	6,440	_				_	6,440	
	\$	138,696,557	\$	242,075,548	\$	2,060,958	\$	382,833,063	

As of year-end, the City had the following investments:

Investment	 Fair Value	Weighted- average Maturity	Rating	Rating Organization
U.S. Treasury and U.S. agency notes Commercial paper Municipal bonds MI CLASS Investment Pool Oakland County LGIP	\$ 50,484,553 29,533,742 3,297,958 13,576,438 6,322,964	240 days 103 days 675 days 65 days 260 days	Aaa P-1 Aa-1 AAAm Not Rated	Moody's Moody's Moody's S&P N/A
Total	\$ 103,215,655			

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial credit risk of bank deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy strives to minimize custodial credit risk by prequalifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, and intermediaries with which the City does business. At year-end, the City had \$42,837,148 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

Interest rate risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. City policy – The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities other than commercial paper, which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity. Retirement and healthcare system policy – Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The retirement system's

investment policy does not restrict investment maturities. The retirement system allows for actively managed investments in domestic large-cap equities, domestic small/mid-cap equities, domestic fixed income, and international equities. At year-end, the retirement system did not hold any investments subject to interest rate risk.

Credit risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. City policy - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. Retirement and healthcare system policy - The retirement system and healthcare systems' domestic equity investments must be common stocks, real estate investment trusts, and securities convertible into the common stock of U.S.-based companies. Domestic fixed-income investments must be securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies, U.S. corporations, Yankee bonds, notes, and securitized mortgages. Fixed-income securities must be rated BBB- or higher at time of purchase, except for collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), asset-backed securities, and mortgage-backed securities that shall be rated AAA at time of purchase. International securities must be in American Depository Receipts (ADRs) or American Depository Shares (ADSs) or depository securities of non-U.S.-based companies traded in the United States. These investments are deemed allowable by the retirement and healthcare system investment policy.

Concentration of credit risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the investments in a single issuer. Retirement system – The City is authorized by the State's Pension Investment Act to invest in common stocks, real estate, and various other investment vehicles, subject to certain limitations. As of yearend, the plan had multiple investments, which consisted mostly of pooled investments that exceeded 5.00 percent of the total portfolio. The plan had 16.18 percent invested in Loomis Core Plus, 10.62

percent in Edgewood Growth Institutional Fund, and 9.51 percent in Vanguard Institutional Index Fund. Healthcare system – The City is authorized by the State's Pension Investment Act to invest in common stocks, real estate, and various other investment vehicles, subject to certain limitations. As of year-end, the plan had multiple investments, which consisted mostly of pooled investments that exceeded 5.00 percent of the total portfolio. The plan had 15.28 percent invested in Natixis Loomis Sayles Investment Grade Bond Fund, 10.87 percent invested in Edgewood Growth Institutional Fund, and 10.50 percent invested in Vanguard Institutional Index Fund.

Risks and uncertainties – The City invests in various securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the balance sheet. There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost.

#### Note 4 - Fair Value Measurements

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The City's assessment of the significance

of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset.

	Α	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		gnificant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Inobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Jı	Balance at une 30, 2019
Equities								
Common stock	\$	55,480,848	\$	-	\$	-	\$	55,480,848
Foreign common stock		, , , <u>-</u>		14,390,062		-		14,390,062
Mutual funds		46,182,741		· · · -		-		46,182,741
American depositary receipts		, , , , <sub>-</sub>		26,376,553		-		26,376,553
Total equities		101,663,589	_	40,766,615				142,430,204
Fixed income								
U.S. Treasury/Agency securities		-		50,484,553		-		50,484,553
Commercial paper		-		29,533,742		-		29,533,742
Municipal bonds		-		3,297,958		-		3,297,958
Mutual fund - corporate bonds		21,548,671				<u> </u>		21,548,671
Total fixed income		21,548,671		83,316,253		<u> </u>		104,864,924
Other investments								
Private equity funds	_	-	_	-	_	48,384,696		48,384,696
Total investments by fair value level	\$	123,212,260	\$	124,082,868	\$	48,384,696		295,679,824
Investments measured at net asset	val	ue (NAV)						
Pooled equity funds								12,474,606
External investment pools								19,899,402
Total investments measured at NA	٩V						_	32,374,008
Total investments							\$	328,053,832

Debt and equity securities classified in Level 1 are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

The fair value of U.S. Treasury securities and agency bonds at June 30, 2019 was determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The City estimates the fair value of these investments using other inputs, such as interest rates and yield curves, which are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

The fair value of ADRs and U.S.-held foreign stocks at June 30, 2019 was determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The City estimates

the fair value of these investments using other inputs, such as the underlying security "best" price and exchange rate for the underlying security's currency against the U.S. dollar.

The fair value of private equity funds and partnership interests at June 30, 2019 was determined primarily based on Level 3 inputs. The City estimates the fair value of these investments using the fund's fair value, which would be defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Unfunded commitments on the private equity funds total \$19,077,229.

The City has investments in commercial paper in the amount of \$29,533,742 that meet the criteria to be valued at cost or amortized cost at June 30, 2019.

Investments in entities that calculate net asset value per share – The City holds shares or interests in investment companies whereby the fair value of the investments is measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient and is presented in the following table.

As of June 30, 2019, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

	Fair Value	Redemption Frequency	Redemption Notice Period
Pinehurst Institutional Fund Ltd	\$ 8,125,866	Quarterly, subject to a 25% investor level gate on March 31, June 30, and September 30.	100 days
Entrust Special Opportunities Fund III Ltd	3,493,367	Any time after the end of the commitment period	95 days
Entrust Capital Diversified Fund Ltd Class X	855,373	None permitted	N/A
Total pooled equity funds	12,474,606		
External investment pools	19,899,402	N/A	N/A
Total investments measured at NAV	\$32,374,008		

The pooled equity funds includes funds that invest in equity long/short hedge fund class, event-driven hedge fund class, global opportunities hedge fund class, and multistrategy hedge funds class. The fair values of the investments in this class have been estimated using net asset value per share of the investments.

The external investment pools include funds that invest in debt securities that include high-quality government, mortgage-backed, commercial mortgage-backed, and asset-backed securities. The fair value of the investments in this class has been estimated using the net asset value per share of the investments. There are no unfunded commitments or redemption restrictions.

The private equity funds class includes several private equity funds that invest in infrastructure, energy, shipping, real estate, and corporate debt securities.

Additional information for the pension and healthcare plan investments can be found in the separately issued financial statements.

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity of the primary government for the current year is as follows:

	Beginning Balance			Increases	_	Decreases	Transfers			Ending Balance
Governmental activities										
Capital assets not being depreciated	Φ	10 707 017	Φ.	700 545	Φ.		Φ		Φ	47 507 500
Land	\$	16,797,017	\$	790,515	\$	-	\$	(40,444,540)	\$	17,587,532
Construction in progress		14,932,170		7,068,742		-		(10,441,540)		11,559,372
Right of way		31,561,930		7.050.057	_	<u> </u>		(40, 444, 540)		31,561,930
Total capital assets not being depreciated		63,291,117		7,859,257	_			(10,441,540)		60,708,834
Capital assets being depreciated										
Sidewalks		15,006,084		71,705		-		178,295		15,256,084
Drain rights		18,635,078		1,588,888		-		-		20,223,966
Buildings and improvements		64,810,229		25,490		8,081		-		64,827,638
Machinery and equipment		16,127,130		710,763		1,159,274		-		15,678,619
Vehicles		16,659,243		1,727,906		962,463		1,083,813		18,508,499
Office furnishings		4,098,479		84,110		623,492		-		3,559,097
Land improvements		20,754,197		281,615		12,485		21,169		21,044,496
Major roads		70,419,610		3,543,754		-		-		73,963,364
Local roads		88,143,563		20,053	_	-		9,158,263		97,321,879
Total capital assets being depreciated		314,653,613		8,054,284	_	2,765,795		10,441,540		330,383,642
Less accumulated depreciation for										
Sidewalks		10,303,880		323,399		-		-		10,627,279
Drain rights		9,137,882		388,591		-		-		9,526,473
Buildings and improvements		37,847,436		1,491,316		8,081		-		39,330,671
Machinery and equipment		12,143,986		660,919		1,154,483		-		11,650,422
Vehicles		9,550,573		1,529,921		926,822		-		10,153,672
Office furnishings		3,793,303		111,725		623,492		-		3,281,536
Land improvements		16,412,870		598,223		12,485		-		16,998,608
Major roads		43,631,505		2,117,954		-		-		45,749,459
Local roads		72,587,219		1,435,631	_			-		74,022,850
Total accumulated depreciation		215,408,654		8,657,679	_	2,725,363				221,340,970
Net capital assets being depreciated		99,244,959		(603,395)	_	40,432		10,441,540		109,042,672
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	162,536,076	\$	7,255,862	\$	40,432	\$	-	\$	169,751,506

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Business-type activities Capital assets not being depreciated Construction in progress	\$ 1,099,062	\$ 2,385,741	\$ 4,100	\$ (1,077,721)	\$ 2,402,982
Capital assets being depreciated Sewage disposal system Water and sewer lines Total capital assets being depreciated	96,782,346 113,970,989 210,753,335	124,500 285,500 410,000	- - -	1,077,721 1,077,721	96,906,846 115,334,210 212,241,056
Less accumulated depreciation for Sewage disposal system Water and sewer lines Total accumulated depreciation Net capital assets being depreciated Business-type capital assets, net	63,331,916 50,445,563 113,777,479 96,975,856 \$ 98,074,918	1,691,221 2,793,617 4,484,838 (4,074,838) \$ (1,689,097)	- - - - - \$ 4,100	- - - - 1,077,721 \$ -	65,023,137 53,239,180 118,262,317 93,978,739 \$ 96,381,721

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities	
General government	\$ 1,046,590
Public safety	1,399,431
Public services	4,950,920
Recreation and culture	1,260,738
Total governmental activities	8,657,679
Business-type activities	
Water and sewer	4,484,838
Total primary government	<u>\$13,142,517</u>

### **Construction Commitments**

The City has active construction projects at year-end. The projects include road improvements and water main improvements that were budgeted for and planned. At year-end, the City's commitments are as follows:

	Contract	Spent	Remaining
	Amount	to Date	Commitment
Local Roads	\$ 10,332,905	\$ 3,458,526	\$ 6,874,379
Major Roads	8,465,646	3,458,824	5,006,822
Sewer	1,449,700	320,665	1,129,035
Drainage	1,295,459	1,105,876	189,583
Total	\$ 21,543,710	\$ 8,343,891	\$ 13,199,819

### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount
General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund General Fund Local Roads Fund	Major Roads Fund Local Roads Fund Public Safety Millage Fund Water and Sewer Fund Nonmajor Funds Water and Sewer Fund	\$ 229,399 417,901 876,281 420,035 133,662 40,401
Water and Sewer Fund Nonmajor Funds Nonmajor Funds Employees' Retirement	Nonmajor Funds General Fund Major Roads Fund Postretirement Healthcare	30,066 58,756 136,000
System	Finance Fund	\$ 85,647 2,428,148

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and 3) payments between funds are made.

The details for interfund transfers are as follows:

Funds Transferred From	Funds Transferred To	 Amount				
General Fund	Nonmajor Funds	\$ 8,194,944				
Local Roads Fund	Nonmajor Funds	256,913				
Nonmajor Funds	General Fund	1,307,850				
Nonmajor Funds	Major Roads Fund	4,425,762				
Nonmajor Funds	Local Roads Fund	7,035,292				
Nonmajor Funds	Nonmajor Funds	1,530,055				
		\$ 22,750,816				

The transfers from the General Fund to the nonmajor funds represent the movement of resources for debt service payments and capital improvements. The transfer from the Local Roads Fund to the

nonmajor funds represents the transfer of resources for debt service payments. The transfer from nonmajor funds to nonmajor funds represents the transfer of resources for debt service payments. The transfer from the nonmajor governmental funds to the Local Roads Fund represents the movement of resources for road improvements and to close the special assessment funds. The transfer from the nonmajor governmental funds to the Major Roads Fund represents the movement of resources for road improvements. The transfer from nonmajor governmental funds to the General Fund represents the movement of restricted funds to be used for restricted purposes in the General Fund.

### Note 7 - Long-Term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties that benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a reassessment of the City) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 can be summarized as follows:

	 Amount of Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Beginning Balance		Additions	Reductions		Ending Balance		Oue Within One Year
Governmental activities												
Bonds and notes payable												
General obligation bonds												
2012 General Obligation Bonds	\$ 970,000	2026	2.00% - 3.00%	\$65,000 - \$85,000	\$	675,000	\$ -	\$ 65,000	\$	610,000	\$	65,000
Building authority bonds												
District Court Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	3,805,000	2021	1.05% - 1.90%	940,000 - 1,000,000		2,935,000	-	940,000		1,995,000		995,000
County contractual obligations												
2013 Refunding Bonds - Golf Course	6,545,000	2031	2.00% - 3.50%	315,000 - 530,000		5,770,000	-	360,000		5,410,000		380,000
Districts 333, 334, 335, and 336 - Public improvements	2,470,000	2022	2.00% - 2.50%	255,000 - 265,000		1,050,000	-	265,000		785,000		265,000
Districts 345, 346, and 347 - 2016 Capital												
Improvement Bonds	8,475,000	2030	2.00% - 5.00%	510,000 - 655,000		7,825,000	-	655,000		7,170,000		655,000
District 349 - 2017 Capital Improvement Bonds	1,225,000	2031	2.00% - 3.00%	70,000 - 90,000		1,225,000	-	70,000		1,155,000		85,000
Less deferred amounts												
For issuance premiums						761,075		61,890	_	699,185		
Total						20,241,075	-	2,416,890		17,824,185		2,445,000
Claims and judgments						544,000	26,024	164,024		406,000		406,000
Compensated absences						5,394,229	2,802,246	2,551,438	_	5,645,037	_	2,507,889
Total governmental activities					\$	26,179,304	\$ 2,828,270	\$ 5,132,352	\$	23,875,222	\$	5,358,889

	Amount of Issue	Maturity Date	Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	 Beginning Balance	A	dditions	<u>R</u>	eductions	Ending Balance	ue Within One Year
Business-type activities											
Bonds and notes payable											
Limited tax general obligation bonds											
2013 Water Supply System Bonds	\$ 6,800,000	2032	2.00% - 3.13%	\$295,000 - \$460,000	\$ 5,460,000	\$	-	\$	295,000	\$ 5,165,000	\$ 300,000
2014 Water Supply System Bonds	8,800,000	2034	2.00% - 3.00%	295,000 - 460,000	7,825,000		-		350,000	7,475,000	375,000
2014 Evergreen and Middlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds	40.750.005*	2020	2 500/	205 000 400 000	47 574 057		474.000		705 000	10.050.010	004.405
2017 Evergreen and Farmington Sewage Disposal	19,750,005*	2036	2.50%	295,000 - 460,000	17,571,057		174,036		785,880	16,959,213	804,465
Systems Middlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel											
Project Bonds	528,345	2027	2.14%	295,000 - 460,000	528,345		-		47,790	480,555	47,790
•	,			,							 
Total business-type activities					\$ 31,384,402	\$	174,036	\$	1,478,670	\$ 30,079,768	\$ 1,527,255

<sup>\*</sup> Issue of \$19,750,005 but only \$18,512,388 was drawn down in total as of June 30, 2019.

Compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above obligations are as follows:

		Governmen	tal /	Activities	Business-type Activities							
Year Ending		Boi	nds		Bonds							
June 30,	_	Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest				
2020	\$	2,445,000	\$	436,831	\$	1,527,255	\$	755,121				
2021		2,455,000		380,595		1,558,495		720,097				
2022		1,500,000		321,826		1,609,735		684,170				
2023		1,240,000		279,507		1,640,975		647,318				
2024		1,270,000		238,801		1,677,525		609,005				
2025-2029		5,870,000		716,180		9,112,950		2,370,351				
2030-2034		2,345,000		70,346		9,826,200		1,067,446				
2035-2037						3,126,633		78,769				
	\$	17,125,000	\$	2,444,086	\$	30,079,768	\$	6,932,277				

#### **Debt Issuance**

The Evergreen and Middlebelt Sanitary Sewer Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds are State Revolving Fund bonds, and the county has drawn down an additional \$327,752, of which 53.10 percent, or \$174,036, is the City's share. The bond interest rate is 2.50 percent. The proceeds were used for the construction on the sanitary sewer system.

#### **Defeased Refundings**

In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the basic financial statements. At June 30, 2019, the City's portion of bonds outstanding that are considered defeased approximates \$7,375,000.

#### **Deferred Amount on Debt Refunding**

The City issued bonds in prior years to advance refund and retire previously issued bonds. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt. This amount is reported in the accompanying statement of net position as a deferred outflow of resources and is being charged to activities through the year.

	В	eginning					- 1	Ending	Du	e Within
		Balance	Add	ditions	Re	ductions	E	Balance	0	ne Year
Deferred amount on refunding	\$	488 701	\$	_	\$	53 0/1	\$	434,760	\$	53 041
Deferred amount on relanding	Ψ	400,701	Ψ		Ψ	33,341	Ψ	434,700	Ψ	33,341

#### **No Commitment Debt**

The City has issued Variable Rate Demand Hospital Revenue and Refunding Bonds under state law, which authorizes municipalities under certain circumstances to acquire and lease industrial sites, buildings, and equipment and lease them to third parties. The revenue bonds issued are payable solely from the net revenue derived from the respective leases and are not a general obligation of the City. After these bonds are issued, all financial activity is taken over by the paying agent. The bonds and related lease contracts are

not reflected in the City's financial statements. Information regarding the status of each bond issue, including possible default, must be obtained from the paying agent or other knowledgeable source. As of June 30, 2019, there is approximately \$10,535,000 of no commitment debt outstanding.

#### Note 8 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City participates in the Michigan Municipal League Workers' Compensation Fund for workers' compensation claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority risk pool for claims relating to general and auto liability, auto physical damage, and property loss claims.

As of September 2005, the City has also assumed a significant amount of financial responsibility for its actual incurred medical claims cost, subject to certain insured limitations, including \$120,000 per specific claim and a 120 percent stop loss with approximately \$3.7 million in aggregate claims. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

The Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority ("MMRMA") risk pool program operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts. Although premiums are paid annually to MMRMA that it uses to pay claims up to the retention limits, the ultimate liability for those claims remains with the City. Depending upon the type of claim,

stop-loss coverage for specific claims ranges from \$15,000 to \$200,000 and \$5.0 million in aggregate.

The City maintains insurance coverage through Blue Cross Blue Shield ("BCBS") for medical and general claims and estimates the liability for medical and general claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported, as well as those that have not yet been reported, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustments expense, both allocated and unallocated. The liability is based on individual claims and management's evaluation of experience with respect to the probable number and nature of claims. Any adjustments resulting from the settlement of losses will be reflected in earnings at the time the adjustments are determined. These estimates are recorded in the General Fund and within the governmental activities column in the statement of net position.

Changes in the estimated liability for medical claims for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	BCBS			
		2019	_	2018
Estimated liability - beginning of year Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates Claim payments	\$	115,690 2,760,242 (2,789,447)	\$	115,690 3,176,226 (3,176,226)
Estimated liability - end of year	\$	86,485	\$	115,690

Changes in the estimated liability for general claims for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

	MMRMA			
		2019		2018
Estimated liability - beginning of year Estimated claims incurred, including changes in estimates Claim payments	\$	544,000 26,024 (164,024)	\$	447,000 160,639 (63,639)
Estimated liability - end of year	\$	406,000	\$	544,000

#### Note 9 - Employee Retirement and Benefit Systems

#### Defined benefit pension plan

Plan description – The City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System Pension Board administers the City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System - a multiple-employer costsharing defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all eligible general, court, police, and fire plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefit terms have been established by employer policy and contractual agreements authorized by city ordinance, which may be amended by City Council actions.

Management of the plan is vested in the pension board, which consists of seven members - four elected by plan members, two appointed by City Council, and the city finance director/treasurer, who serves as an ex-officio member.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At the June 30, 2018 valuation date, the following employees were covered by benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	318
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits	14
Active employees	259
, ,	
	591

The general group was closed to new hires as follows:

- Nonunion and AFSCME Union Effective July 1, 2006
- Dispatcher Union Effective January 1, 2007
- Teamsters Union Effective January 1, 2008
- District Court Effective September 1, 2015

The general group consists of union employees from AFSCME and Teamsters, nonunion employees, court employees, executive employees, and dispatch employees. The general group does not include firefighters, police officers, and police command employees.

Benefits provided – The pension plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to eligible plan members. Retirement benefits are calculated by multiplying the plan member's final average compensation (FAC) times the member's years of service times the multiplier applicable to the member's employee group. FAC is final average compensation consisting of the three highest consecutive years out of the last 10 years. FAC includes longevity on base pay for all employees plus lump-sum holiday pay for police, fire, and dispatch members. Benefits and refunds of the plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs are financed with plan net position. The multipliers per employee group are as follows:

General – AFSCME employees are eligible to retire if the sum of the plan member's age and years of service equals 80 (minimum age 55) or at the age of 60 with eight years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.8 percent up to 25 years of service and 1.0 percent for

each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 75 percent.

General – Nonunion, court, and Teamsters employees are eligible to retire if the sum of the plan member's age and years of service equals 80 (minimum age 55) or at the age of 60 with eight years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.8 percent up to 25 years of service and 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 80 percent.

General – Executive employees are eligible to retire if the sum of the plan member's age and years of service equals 80 (minimum age 55) or at the age of 60 with eight years of service. The multiplier for this group is 3.0 percent up to 25 years of service and 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 80 percent.

General – Dispatch employees are eligible to retire if the sum of the plan member's age and years of service equals 80 (minimum age 55) or at the age of 60 with eight years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.80 percent up to 25 years of service (until age 67) and 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 75 percent, or 2.375 percent up to 25 years of service (at age 67) and 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 70 percent.

Firefighters hired prior to July 1, 2008 are eligible to retire with 25 years of service, regardless of age. The multiplier for this group is 2.8 percent up to 25 years of service and 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 75 percent. Firefighters hired subsequent to July 1, 2008 are eligible to retire at the age of 50, with 25 years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.25 percent up to 25 years of service and 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 60 percent.

Police command employees are eligible to retire at the age of 50 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age with a minimum of 25 years as a sworn police officer. The multiplier for this

group is 3.0 percent up to 25 years of service and 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 80 percent.

Police officers hired prior to January 1, 2008 are eligible to retire with 25 years of service, regardless of age. The multiplier for this group is 2.8 percent up to 25 years of service and 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 75 percent. Police officers hired subsequent to January 1, 2008 are eligible to retire at the age of 50, with 25 years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.25 percent up to 25 years of service and 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 60 percent.

An early retirement benefit is available and actuarially reduced from normal retirement age as follows:

- General employee Age 57 with eight years of service.
- Patrol/Fire employee Age 50 with 20 years of service.
- Police command employee Age 50 with 15 years of service or under age 50 with 25 years of service as a sworn police officer.

Plan members are eligible for deferred (vested) retirement benefits if a general employee has eight or more years of service (benefit begins at age 60) or a police/fire employee has 15 or more years of service (benefits generally begin at age 55).

In addition to the normal, early, and deferred retirement provisions, the system provides nonduty death benefits to qualifying members. A nonduty death benefit is computed as a regular retirement pension reduced in accordance with a 100 percent joint and survivor option and shall be paid for life to a surviving spouse of an employee provided the member attained age 57 and has eight years of service or the member has 10 or more years of credited service regardless of age and died while an employee of the City. The system also provides duty death benefits to qualifying members, which is computed as a duty disability retirement with no age or service

requirements. A duty death pension shall be paid for life to a surviving spouse of an employee who dies in service. A duty disability benefit is also available in accordance with an established formula and has no age or service requirements.

Prior to retirement, but not thereafter, a member may elect to receive a retirement benefit by one of the following three methods:

#### 1) Straight-life Retirement Benefits

This allowance is a benefit payable to the member throughout his or her life. This is a nonsurvivor benefit and terminates upon the death of the member.

#### 2) Survivor Allowance Options

Under three available options, a retiree receives a reduced straight-life benefit, payable for life. Upon death, the reduced pension benefit will continue to be paid throughout the beneficiary's life at the percentage option selected. The reduction of straight-life benefit is actuarially determined based on the ages of the member and his or her beneficiary at the time of retirement and the percentage option of primary benefit chosen. A greater reduction of straight-life benefit will be made to provide 100 percent of the primary pension benefit rather than 75 percent or 50 percent.

The survivor allowance options are:

- Option A 100 percent of primary pension benefit.
- Option B 75 percent of primary pension benefit.
- Option C 50 percent of primary pension benefit.

Should the named survivor beneficiary die before the retired member, the retired member's pension shall be recomputed (pop-up) to a straight-life benefit.

### 3) Annuity Option

In addition to the above survivor allowance options, all city and court employees may elect an annuity option.

Contributions - Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, the pension board retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the pension board in accordance with the city ordinance, union contracts, and plan provisions. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the average active member contribution rate was 4.50 percent of annual pay. The City's average contribution was 25.38 percent of annual payroll for police members and 21.16 percent of annual payroll for fire members. For general and court members, the City's contribution was \$2,365,004 and \$263,302, respectively.

Pension plan reserves – In accordance with city ordinance, the following reserves are required to be set aside within the pension plan:

Retiree reserve – The retiree reserve is held in the retirement reserve fund and is to be computed annually by the actuary as the present value of estimated benefit payments for all current retirees. Actuarially computed unfunded liabilities are to be covered by a transfer from the employer reserve. The amounts reserved may be used solely to pay monthly retiree benefit payments.

Employee reserve – The employee reserve is credited as employee contributions are received throughout the year; the plan maintains a record of the amount contributed by each employee and credits interest annually at a rate of 5 percent. For any employee who terminates before vesting in the pension plan, their balance is

returned to them; for those who stay until retirement, the balance is transferred into the retiree reserve.

Employer reserve – The employer reserve account is held in the pension reserve fund and is used to account for the residual net position balance in the pension plan after funding the retiree reserve.

The balances of the reserve accounts at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Red	Required Reserve		Amount Funded		
Retiree reserve	\$	100,251,035	\$	100,251,035		
Employee reserve		17,645,816		17,645,816		
Employer reserve		-		38,593,357		

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$50,973,877 for its proportionate share of the City of Farmington Hills Employees Retirement System's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from June 30, 2018. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's actuarially determined pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 95.43 percent, which was equal to its proportion of 95.43 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018. For the year ending June 30, 2019, the City recognized pension expense of \$11,179,421.

At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	D	eferred	Deferred	
	Οι	utflows of	Inflows of	
	Re	esources	 Resources	 Total
Differences in experience	\$	42,792	\$ (3,734,420)	\$ (3,691,628)
Differences in assumptions		9,881,787	(614,091)	9,267,696
Net difference between projected and actual earning on plan investments		4,106,193	 	 4,106,193
Total	\$ 1	4,030,772	\$ (4,348,511)	\$ 9,682,261

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year ended June 30,</u>	
2020	\$ 3,515,487
2021	1,550,803
2022	2,836,476
2023	 1,779,495
	\$ 9,682,261

The net pension liability is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	4.50 - 23.50%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00%, net of pension plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Combined Healthy Tables, projected 20 years with U.S. Projection Scale BB.

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.0%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans fiduciary net positon was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following tables:

	Target	
Asset Class	Allocation	
Domestic equity	41.00	%
International equity	16.00	
Domestic bonds	18.00	
International bonds	2.00	
Real estate	10.00	
Alternative assets	11.00	
Cash or cash equivalents	2.00	
	100.00	%

Asset Class	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	7.50 %
International equity	8.50
Domestic bonds	2.50
International bonds	3.50
Real estate	4.50
Alternative assets	6.21

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 3.64 percent.

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.0%, as well as what the employer's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6%) or 1% higher (8%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
Net pension liability	\$ 74,700,296	\$ 50,973,877	\$ 30,944,673

#### Note 10 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The City provides retirement benefits through a defined contribution plan to all of its full-time employees in the AFSCME, executive, and general employee groups hired on or after July 1, 2006; in the dispatcher group hired on or after January 1, 2007; and in the Teamster group hired on or after January 1, 2008. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. As established by city ordinance and collective bargaining agreements, the City contributes 10 percent of the employees' base salary or wages plus longevity pay, and employees contribute 5 percent of their base salary or wage plus longevity pay. All contributions plus interest allocated to the employee's account are fully vested after seven years of service.

The current year contribution was calculated based on covered payroll of \$6,115,170, resulting in an employer contribution of \$611,517 and employee contributions of \$305,759. The City has recorded a payable to the defined contribution plan in the amount of \$12,287 at June 30, 2019.

### Note 11 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Defined Contribution Plan

The City provides a Retirement Health Savings (RHS) account for eligible employees and their dependents. The plan covers AFSCME,

executive, and general employees hired on or after July 1, 2006; dispatch employees hired on or after January 1, 2007; Teamster and POAM employees hired on or after January 1, 2008; and IAFF employees hired on or after July 1, 2008. This is a defined contribution plan administered by the City. The collective bargaining agreements and/or city ordinance require all employees to contribute 1.5 percent of their base salary or wage plus longevity pay. The City contributes \$100 per month for the dispatch employees, \$208 per month for police employees, and \$146 per month for all other participating employee groups. All contributions plus interest allocated to the employees' accounts are fully vested after seven years of service. Once plan members terminate employment, they are eligible to use all vested contributions for allowable medical related expenses.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, the City made contributions of \$328,081, and the plan members contributed \$159,907 to the plan.

#### **Note 12 - Other Postemployment Benefits**

### **Defined benefit OPEB plan**

Plan description – The City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System Pension Board administers the City of Farmington Hills Post-Retirement Healthcare Finance Fund – a multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit OPEB plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for all eligible general, court, police, and fire plan members and their beneficiaries.

The financial statements of the OPEB plan are included in these financial statements as a pension and other employee benefit trust fund (a fiduciary fund).

Management of the plan is vested in the pension board, which consists of seven members – four elected by plan members, two appointed by the City, and the City finance/treasurer, who serves as an ex-officio member.

Benefits provided – The fund provides healthcare and prescription benefits for retirees and their dependents. Benefits are provided

through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the plan. Benefits terms have been established by employer policy and contractual agreements authorized by city ordinance, which may be amended by City Council actions.

Employees covered by benefit terms – At June 30, 2018, the plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	180
Active employees	204
• •	
	384

The plan is closed to new members.

Contributions – Contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the pension board in accordance with city ordinance, union contracts, and plan provisions. The board establishes contribution rates based on an actuarially determined rate per a funding valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the City's contribution was \$767,528. Plan members are required to contribute at 1.50 percent of pay.

OPEB plan reserves – In accordance with city ordinance, the following reserves are required to be set aside within the OPEB plan:

Retiree reserve – The retiree reserve is held in the healthcare benefits reserve fund and is to be computed annually by the actuary as the present value of estimated healthcare benefit payments for all current retirees. Actuarially computed unfunded liabilities are to be covered by a transfer from the employer reserve. The amounts reserved may be used solely to pay retiree healthcare benefit payments.

Employee reserve – The employee reserve is credited as employee contributions are received throughout the year; the plan maintains a record of the amount contributed by each employee and credits interest annually at a rate of 5 percent. For any employee who

terminates before vesting in the OPEB plan, their balance is returned to them; for those who stay until retirement, the balance is transferred into the retiree reserve.

Employer reserve – The employer reserve account is held in the healthcare reserve fund and is used to account for the residual net position balance in the OPEB plan after funding the retiree reserve.

The balances of the reserve accounts at June 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Rec	Required Reserve		Amount Funded		
Retiree reserve	\$	50,633,461	\$	50,633,461		
Employee reserve		5,558,389		5,558,389		
Employer reserve		-		22,815,010		

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2019, the City reported a liability of \$1,330,769 for its proportionate share of the City of Farmington Hills OPEB plan's net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from June 30, 2018. The City's proportion of the net OPEB liability was determined by dividing each employer's actuarially determined OPEB contributions to the plan during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At June 30, 2019, the City's proportion was 92.51 percent, which was equal to its proportion of 92.51 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2018. For the year ending June 30, 2019, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$6,287,468.

At June 30, 2019, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		Total to Amortize	
Differences in experience  Net difference between projected and	\$	-	\$	(647,133)	\$	(647,133)
actual earning on plan investments	1	,578,973				1,578,973
Total	\$ 1	,578,973	\$	(647,133)	\$	931,840

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30,	
2020	\$ 191,769
2021	191,769
2022	191,769
2023	 356,533
	\$ 931,840

The net OPEB liability is generally liquidated by the General Fund.

Actuarial assumptions – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2018 annual actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Inflation	2.50%
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates	9.0%, graded down to 3.50%

Mortality rates used were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Combined Healthy Tables, projected 20 years with U.S. Projection Scale BB.

## City of Farmington Hills Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability is 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plans fiduciary net positon was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates or arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following tables:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	
Domestic equity	41.00	%
International equity	16.00	
Domestic bonds	18.00	
International bonds	2.00	
Real estate	10.00	
Alternative assets	11.00	
Cash or cash equivalents	2.00	

	Long-term	
	Expected Real	
Asset Class	Rate of Return	
Domestic equity	7.50	%
International equity	8.50	
Domestic bonds	2.50	
International bonds	3.50	
Real estate	4.50	
Alternative assets	6.21	

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments, net of OPEB plan investment expense, was 3.66 percent.

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the employer's net OPEB liability would be using a discount rate that is

## City of Farmington Hills Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2019

1% point lower (6.5%) or 1% higher (8.5%) than the current rate.

	Current								
	1%	Decrease	Discount Rate			1% Increase			
Net OPEB liability	<u>\$ 1</u>	10,291,727	\$	1,330,769	\$	(6,184,825)			

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rate – The following presents the net OPEB liability, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 9.00%, as well as what the net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1% lower (8.00%, decreasing to 2.5%) or 1% higher (10.00% decreasing to 4.5%).

	Healthcare									
	1%	Decrease	Cost	Trend Rates	1	% Increase				
Net OPEB liability	\$	(7,290,161)	\$	1,330,769	\$	11,711,348				
					_					

## **Note 13 - Fund Balance Assignments**

The General Fund fund balance assignment for future expenditures of \$20,714,136 includes \$105,491 for subsequent year expenditures, \$920,000 for the Corridor Improvement Authority, \$10,277,335 for the retirement system, \$400,000 for buses, \$5,900,000 for storm water, \$1,000,000 for citywide facilities improvements, and \$2,111,310 for subsequent years' budget requests.

## Note 14 - Special Items

In November 2018, the City passed a Local Roads Millage that will fund local road repairs rather than the previously enacted special assessment districts. As a result of the passage of this millage, \$8,982,681 that had been previously recognized as revenue in the statement of activities must be written off. In addition, all prepaid special assessments will be refunded to the appropriate title holder.

## Note 15 - Subsequent Event

On September 12, 2019, the City issued the 2019 Capital Improvement Bonds (Limited Tax General Obligation) with a par value of \$23,925,000. The bonds are payable through fiscal year 2040 at interest rates ranging from 2-3%.

## City of Farmington Hills Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	Budgeted	l An	nounts			0	Actual ver (Under) Final
	Original		Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues	 						
Property taxes	\$ 31,678,645	\$	31,813,601	\$	31,779,255	\$	(34,346)
Licenses and permits	1,155,753		1,547,400		1,783,163		235,763
Federal grants	-		149,124		189,363		40,239
State-shared revenue and grants	7,943,602		8,271,766		8,559,660		287,894
Charges for services	10,903,572		10,938,646		11,407,257		468,611
Fines and forfeitures	2,105,000		2,200,000		2,197,948		(2,052)
Interest income	400,000		600,000		1,007,406		407,406
Other revenue:							
Local donations	64,900		47,500		49,555		2,055
Equipment rental	1,100,000		1,410,200		1,559,645		149,445
Other miscellaneous income	 840,905		899,661		1,006,671		107,010
Total revenues	 56,192,377		57,877,898		59,539,923		1,662,025
Expenditures							
General government:							
City Council	96,417		96,385		91,633		(4,752)
Board and commissions	2,820,375		2,826,259		2,833,345		7,086
City administration	651,155		613,426		592,934		(20,492)
Public information	429,906		415,357		382,134		(33,223)
Finance department	2,003,359		1,894,373		1,825,169		(69,204)
Clerk	707,427		789,252		770,426		(18,826)
Attorney	664,020		771,240		703,758		(67,482)
Human resources/personnel	423,320		435,775		423,343		(12,432)
Central services	1,035,843		1,012,776		992,428		(20,348)
Support services	 4,627,188		4,538,247	_	4,280,423		(257,824)
Total general government	 13,459,010		13,393,090		12,895,593		(497,497)

## City of Farmington Hills Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	Budgeted /	Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Public safety: Police Fire	14,916,506 5,835,436	14,649,291 6,117,397	14,303,476 6,111,340	(345,815) (6,057)
Total public safety	20,751,942	20,766,688	20,414,816	(351,872)
Public services:				
Road maintenance	2,593,465	2,388,851	2,331,402	(57,449)
Administration	452,082	491,938	376,122	(115,816)
General refuse removal	3,966,353	3,956,715	3,924,374	(32,341)
Building maintenance	512,006	503,788	499,245	(4,543)
Maintenance facility	1,401,975	1,357,067	1,233,804	(123,263)
Engineering	1,324,639	1,165,120	1,151,016	(14,104)
Public service reimbursement from road fund	(2,083,294)	(2,073,389)	(2,039,510)	33,879
Total public services	8,167,226	7,790,090	7,476,453	(313,637)
Community and economic development	1,818,358	1,726,013	1,651,998	(74,015)
Recreation and culture	8,473,952	8,355,628	8,088,515	(267,113)
Total expenditures	52,670,488	52,031,508	50,527,375	(1,504,133)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	3,521,889	5,846,390	9,012,548	3,166,158

## **City of Farmington Hills**

## Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Fund

	Budgeted A	mounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Sale of fixed assets	122,994	90,000	114,498	24,498
Transfers in	1,307,850	1,307,850	1,307,850	-
Transfers out	(7,546,498)	(8,190,954)	(8,194,944)	(3,990)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,115,654)	(6,793,104)	(6,772,596)	20,508
Net change in fund balance	(2,593,765)	(946,714)	2,239,952	3,186,666
Fund balance - beginning of year	35,026,158	35,026,158	35,026,158	
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ 32,432,393</u> <u>\$</u>	34,079,444	\$ 37,266,110	\$ 3,186,666

# City of Farmington Hills Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Major Roads Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues Federal grants State and other sources Local contributions Interest income Other revenue	\$ 736,500 \$ 6,337,171 206,900 30,000 185		\$ 220,732 6,538,379 15,367 178,796 257	\$ 127,538 47,937 (121,896) 78,796 67
Total revenues	7,310,756	6,821,089	6,953,531	132,442
Expenditures Public works	12,542,938	11,952,179	10,824,687	(1,127,492)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5,232,182)	(5,131,090)	(3,871,156)	1,259,934
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	4,262,141	4,425,762	4,425,762	
Net change in fund balance	(970,041)	(705,328)	554,606	1,259,934
Fund balance - beginning of year	6,216,154	6,216,154	6,216,154	
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ 5,246,113</u>	\$ 5,510,826	\$ 6,770,760	\$ 1,259,934

# City of Farmington Hills Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Local Roads Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final	Actual	Actual Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenues		7 totaai	Daagot
Special assessments	\$ 245,154 \$ 899,600	\$ 899,599	\$ (1)
State and other sources	2,180,011 3,207,046		16,135
Interest income	815,218 330,007		45,617
Other revenue	40,000 -		
Total revenues	3,280,383 4,436,653	4,498,404	61,751
Expenditures			
Public works	5,313,973 7,853,036	9,632,161	1,779,125
Debt service	955,213 955,213	954,713	(500)
Total expenditures	6,269,186 8,808,249	10,586,874	1,778,625
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(2,988,803) (4,371,596	(6,088,470)	(1,716,874)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	2,225,000 2,225,000	7,035,292	4,810,292
Transfers out	(256,913) (256,913	(256,913)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,968,087 1,968,087	6,778,379	4,810,292
Net change in fund balance	(1,020,716) (2,403,509	689,909	3,093,418
Fund balance - beginning of year	6,166,795 6,166,795	6,166,795	
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$ 5,146,079</u> <u>\$ 3,763,286</u>	\$ 6,856,704	\$ 3,093,418

# City of Farmington Hills Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Public Safety Millage Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgete	d Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 10,241,080	\$ 10,250,428	\$ 10,245,362	\$ (5,066)
Other state grants	100,000	168,379	275,737	107,358
Interest income	80,000	125,000	172,982	47,982
Total revenues	10,421,080	10,543,807	10,694,081	150,274
Expenditures Public safety	10,551,200	10,535,603	10,324,826	(210,777)
Net change in fund balance	(130,120)	8,204	369,255	361,051
Fund balance - beginning of year	2,132,322	2,132,322	2,132,322	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 2,002,202	\$ 2,140,526	\$ 2,501,577	\$ 361,051

## **City of Farmington Hills**

## Required Supplementary Information Employees' Retirement System

## Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability June 30, 2019

Fiscal year ended June 30,	 2019	 2018	2017*	 2016	 2015	 2014
City's proportion of the net pension liability (%)	95.43%	95.43%	95.26%	95.78%	95.92%	95.01%
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 50,973,877	\$ 39,249,558	\$ 37,396,907	\$ 38,326,411	\$ 28,834,315	\$ 18,781,050
City's covered payroll	\$ 19,118,157	\$ 19,121,057	\$ 19,032,521	\$ 19,018,880	\$ 19,388,355	\$ 20,278,867
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	266.63%	205.27%	196.49%	201.52%	148.72%	92.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	74.55%	79.10%	79.21%	77.51%	82.86%	88.48%

Note: GASB Statement No. 67 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and does not require retroactive implementation. Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available.

<sup>\*</sup>The June 30, 2016 total pension liability was restated in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation to include the retiree healthcare opt-out stipend payments

## **City of Farmington Hills**

## Required Supplementary Information Employees' Retirement System of Michigan

## Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ended	_	Annual etermined contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll	
2014	\$	4,330,086	\$ 4,330,086	\$	-	\$	20,278,867	21.35%
2015		4,683,178	4,683,178		-		19,388,355	24.15%
2016		4,511,908	4,511,908		-		19,018,880	23.72%
2017		4,487,059	4,487,059		-		19,032,521	23.58%
2018		5,107,572	5,490,506		(382,934)	)	19,121,057	28.71%
2019		5,314,161	5,499,052		(184,891)	)	19,118,157	28.76%

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 each year, which is

12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

## Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll (level dollar method for general and court divisions)

Remaining amortization period Police and fire employees: 26 years (closed)

Court employees: 13 years (closed) General employees: 10 years (closed)

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases 4.50 to 7.50 percent (general and court), 4.50 to 23.50 percent (police), 4.50 to 20.50 percent (fire)

Investment rate of return 7.40 percent (net of investment expenses)

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality RP-2000 Mortality Combined Healthy Tables, projected 20 years with U.S. Projection Scale BB

Note: GASB Statement No. 67 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and does not require retroactive implementation.

Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available.

## City of Farmington Hills Required Supplementary Information Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Investment Returns June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Annual
Ended	Return*
2010	15.50%
2011	20.70%
2012	-1.70%
2013	10.70%
2014	16.50%
2015	-0.40%
2016	-1.80%
2017	12.30%
2018	7.26%
2019	3.64%

<sup>\*</sup> Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

## **City of Farmington Hills**

## Required Supplementary Information Other Post Employment Benefits

## Schedule of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability June 30, 2019

Fiscal year ended June 30,	 2019	2018	2017
City's proportion of the net OPEB liability (%)	92.51%	92.51%	95.95%
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 1,330,769 \$	(5,793,708) \$	(4,878,157)
City's covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A
City's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	N/A	N/A	N/A
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (asset)	98.21%	108.83%	107.47%

Note: GASB Statement No. 74 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and does not require retroactive implementation.

Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available.

Note: OPEB contributions are not based on a measure of pay and, therefore, covered payroll information has been omitted in accordance with GASB Statement No. 85.

## **City of Farmington Hills**

## Required Supplementary Information Other Post Employment Benefits Schedule of Employer Contributions June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year Ending	 Actuarially Determined Contribution	 Actual Contribution	 Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	 Covered Payroll	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2017	\$ 1,722,056	\$ 1,722,056	\$ -	N/A	N/A
2018	718,608	718,608	-	N/A	N/A
2019	710,062	710,062	-	N/A	N/A

## **Notes to Schedule of Contributions**

Valuation date: June 30, 2018

Notes: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 each year, which is 12 months prior to

the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Contributions are not based on a measure of payroll, therefore per GASB Statement No. 85, covered payroll

is not presented.

## Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry age normal Level dollar (closed)

Remaining amortization period 13 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.50 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 3.50 to 9.00 percent

Salary increases 4.50 to 7.50 percent (general and court), 4.50 to 23.50 percent (police), 4.50 to 20.50 percent (fire)

Investment rate of return 7.50 percent (net of investment expenses)

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality RP-2000 Mortality Combined Healthy Tables, projected 20 years with U.S. Projection Scale BB

Note: GASB Statement No. 74 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and GASB Statement No. 75 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 and does not require retroactive implementation.

Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such data is available.

## City of Farmington Hills Required Supplementary Information Other Post Employment Benefits Schedule of Investment Returns June 30, 2019

Fiscal Year	Annual
Ended	Return*
2010	12.10%
2011	19.40%
2012	-0.10%
2013	9.30%
2014	16.20%
2015	-0.50%
2016	-1.70%
2017	11.90%
2018	7.16%
2019	3.66%

<sup>\*</sup> Annual money-weighted rate of return, net of investment expenses

## City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

						Special Rev	/enu	ie Funds					Se	Debt ervice unds
	Dev	ommunity relopment ock Grant		Nutrition Grant		Forfeiture Funds		Municipal Street Fund	R	arks and ecreation ecial Millage		Deferred Special Assessment	Asse F	ecial essment und I Roads
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables: Accrued interest and other Due from other units of government Due from other funds	\$	15,627 - - 26 31,769	\$	76,314 88 - 126 29,557	\$	15,275 1,134,216 5,079 25 - 31,598	\$	939 1,653 - 2 - 36,000	\$	16,490 870,419 - 27 -	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - - -
Total assets	\$	47,422	\$	106,085	\$	1,186,193	\$	38,594	\$	886,936	\$	-	\$	
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue  Total liabilities  Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable grant revenue	\$	18,652 28,744 26 47,422	\$ 	1,184 104,901 - 106,085	\$	115,663 17 - 115,680 5,079	\$	- - -	\$	2,697 - - 2,697	\$	- - - -	\$ 	- - - -
Fund Balances Restricted for: Roads Police Parks and recreation Assigned: Capital projects Debt service  Total fund balances		- - - -	_	- - - -	_	- 1,065,434 - - - - - - 1,065,434		38,594 - - - - - 38,594		- 884,239 - - 884,239	_	- - - -		- - - - -
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	47,422	\$	106,085	\$	1,186,193	\$	38,594	\$	886,936	\$		\$	<u>-</u>

## City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2019

		Debt S Fu	Servionds	ce	Capital Projects Funds									
	_	Building Authority	_De	General ebt Service	lr —	Capital mprovement Fund		Golf Course Capital mprovement		Revolving Special Assessment		Community Center enovations		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Accrued interest and other Due from other units of government Due from other funds	\$	- 258 - - - -	\$	12,278 134,230 - 20 -	\$	403,885 3,722,130 337,194 664 3,151 127,158	\$	12,638 14,403 - 21 -	\$	- - - - -	\$	- 560,021 - - - -	\$	553,446 6,437,418 342,273 911 64,477 194,756
Total assets	\$	258	\$	146,528	\$	4,594,182	\$	27,062	\$	-	\$	560,021	\$	7,593,281
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenue  Total liabilities	\$ 	- - - -	\$	- - -	\$	936,676 30,066 - 966,742	\$	- - - -	\$	-	\$	443,074	\$	1,517,946 163,728 26 1,681,700
Deferred inflows of resources Unavailable grant revenue						3,151				-				8,230
Fund Balances Restricted for	_													
Roads		-		-		-		-		-		-		38,594
Police		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,065,434
Parks and recreation Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		884,239
Capital projects Debt service	_	- 258		- 146,528		3,624,289		27,062		-	. <u></u>	116,947 -		3,768,298 146,786
Total fund balances	_	258		146,528		3,624,289		27,062	_			116,947		5,903,351
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	258	\$	146,528	\$	4,594,182	\$	27,062	\$	-	<u>\$</u>	560,021	<u>\$</u>	7,593,281

## City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

## **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

			Special Re	venue Funds			Debt Service Funds
	Community Development Block Grant	Nutrition Grant	Forfeiture Funds	Municipal Street Fund	Parks and Recreation Special Millage	Deferred Special Assessment	Special Assessment Fund Local Roads
Revenues Property taxes Special assessments Federal grants State and other sources Local contributions Interest income Other revenue	\$ - 271,457 - - -	\$ - 231,673 142,656 - 827 149,053	\$ - 49,954 26,847 - 27,532	\$ 6,443,897 - 173,623 - 35,117	\$ 1,575,972 - - 42,372 - 30,443	\$ - - - - 1,387	\$ - 502,673 - - - 104,026
Total revenues	271,457	524,209	104,333	6,652,637	1,648,787	1,387	606,699
Expenditures Current: General government Public safety Public works Community and economic development Recreation and culture Capital outlay Debt service	- - 271,457 - - -	- - - - 553,799 - -	- 86,210 - - - - - -	- 749 - - - -	- - - - 162,603	750 - - - - - -	240,080 - - - - 285,588
Total expenditures	271,457	553,799	86,210	749	162,603	750	525,668
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(29,590)	18,123	6,651,888	1,486,184	637	81,031
Other financing sources (uses) Sale of fixed assets Transfers in Transfers out	- - -	29,590 	36,797 53,356 	- - (6,650,762)	- - (1,307,850)	- - (53,796)	- - (2,075,397)
Total other financing sources and uses	<u> </u>	29,590	90,153	(6,650,762)	(1,307,850)	(53,796)	(2,075,397)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	108,276	1,126	178,334	(53,159)	(1,994,366)
Fund balance - beginning of year		-	957,158	37,468	705,905	53,159	1,994,366
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 1,065,434	\$ 38,594	\$ 884,239	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -

## City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information

## Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

## **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

	Debt Service Funds				Capital Projects Funds								
-	Building Authority	Genera Debt Serv		In	Capital nprovement Fund		Golf Course Capital Improvement		Revolving Special sessment		ommunity Center novations		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues													
	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,019,869
Special assessments	-		-		-		-		-		-		502,673
Federal grants	-		-		-		-		-		-		553,084
State and other sources	-		-		370,877		-		-		-		756,375
Local contributions		159					-		-		-		159,005
Interest income	4		,673		97,914		622		62,285		10,448		381,278
Other revenue	<del>-</del>	81	,174				30,821		<del>-</del>				261,048
Total revenues	4	250	,852		468,791		31,443		62,285		10,448		10,633,332
Expenditures													
Current													
General government	-		-		-		-		-		-		750
Public safety	-		-		-		=		-		-		86,210
Public works	-		-		-		-		-		-		240,829
Community and economic development	900		-		-		-		302		-		272,659
Recreation and culture	-		-		-		-		-		-		553,799
Capital outlay	000 620	616	-		6,659,672		52,705 -		-		743,701 -		7,618,681
Debt service	988,638	616	,962		-	-	<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>				1,891,188
Total expenditures	989,538	616	,962		6,659,672		52,705		302		743,701		10,664,116
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over expenditures	(989,534)	(366	<u>,110</u> )	_	(6,190,881)		(21,262)		61,983		(733,253)		(30,784)
Other financing sources (uses)													
Sale of fixed assets	_		_		34,100		_		_		_		70,897
Transfers in	989,638	1,364	.946		6,000,000		29,952		714,430		800,000		9,981,912
Transfers out	<u>-</u>	(989)			<u> </u>		<u>-</u>		(3,221,516)				(14,298,959)
Total other financing sources and uses	989,638	375	,308		6,034,100		29,952		(2,507,086)		800,000		(4,246,150)
Net change in fund balance	104	9	,198		(156,781)		8,690		(2,445,103)		66,747		(4,276,934)
Fund balance - beginning of year	154	137	,330		3,781,070		18,372		2,445,103		50,200		10,180,285
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 258	\$ 146	,528	\$	3,624,289	\$	27,062	\$		\$	116,947	\$	5,903,351

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Development Block Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	d Amo	ounts		O	Actual ver (Under) Final
	Original			Final	Actual		Budget
Revenues Federal grants	\$	340,278	\$	337,790	\$ 271,457	\$	(66,333)
Expenditures Community and economic development		340,278		337,790	271,457		(66,333)
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-		-
Fund balance - beginning of year							
Fund balance - end of year	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Nutrition Grant Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	l Amounts			O	Actual ver (Under) Final
		Original	Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues Federal grants State and other sources Interest income Other revenue	\$	298,503 - 27,593 141,243	\$ 298	3,503 - 3,783 ,243	\$ 231,673 142,656 827 149,053		(66,830) 142,656 (27,956) 7,810
Total revenues		467,339		3,529	524,209		55,680
Expenditures Recreation and culture		501,839		2,829	553,799		50,970
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(34,500)	(34	1,300)	(29,590)	)	4,710
Other Financing Sources Transfers in		34,500	34	<u>,300</u>	29,590		(4,710)
Net change in fund balance		-		-	-		-
Fund balance - beginning of year							-
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$</u>		\$	<u>-</u>	\$ -	\$	-

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Forfeiture Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		udgeted Amo	Antural	Actual Over (Under) Final		
_	Origii	<u> </u>	Final	Actual	Budget	
Revenues Federal grants State and other sources Interest income Other revenue	\$	- \$ - - -	- - 18,000 2,925	\$ 49,954 26,847 27,532	\$ 49,954 26,847 9,532 (2,925)	
Total revenues		-	20,925	104,333	83,408	
Expenditures Public safety  Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		16,075 16,075)	111,582 (90,657)	86,210 18,123	(25,372) 108,780	
Other Financing Sources Sale of fixed assets Transfers in		<u>-</u>	- 44,656	36,797 53,356	36,797 8,700	
Total other financing sources		-	44,656	90,153	45,497	
Net change in fund balance	(61	16,075)	(46,001)	108,276	154,277	
Fund balance - beginning of year	95	57,158	957,158	957,158		
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 34	41,083 <u>\$</u>	911,157	\$ 1,065,434	\$ 154,277	

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Municipal Street Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted	I Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues Property taxes State and other sources Interest income	\$ 6,447,941 - 40,000	\$ 6,468,021 106,023 40,000	\$ 6,443,897 173,623 35,117	
Total revenues	6,487,941	6,614,044	6,652,637	38,593
Expenditures Public works	800	750	749	(1)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	6,487,141	6,613,294	6,651,888	38,594
Other Financing Uses Transfers out	(6,487,141)	(6,650,762)	(6,650,762)	
Net change in fund balance	-	(37,468)	1,126	38,594
Fund balance - beginning of year	37,468	37,468	37,468	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 37,468	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 38,594	\$ 38,594

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Parks and Recreation Special Millage Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted A	Actual Over (Under) Final		
Revenues	Oligiliai	<u>Final</u>	Actual	Budget
Property taxes	\$ 1,573,399	\$ 1,581,886	\$ 1,575,972	\$ (5,914)
State and other sources	40,000	40,000	42,372	2,372
Interest income	13,000	25,000	30,443	5,443
Total revenues	1,626,399	1,646,886	1,648,787	1,901
Even and it was				
Expenditures Capital outlay	414,900	518,781	162,603	(356,178)
Capital Outlay	414,500	310,701	102,003	(330,170)
Excess of revenues over expenditures	1,211,499	1,128,105	1,486,184	358,079
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers out	(1,307,850)	(1,307,850)	(1,307,850)	_
Net change in fund balance	(96,351)	(179,745)	178,334	358,079
	705 005	705.005	705.005	
Fund balance - beginning of year	705,905	705,905	705,905	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 609,554	\$ 526,160	\$ 884,239	\$ 358,079
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# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Deferred Special Assessment Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		d Amount		0	Actual ver (Under) Final		
	0	riginal	Final		Actual		Budget
Revenues Interest income	\$	500	\$	800	\$ 1,387	\$	587
Expenditures General government		310		750	750		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		190		50	637		587
Other Financing Uses Transfers out					(53,796)		(53,796)
Net change in fund balance		190		50	(53,159)		(53,209)
Fund balance - beginning of year		53,159		53,159	53,159		
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$</u>	53,349	\$	53,209	<u>\$</u> -	\$	(53,209)

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Special Assessments Fund - Local Roads For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual Over (Under) Final		
		Original		Final	Actual	Budget		
Revenues Special assessments Interest income	\$	543,797 126,485	\$	525,431 92,913	\$ 502,673 104,026	\$	(22,758) 11,113	
Total revenues		670,282		618,344	 606,699		(11,645)	
Expenditures Public works Debt service		9,500 1,241,001		241,080 285,789	240,080 285,588		(1,000) (201)	
Total expenditures		1,250,501		526,869	 525,668		(1,201)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(580,219)		91,475	 81,031		(10,444)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		955,213 (540,417)		- (540,417)	 - (2,075,397)		- (1,534,980)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		414,796		(540,417)	(2,075,397)		(1,534,980)	
Net change in fund balance		(165,423)		(448,942)	(1,994,366)		(1,545,424)	
Fund balance - beginning of year		1,994,366		1,994,366	 1,994,366			
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$</u>	1,828,943	\$	1,545,424	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	(1,545,424)	

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Building Authority Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budaete	ed Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues				
Interest income	\$ -		\$ 4	\$ 4
Expenditures				
Community and economic development	925	900	900	-
Debt service	988,638	988,638	988,638	
Total expenditures	989,563	989,538	989,538	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(989,563	3) (989,538)	(989,534)	4
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	989,638	989,638	989,638	
Net change in fund balance	75	5 100	104	4
Fund balance - beginning of year	154	154	154	<u> </u>
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 229	9 \$ 254	\$ 258	\$ 4

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule General Debt Service Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Dudgatad	I Amagunta		Actual Over (Under)
	Original	l Amounts Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues Local contributions Interest income	\$ 159,005 2,000	\$ 159,005 10,000	\$ 159,005 10,673	
Other revenue	81,000	82,000	81,174	(826)
Other revenue		02,000	01,174	(020)
Total revenues	242,005	251,005	250,852	(153)
Expenditures Debt service	617,313	617,213	616,962	(251)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(375,308)	(366,208)	(366,110)	98
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	1,364,946 (989,638)	1,364,946 (989,638)	1,364,946 (989,638)	<u>.</u> <u>.</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	375,308	375,308	375,308	
Net change in fund balance	-	9,100	9,198	98
Fund balance - beginning of year	137,330	137,330	137,330	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 137,330	\$ 146,430	\$ 146,528	\$ 98

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	ed Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget
Revenues State and other sources Interest income	\$ 900,000 17,000	900,000		
Total revenues	917,000	945,000	468,791	(476,209)
Expenditures Capital outlay	8,093,37	10,113,767	6,659,672	(3,454,095)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(7,176,37	(9,168,767)	(6,190,881)	2,977,886
Other Financing Sources Sale of fixed assets Transfers in	- 5,500,000	6,000,000	34,100 6,000,000	34,100
Total other financing sources	5,500,000	6,000,000	6,034,100	34,100
Net change in fund balance	(1,676,37	(3,168,767)	(156,781)	3,011,986
Fund balance - beginning of year	3,781,070	3,781,070	3,781,070	
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 2,104,699	9 \$ 612,303	\$ 3,624,289	\$ 3,011,986

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Golf Course Capital Improvement Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

	Budget	ed Amounts		Actual Over (Under) Final		
	Original	Final	Actual	Budget		
Revenues						
Interest income	\$ 350	500	\$ 622	\$ 122		
Other revenue	32,000	32,000	30,821	(1,179)		
Total revenues	32,350	32,500	31,443	(1,057)		
Expenditures						
Capital outlay	58,209	52,706	52,705	(1)		
Deficiency of revenues over expenditures	(25,85	5) (20,206)	(21,262)	(1,056)		
Other Financing Sources						
Transfers in	29,952	29,952	29,952			
Net change in fund balance	4,097	9,746	8,690	(1,056)		
Fund balance - beginning of year	18,372	18,372	18,372			
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 22,469	9 \$ 28,118	\$ 27,062	\$ (1,056)		

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Revolving Special Assessment Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted	d Amo	ounts		0	Actual ver (Under) Final
		Original		Final	Actual		Budget
Revenues							
Interest income	\$	6,000	\$	40,000	\$ 62,285	\$	22,285
Expenditures							
Community and economic development		1,330		300	 302		2
Excess of revenues over expenditures		4,670		39,700	61,983		22,283
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out		714,430		714,430 -	714,430 (3,221,516)		(3,221,516)
Total other financing sources (uses)		714,430		714,430	(2,507,086)		(3,221,516)
Net change in fund balance		719,100		754,130	(2,445,103)		(3,199,233)
Fund balance - beginning of year		2,445,103		2,445,103	2,445,103		-
Fund balance - end of year	<u>\$</u>	3,164,203	\$	3,199,233	\$ 	\$	(3,199,233)

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule Community Center Renovations Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

		Budgeted Amounts					0	Actual ver (Under) Final
		Original Final			Actual		Budget	
Revenues Interest income	\$	300	\$	10,000	\$	10,448	\$	448
Expenditures Capital outlay	_	700,300		850,300		743,701		(106,599)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(700,000)		(840,300)		(733,253)		107,047
Other Financing Sources Transfers in	_	700,000		800,000		800,000		
Net change in fund balance		-		(40,300)		66,747		107,047
Fund balance - beginning of year		50,200	_	50,200	_	50,200		
Fund balance - end of year	\$	50,200	\$	9,900	\$	116,947	\$	107,047

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2019

	Employees' Retirement System	Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund	Total
Assets			•
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,482,335	\$ 4,956,933	\$ 11,439,268
Investments:			
Equities	93,679,150	48,751,054	142,430,204
Fixed income	6,705,429	14,843,242	21,548,671
Other	49,625,726	11,233,576	60,859,302
Receivables	80,744	31,865	112,609
Due from other funds	85,647		85,647
Total assets	156,659,031	79,816,670	236,475,701
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	148,475	64,750	213,225
Due to other funds	- -	85,647	85,647
Due to primary government	20,349	659,415	679,764
Total liabilities	168,824	809,812	978,636
Not Decition			
Net Position  Hold in trust for paneign and other post ampleyment benefits	\$ 156,490,207	\$ 79,006,858	\$ 235,497,065
Held in trust for pension and other post employment benefits	ψ 130,490,201	Ψ 13,000,000	Ψ 200,401,000

## **City of Farmington Hills**

## Other Supplementary Information Fiduciary Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position For the Year Ended June 30, 2019

Additions	Employees' Retirement System	Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund	Total
Contributions: Employer Employee	\$ 5,762,354 917,588	\$ 767,528 237,683	\$ 6,529,882 1,155,271
Total contributions	6,679,942	1,005,211	7,685,153
Investment earnings Interest and dividends Net change in fair value of investments	2,597,028 4,982,951	1,805,984 2,365,208	4,403,012 7,348,159
Total investment earnings	7,579,979	4,171,192	11,751,171
Less investment expense	(1,378,486)	(589,156)	(1,967,642)
Net investment earnings	6,201,493	3,582,036	9,783,529
Total additions	12,881,435	4,587,247	17,468,682
Deductions Benefit payments Refunds of contributions	12,010,440 6,704	2,657,762 75,637	14,668,202 82,341
Total deductions	12,017,144	2,733,399	14,750,543
Change in net position	864,291	1,853,848	2,718,139
Net position restricted for pension and other post employment benefits - beginning of year	155,625,916	77,153,010	232,778,926
Net position restricted for pension and other post employment benefits - end of year	\$ 156,490,207	\$ 79,006,858	\$ 235,497,065

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Agency Funds Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

	Tax C		General Agency		 Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$	36,048 23,644 -	\$	504,148 5,234,263 2,413	\$ 540,196 5,257,907 2,413
Total assets	\$	59,692	\$	5,740,824	\$ 5,800,516
Liabilities Other liabilities Refundable deposits and bonds		40,557 19,135		1,429,818 4,311,006	1,470,375 4,330,141
Total liabilities	\$	59,692	\$	5,740,824	\$ 5,800,516

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

		Tax Collections					
	Ju	ıly 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	Ju	ne 30, 2019	
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds	\$	60,337	107,393,173 45,531 507	107,417,462 21,887 507	\$	36,048 23,644 -	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	60,337	\$ 107,439,211	\$ 107,439,856	\$	59,692	
Liabilities Tax collections distributable Other liabilities Refundable deposits and bonds	\$	- 40,945 19,392	\$ 107,749,781 40,557 19,135	\$ 107,749,781 40,945 19,392	\$	- 40,557 19,135	
Total liabilities	\$	60,337	\$ 107,809,473	\$ 107,810,118	\$	59,692	
		General Agency					
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables	\$	1,718,576 3,118,941 29,413	8,721,435 8,534,214 3,506	9,935,863 6,418,892 30,506	\$	504,148 5,234,263 2,413	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	4,866,930	<u>\$ 17,259,155</u>	\$ 16,385,261	\$	5,740,824	
Liabilities Other liabilities Refundable deposits and bonds		996,766 3,870,164	2,752,521 1,600,337	2,319,469 1,159,495		1,429,818 4,311,006	
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	4,866,930	\$ 4,352,858	\$ 3,478,964	\$	5,740,824	

# City of Farmington Hills Other Supplementary Information Agency Funds Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2019

		Total Agency Funds				
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2019		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables Due from other funds	\$ 1,778,91 3,118,94 29,41	1 8,579,745	117,353,325 6,440,779 30,506 507	\$ 540,196 5,257,907 2,413		
Total assets	\$ 4,927,26	<u>7</u> \$ 124,698,366	\$ 123,825,117	\$ 5,800,516		
Liabilities Tax collections distributable Other liabilities Refundable deposits and bonds	\$ - 1,037,71 3,889,55		\$ 107,749,781 2,360,414 1,178,887	\$ - 1,470,375 4,330,141		
Total liabilities	\$ 4,927,26	<u>7</u>	\$ 111,289,082	\$ 5,800,516		

### City of Farmington Hills Description of Statistical Section

This part of the City of Farmington Hills' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplemental information says about the City's overall financial health. Many of the schedules present data for the past fiscal years that will allow the reader to discern trends that cannot be seen in a single year's financial statements.

#### Contents

#### **Financial Trends:**

These schedules contain certain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial position and performance have changed over time.

#### **Revenue Capacity:**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate its main income source - property taxes.

#### **Debt Capacity:**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic Information:**

These schedules present various demographic and economic indicators for the reader to understand the environment within the City that affects the City's financial statements.

#### Operating Information:

These schedules contain information about the City's operations and resources to help the reader understand how the City's financial information relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

#### Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

#### City of Farmington Hills Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Governmental Activities:	 	 			 	 				
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 140,816,579	\$ 144,671,857	\$ 139,887,283	\$ 134,600,611	\$ 133,625,640	\$ 132,814,511	\$ 136,304,301	\$ 140,687,061	\$ 142,784,702	\$ 152,362,081
Restricted	12,389,692	12,908,263	14,068,925	16,437,051	16,177,067	14,835,556	17,383,179	25,378,243	27,368,668	14,735,839
Unrestricted	17,849,645	13,872,733	16,988,436	23,076,629	23,858,724	6,399,143	5,341,244	 (914,254)	5,817,769	(2,327,893)
Total net position	\$ 171,055,916	\$ 171,452,853	\$ 170,944,644	\$ 174,114,291	\$ 173,661,431	\$ 154,049,210	\$ 159,028,724	\$ 165,151,050	\$ 175,971,139	\$ 164,770,027
Business-type Activities:			 				 		 	 
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 80,875,970	\$ 77,009,256	\$ 75,525,323	\$ 73,672,425	\$ 73,322,194	\$ 65,547,709	\$ 72,467,388	\$ 66,261,936	\$ 66,690,516	\$ 66,301,953
Unrestricted	59,332,378	60,957,980	 61,849,983	65,142,322	 64,951,514	72,052,142	67,206,707	 75,685,405	77,017,904	78,451,561
Total net position	\$ 140,208,348	\$ 137,967,236	\$ 137,375,306	\$ 138,814,747	\$ 138,273,708	\$ 137,599,851	\$ 139,674,095	\$ 141,947,341	\$ 143,708,420	\$ 144,753,514
Primary Government in Total:		<u>.</u>			<u> </u>	<u>.</u>		<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 221,692,549	\$ 221,681,113	\$ 215,412,606	\$ 208,273,036	\$ 206,947,834	\$ 198,362,220	\$ 208,771,689	\$ 206,948,997	\$ 209,475,218	\$ 218,664,034
Restricted	12,389,692	12,908,263	14,068,925	16,437,051	16,177,067	14,835,556	17,383,179	25,378,243	27,368,668	14,735,839
Unrestricted	 77,182,023	 74,830,713	 78,838,419	88,218,951	 88,810,238	78,451,285	 72,547,951	 74,771,151	 82,835,673	 76,123,668
Total net position	\$ 311,264,264	\$ 309,420,089	\$ 308,319,950	\$ 312,929,038	\$ 311,935,139	\$ 291,649,061	\$ 298,702,819	\$ 307,098,391	\$ 319,679,559	\$ 309,523,541

#### City of Farmington Hills Changes in Governmental Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Expenses:										
General government	\$ 11,834,878	\$ 11,447,146	\$ 11,860,089	\$ 11,601,249	\$ 14,315,814	\$ 13,799,558	\$ 16,208,153	\$ 12,966,197	\$ 15,467,484	\$ 17,593,114
Public safety	29,303,406	28,145,708	27,907,504	27,976,966	26,778,223	30,663,569	31,598,884	32,569,828	33,101,621	38,570,736
Public services	15,012,680	14,050,633	16,618,458	17,153,100	18,265,922	17,710,227	19,333,197	20,560,119	20,309,790	27,456,946
Community and economic development	2,627,503	2,551,394	2,127,764	2,221,027	1,383,537	1,582,677	2,175,213	1,938,615	1,995,922	1,925,343
Recreation and culture	8,660,742	8,292,558	9,656,597	9,423,101	8,470,535	8,774,076	9,000,976	8,990,365	9,769,002	8,664,042
Interest on long-term debt	1,542,089	820,126	826,341	852,817	704,688	734,698	499,969	571,203	521,785	470,284
Total expenses	68,981,298	65,307,565	68,996,753	69,228,260	69,918,719	73,264,805	78,816,392	77,596,327	81,165,604	94,680,465
Program revenues:										
Charges for services										
General government	4,290,538	4,454,832	4,266,458	4,881,804	4,952,419	4,982,503	5,623,842	5,825,246	5,248,109	7,827,566
Public safety	1,609,738	1,998,642	1,785,872	1,839,403	1,858,740	2,115,647	2,098,423	2,170,085	2,070,345	2,332,747
Public services	2,381,587	606,504	3,732,813	3,425,246	2,162,983	1,929,655	2,135,470	2,046,939	2,174,599	3,809,043
Community & economic development	521,998	320,955	339,168	684,312	226,124	352,890	561,734	368,733	80,679	-
Recreation and culture	3,287,044	3,259,108	4,733,470	4,502,148	4,403,579	4,450,090	4,638,028	4,744,048	4,858,219	4,840,888
Total charges for services	12,090,905	10,640,041	14,857,781	15,332,913	13,603,845	13,830,785	15,057,497	15,155,051	14,431,951	18,810,244
Operating grants and contributions	8,331,014	7,329,185	7,622,017	7,302,716	7,938,020	8,858,842	11,345,832	16,625,862	11,125,360	12,322,939
Capital grants and contributions	2,509,096	2,171,050	952,324	141,774	209,289	331,999	148,957	175,637	851,238	
Total program revenue	22,931,015	20,140,276	23,432,122	22,777,403	21,751,154	23,021,626	26,552,286	31,956,550	26,408,549	31,133,183
Excess of Expenses Over Program Revenue	(46,050,283)	(45,167,289)	(45,564,631)	(46,450,857)	(48,167,565)	(50,243,179)	(52,264,106)	(45,639,777)	(54,757,055)	(63,547,282)
General revenues:										
Property taxes	41,422,186	37,311,396	36,296,428	40,043,211	38,910,074	39,015,386	46,644,560	46,432,310	48,612,050	50,044,486
State-shared revenues	5,655,971	5,668,550	6,162,235	6,164,601	6,359,066	6,477,230	6,773,437	7,824,407	8,112,310	8,589,005
Investment earnings	433,574	281,532	329,190	352,239	414,038	396,972	718,517	518,714	879,918	1,872,340
Gain (loss) on disposal	(109,127)	-	-	1,266	-	-	-	-	-	144,963
Special Items	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(8,982,681)
Miscellaneous	520,769	1,171,166	2,282,454	3,048,777	2,083,279	3,401,950	3,107,106	2,625,365	3,113,354	680,257
Total general revenues	47,923,373	44,432,644	45,070,307	49,610,094	47,766,457	49,291,538	57,243,620	57,400,796	60,717,632	52,348,370
Transfers	(690,431)	1,131,582	(13,885)	10,410	(51,752)	(59,369)				
Change in net position	\$ 1,182,659	\$ 396,937	\$ (508,209)	\$ 3,169,647	\$ (452,860)	\$ (1,011,010)	\$ 4,979,514	\$ 11,761,019	\$ 5,960,577	\$ (11,198,912)

Source: Annual financial statements

#### City of Farmington Hills Changes in Business-type Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Program Revenue Water and sewer Ice arena	\$ 23,908,712 1,219,251	\$ 24,279,215 \$ 1,184,769	26,095,005 \$	27,328,342 \$	24,749,466 \$	25,401,057 \$	26,460,743 \$	27,747,324 \$	27,029,571 \$	29,546,893
Operating grants and contributions Capital grants and contributions Capital and debt service charges	598,881 -	271,651	- 89,998 -	- 184,920 -	- 281,559 -	- 352,150 -	- 265,413 -	847,316 -	2,204,688 -	- 713,391 -
Total program revenue	25,726,844	25,735,635	26,185,003	27,513,262	25,031,025	25,753,207	26,726,156	28,594,640	29,234,259	30,260,284
Operating Expenses										
Water and sewer Ice arena	24,571,599 1,272,895		27,121,031	26,084,669	26,344,508	26,769,838	24,962,971	26,340,919	27,618,360	30,060,159
Interest expense Other	1,272,033 142,699 5,950	120,815	36,645	164,044 39,405	166,488 40,745	322,305	426,514	556,588	781,888	980,526
Total operating expenses	25,993,143	27,567,275	27,157,676	26,288,118	26,551,741	27,092,143	25,389,485	26,897,507	28,400,248	31,040,685
Net (Expenses) Revenue	(266,299	(1,831,640)	(972,673)	1,225,144	(1,520,716)	(1,338,936)	1,336,671	1,697,133	834,011	(780,401)
General Revenue - Investment earnings and other	914,399	722,110	366,858	231,707	920,925	605,710	737,573	576,113	927,068	1,825,495
Transfers	690,431	(1,131,582)	13,885	(10,410)	51,752	59,369		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-
Total Change in Net Position	\$ 1,338,531	\$ (2,241,112)	(591,930) \$	1,446,441 \$	(548,039) \$	(673,857) \$	2,074,244 \$	2,273,246 \$	1,761,079 \$	1,045,094
Change in Net Position - Primary Government	\$ 2,521,190	\$ (1,844,175)	(1,100,139) \$	4,616,088 \$	(1,000,899) \$	(1,684,867) \$	7,053,758 \$	14,034,265 \$	7,721,656 \$	(10,153,818)

#### City of Farmington Hills Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	 2010	 2011	 2012	 2013	 2014	 2015	 2016	 2017	 2018	 2019
General Fund:										
Reserved	\$ 1,417,815	\$ -								
Unreserved	12,307,283	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	1,117,317	945,439	893,952	996,654	839,501	1,032,308	983,364	838,111	867,649
Committed	-	-	-	-	22,408	22,408	22,409	22,409	22,409	-
Assigned	-	4,155,457	7,017,349	11,577,446	12,178,626	12,888,638	16,409,880	17,599,194	19,224,548	20,714,136
Unassigned	-	9,437,112	10,048,155	10,704,367	11,599,339	13,987,360	13,418,341	14,558,909	14,941,090	15,684,325
Total general fund	 13,725,098	14,709,886	18,010,943	23,175,765	24,797,027	27,737,907	30,882,938	33,163,876	35,026,158	37,266,110
All other governmental funds:										
Unreserved reported in:										
Special revenue funds	8,767,426	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital project funds	5,742,432	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service funds	1,941,551	-	-	-	(279,629)	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable										
Special revenue funds	-	-	122,063	-	-	32	-	199,698	-	-
Capital project funds	-	-	-	-	-	2,405	-	-	78,500	-
Restricted										
Special revenue funds	-	7,161,071	6,696,348	8,125,155	8,532,419	8,217,395	9,301,626	10,213,655	16,215,802	18,117,308
Capital project funds	-	2,308	-	-	796,306	-	-	-	-	-
Debt service funds	-	1,620,018	910,852	2,090,379	2,177,737	2,097,263	2,113,034	2,094,668	1,994,366	-
Committed										
Special revenue funds	-	53,029	52,953	52,673	52,534	52,536	52,986	52,997	53,159	-
Capital project funds	-	500,606	1,125,361	1,937,953	643,726	241,695	874,876	1,670,443	2,445,103	-
Assigned										
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	150,000	-	-	-	-
Capital project funds	-	3,678,552	3,745,413	4,599,724	2,386,920	2,126,379	2,902,057	1,778,128	3,771,142	3,768,298
Debt service funds	-	165,439	186,844	9,549	164,698	162,297	162,344	144,293	137,484	146,786
Total other governmental funds	\$ 16,451,409	\$ 13,181,023	\$ 12,839,834	\$ 16,815,433	\$ 14,474,711	\$ 13,050,002	\$ 15,406,923	\$ 16,153,882	\$ 24,695,556	\$ 22,032,392

Note: Fund balance classifications were changed as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 54. Source: Annual Financial Statements

#### City of Farmington Hills Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2010	 2011	2012	2013	 2014		2015	2016		2017	2018	2019
Revenue													
Property taxes	\$	41,422,186	\$ 37,310,917	\$ 36,296,428	\$ 40,042,754	\$ 38,909,350	\$	39,244,016	\$ 46,644,560	\$	46,432,310	\$ 48,612,050	\$ 50,218,109
Special assessments		1,371,632	1,180,232	825,939	1,522,384	1,103,197		954,676	1,267,377		2,102,178	2,284,000	1,402,272
Licenses and permits		696,238	959,129	828,944	1,392,631	1,357,184		1,224,287	1,558,094		1,913,682	1,417,161	1,783,163
Federal grants		1,657,364	1,570,264	1,553,090	1,574,646	1,250,376		1,187,938	1,321,952		1,528,952	1,345,653	963,179
State-shared revenue and grants		11,261,806	11,403,975	12,065,581	12,070,546	12,822,738		13,441,669	14,284,441		15,546,926	17,428,020	19,179,709
Other grants and contributions		1,244,571	78,239	9,442	167,114	255,452		280,500	254,787		259,606	273,269	174,372
Charges for services		8,009,200	8,296,569	10,094,367	10,391,874	9,598,537		10,228,020	11,020,824		10,939,531	11,062,483	11,407,257
Fines and forfeitures		2,490,154	2,264,792	2.149.847	2.113.071	2.141.689		2.179.726	2.145.354		2.006.801	2.085.541	2.197.948
Investment income		433,574	281,532	329,190	352,239	414,038		396,972	718,517		518,714	879,918	1,926,079
Other and equipment rental		927,003	1,199,417	2,649,834	2,748,202	2,239,825		3,192,688	2,686,204		2,883,400	3,691,309	3,067,183
Total revenue		69,513,728	64,545,066	66,802,662	 72,375,461	70,092,386		72,330,492	81,902,110		84,132,100	89,079,404	92,319,271
Expenditures													
Current:													
General government		11,168,240	9,944,032	9,927,183	9,786,890	13,584,599		12,087,690	11,924,336		12,354,442	12,700,889	12,896,343
Public safety		28,579,181	26,678,671	26,872,083	26,737,217	26,920,590		28,781,433	28,583,053		29,916,423	30,556,875	30,825,852
Public services		9,627,908	8,842,900	12,120,024	12,114,741	12,863,648		12,388,557	14,299,423		15,523,489	14,115,430	19,879,270
Community and economic development		2,678,034	2,544,986	2,049,923	2,173,913	1,542,280		1,559,679	2,141,207		2,024,943	1,984,459	1,924,657
Recreation and culture		7,071,455	7,000,012	7,869,482	7,697,595	7,102,151		7,521,804	7,789,813		7,862,950	8,488,297	8,642,314
Capital outlay		18,219,667	8,672,572	2,347,706	5,571,436	5,980,088		5,695,657	9,723,407		21,574,339	8,069,908	15,913,541
Debt service principal		2,510,789	2,492,362	1,886,273	1,823,071	2,120,284		2,130,512	1,550,231		1,640,000	2,410,000	2,355,000
Debt service interest and fees		1,621,958	840,828	811,236	886,949	707,455		737,302	480,992		571,018	533,763	490,901
Total expenditures		81,477,232	 67,016,363	 63,883,910	66,791,812	 70,821,095		70,902,634	 76,492,462		91,467,604	 78,859,621	 92,927,878
				,									
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		(11,963,504)	(2,471,297)	2,918,752	5,583,649	(728,709)		1,427,858	5,409,648		(7,335,504)	10,219,783	(608,607)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)													
Debt issuance		-	-	-	3,523,547	-		-	-		14,015,246	-	-
Transfers in		9,612,220	6,637,322	6,644,366	10,143,304	10,402,521		10,291,938	14,270,227		17,870,989	16,749,125	22,750,816
Transfers out		(10,302,651)	(6,795,012)	(6,658,251)	(10,132,894)	(10,454,273)		(10,351,307)	(14,270,227)		(17,870,989)	(16,749,125)	(22,750,816)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		164,063	343,389	55,001	22,815	61,001		147,682	92,304		112,115	184,173	185,395
Debt defeasance			-		-	-		-			(3,763,960)	 -	
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	(526,368)	 185,699	 41,116	 3,556,772	 9,249	_	88,313	 92,304	_	10,363,401	 184,173	 185,395
Net change in fund balances		(12,489,872)	(2,285,598)	2,959,868	9,140,421	(719,460)		1,516,171	5,501,952		3,027,897	10,403,956	(423,212)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		42,666,379	 30,176,507	 27,890,909	30,850,777	 39,991,198		39,271,738	 40,787,909		46,289,861	 49,317,758	 59,721,714
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	30,176,507	\$ 27,890,909	\$ 30,850,777	\$ 39,991,198	\$ 39,271,738	\$	40,787,909	\$ 46,289,861	\$	49,317,758	\$ 59,721,714	\$ 59,298,502
Ratio of Total Debt Service to Noncapital Expenditures		6.53%	5.71%	4.38%	4.43%	4.36%		4.40%	3.04%		3.16%	4.16%	3.70%

Source: Annual Financial Statements

### City of Farmington Hills Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

									Es	timated Actual	Taxable Value as a
Tax Year	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	F	Personal Property	IFT	Total Value	Tax Rate (mills)		Value	% of Actual
2010	\$ 2,265,145,125	\$ 842,383,500	\$ 246,302,990	\$	259,823,290	\$ 1,962,820	\$ 3,615,617,725	10.0216	\$	3,681,476,945	98.21%
2011	2,070,714,280	814,312,450	146,524,070		252,232,440	2,145,600	3,285,928,840	10.6180		3,316,262,400	99.09%
2012	1,998,603,460	734,201,260	102,233,330		245,166,290	1,871,620	3,082,075,960	12.3506		3,109,995,440	99.10%
2013	2,019,538,140	683,545,680	92,935,440		247,268,750	2,557,680	3,045,845,690	12.3538		3,087,553,500	98.65%
2014	2,071,108,470	654,855,950	92,381,530		235,714,160	2,101,850	3,056,161,960	12.3806		3,260,293,240	93.74%
2015	2,140,673,280	647,245,830	94,923,440		245,515,980	1,515,030	3,129,873,560	14.3908		3,555,094,530	88.04%
2016	2,181,346,960	649,105,680	93,312,600		203,299,780	1,036,930	3,128,101,950	14.3273		3,752,944,510	83.35%
2017	2,244,198,190	666,176,630	94,984,180		202,500,580	929,350	3,208,788,930	14.6569		3,975,835,450	80.71%
2018	2,328,645,800	686,193,840	105,437,480		195,872,700	846,360	3,316,996,180	14.5794		4,151,773,160	79.89%
2019	2,424,630,660	715,406,880	111,975,400		207,556,420	667,030	3,460,236,390	17.1905		4,407,606,380	78.51%

<sup>(1)</sup> Under Michigan law, the revenue base is taxable value. Taxes levied in a particular "tax year" become revenue of the subsequent fiscal year

Source: City Assessing Department records

#### City of Farmington Hills Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

						Ove	erlapping Tax	es											
			Voted	·				Oakland	Schoolcraft	Intermediate		School:	School:	School:	School: Non-	School: Non-	School: Non-		
	General		Special	Total Direct				Community	Community	School	State	Homestead	Homestead	Homestead	Homestead	Homestead	Homestead	Zoo	
Tax Year	Operating	Debt	Purpose	Taxes	County	OCPTA	Library	College	College	District	Education	Farmington	Clarenceville	Walled Lake	Farmington	Clarenceville	Walled Lake	Authority	Art Institute
2009	7.5301	0.5269	1.9646	10.0216	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	6.0000	10.1442	5.1146	6.4793	19.8000	22.5000	22.5000	0.1000	-
2010	7.4089	0.6481	1.9646	10.0216	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	6.0000	12.0278	5.1922	6.7508	20.1000	22.5000	22.5000	0.1000	-
2011	8.1522	0.5012	1.9646	10.6180	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	6.0000	12.3334	4.5000	6.8812	20.1800	22.5000	22.5000	0.1000	-
2012	8.1163	0.5697	3.6646	12.3506	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	6.0000	13.3810	4.5000	7.0254	20.5600	22.5000	22.5600	0.1000	0.2000
2013	8.0579	0.6313	3.6646	12.3538	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	6.0000	13.0140	4.5000	7.4730	20.5600	22.5000	23.1445	0.1000	0.2000
2014	8.0792	0.6368	3.6646	12.3806	4.6461	1.0000	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967	3.3690	6.0000	11.7472	4.5000	7.6843	20.2600	22.5000	23.4872	0.1000	0.2000
2015	8.2774	0.4488	5.6646	14.3908	4.5456	0.9998	1.5856	1.5819	1.7967	3.3633	6.0000	12.4418	4.5000	7.2841	21.4400	22.5000	23.1180	0.0998	0.1996
2016	8.2218	0.4671	5.6384	14.3273	4.4938	0.9941	1.5781	1.5707	1.7880	3.3398	6.0000	12.1482	4.5000	7.0150	21.4400	22.5000	22.9279	0.0990	0.1981
2017	8.6232	0.4434	5.5903	14.6569	4.4908	0.9863	1.5644	1.5555	1.7766	3.3079	6.0000	11.4268	4.5000	6.9458	21.3000	22.5000	20.4179	0.0980	0.1961
2018	8.6410	0.3892	5.5492	14.5794	4.4878	1.0000	1.5517	1.5431	1.7662	3.2813	6.0000	11.3026	4.4626	6.7968	21.3000	22.4626	22.5643	0.0982	0.1945

Note: Includes Capital, Refuse Removal and Economic Development Millages

Source: City Assessing Department records

#### City of Farmington Hills Principal Property Taxpayers Last Ten Years (Unaudited)

	Taxpayer	2019 Taxable Value	Percentage of Total	2010 Taxable Value	Percentage of Total	2010 Rank
1	Oakland Management Co.	\$ 67,477,830	1.95	\$ 75,084,240	2.08	1
2	Detroit Edison	38,573,090	1.11	25,745,980	0.71	5
3	Consumers Energy	22,588,800	0.65	6,983,130	N/A	N/A
4	FH Corporate Investors (Kojaian)	21,870,800	0.63	50,356,830	1.39	2
5	Independence Green Apts.	20,468,510	0.59	16,079,590	0.44	11
6	Green Hill Apartments	18,384,510	0.53	16,103,890	0.45	10
7	Nissan Corp.	15,044,400	0.43	36,201,380	1.00	4
8	Finsilver Friedman	14,857,450	0.43	13,509,040	N/A	N/A
9	Ramco/Lion Venture LP	14,789,880	0.43	18,539,840	0.51	7
10	Robert Bosch Corp	13,634,890	0.39	39,446,180	1.09	3

Source: City Assessing Department Records

# City of Farmington Hills Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

				Delin	quent Collections			Percent of Levy
Fiscal Year	 Total Levy (1)	Collections	Percent Collected		(Real)	Tota	al Tax Collections	Collected
2010	\$ 41,425,383	\$ 40,166,471	96.96%	\$	987,383	\$	41,153,854	99.34%
2011	35,915,797	34,911,860	97.20%		915,419		35,827,279	99.75%
2012	34,427,859	33,549,142	97.45%		854,721		34,403,863	99.93%
2013	37,762,324	36,966,855	97.89%		670,497		37,637,352	99.67%
2014	37,629,773	36,922,255	98.12%		650,236		37,572,491	99.85%
2015	37,756,272	37,247,698	98.65%		464,793		37,712,491	99.88%
2016	44,773,169	44,164,096	98.64%		563,701		44,727,797	99.90%
2017	44,753,190	44,190,157	98.74%		525,565		44,715,722	99.92%
2018	46,939,639	46,311,617	98.66%		585,082		46,896,699	99.91%
2019	48,336,062	47,730,339	98.75%		556,469		48,286,808	99.90%

<sup>(1)</sup> Does not include penalty and interest on late payment of taxes.

Source: City Treasurer's Office records

#### City of Farmington Hills Ratios of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

		2010	2011		2012		2013		2014		2015	2016		2017		2018		2019
General obligation bonds	\$	17,280,000		\$	16,953,750	\$	16,574,800	\$	15,521,374	\$	13,772,393 \$	12,492,161	\$	11,216,930 \$	3	9,701,699 \$		8,015,000
County contractual obligations Special assessment bonds		1,590,821 1,295,000	483,459 750,000		372,186 300,000		245,565 2,495,000		122,781 2,135,000		1,860,000	1,590,000		11,496,034		10,539,376		9,110,000
Total governmental activities	_	20,165,821	19,479,709	_	17,625,936		19,315,365		17,779,155		15,632,393	14,082,161	_	22,712,964		20,241,075		17,125,000
Business-type Activities: General obligation bonds		2,345,000	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		-		-
County contractual obligations  Total business-type activities	_	2,345,000	<u> </u>	_	<u> </u>	_	6,800,000 6,800,000	_	6,570,000 6,570,000	_	16,712,242 16,712,242	18,974,676 18,974,676	_	29,980,124 29,980,124		31,384,402 31,384,402		30,079,768 30,079,768
Total Debt of the Government	\$	22,510,821	\$ 19,479,709	\$	17,625,936	\$	26,115,365	\$	24,349,155	\$	32,344,635 \$	33,056,837	\$	52,693,088 \$	;	51,625,477 \$		47,204,768
Total Taxable Value	\$	4,165,008,570	\$ 3,619,696,470	\$	3,283,783,240	\$	3,080,204,340	\$	3,043,288,010	\$	3,054,060,110 \$	3,128,358,530	\$	3,127,065,020 \$	3,	,207,859,580 \$	3	,207,859,580
Ratio of Total Debt to Taxable Value		0.54%	0.54%		0.54%		0.85%		0.80%		1.06%	1.06%		1.69%		1.61%		1.47%
Total Population		79,740	79,740		79,777		80,895		81,798		81,910	81,412		81,803		81,129		81,093
Total Debt per Capita	\$	282	\$ 244	\$	221	\$	323	\$	298	\$	395 \$	406	\$	644 \$	6	636 \$		582
Per Capita Personal Income	\$	2,251,971,438	\$ 2,275,400,877	\$	2,277,570,573	\$	2,322,591,765	\$	2,356,493,265	\$	2,382,461,814 \$	2,370,596,289	\$	2,367,002,730 \$	2,	,317,845,555 \$	2	,349,102,738
Ratio of Debt to Personal Income		1.00%	0.86%		0.77%		1.12%		1.03%		1.36%	1.39%		2.23%		2.23%		2.01%

Source: City Annual Financial Statements: Population data reported from demographics data.

## City of Farmington Hills Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	<i></i>	Advalorem + IFT Assessed Value (SEV)	Estimated Population	General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Obligation Debt to Assessed Value (Percent)	Obligation Debt
2010	\$	4,300,702,530	79,740	\$ 17,280,000	0.40%	\$ 217
2011		3,681,476,945	79,740	18,246,250	0.50%	229
2012		3,316,262,400	79,777	16,953,750	0.51%	213
2013		3,109,995,440	80,895	16,574,800	0.53%	205
2014		3,087,553,500	81,798	15,521,374	0.50%	190
2015		3,260,293,240	81,910	13,772,393	0.42%	168
2016		3,555,094,530	81,412	12,492,161	0.35%	153
2017		3,752,944,510	81,803	11,216,930	0.30%	137
2018		3,975,835,450	81,129	9,701,699	0.24%	120
2019		4,151,773,160	81,093	8,015,000	0.19%	99

Note: General bonded debt - Includes General Obligation and Building Authority Bonds.

Note: As of 2011, General Bonded Debt includes General Obligation Bonds for the Ice Arena.

The debt service requirements of all remaining debt are currently funded through revenue sources other than property taxes.

## City of Farmington Hills Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Jurisdiction	I.	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percent Applicable to Farmington Hills Taxpayers	to	ount Applicable o Farmington ills Taxpayers
Direct Debt - City of Farmington Hills	\$	17,125,000	100.00%	\$	17,125,000
Overlapping debt:					
Farmington School District		115,845,000	86.75%		100,495,538
Walled Lake School District		154,475,000	3.05%		4,711,488
Oakland County at Large		314,844,309	5.73%		18,040,579
Oakland County Intermediate School District		43,855,000	5.75%		2,521,663
Schoolcraft Community College		28,160,000	0.63%		177,408
Total overlapping debt		640,085,795			125,946,675
Total direct and overlapping debt	\$	657,210,795		\$	143,071,675

Note: Direct debt - For the purpose of this schedule, direct debt is defined as all Governmental Activities bonded debt less deferred amounts.

Source: City Records and the Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan

### City of Farmington Hills Legal Debt Margins Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Debt Limit (Fiscal Year Ended) (1)										
State equalized valuation (previous year)	\$ 4,300,702,530	\$ 3,681,476,945	\$ 3,316,262,400	\$ 3,109,995,440	\$ 3,087,553,500	\$ 3,260,293,240	\$ 3,555,094,530	\$ 3,751,907,580	\$ 3,974,906,100	\$ 4,151,773,160
Debt limit (10 percent of SEV) (2)	430,070,253	368,147,695	331,626,240	310,999,544	308,755,350	326,029,324	355,509,453	375,190,758	397,490,610	415,177,316
Debt Applicable to Debt Limit Total bonded debt Less deductions allowed by law:	22,510,821	19,479,709	17,625,936	26,115,365	24,349,155	32,344,635	33,056,837	52,693,088	52,693,088	47,204,768
Special Assessment Bonds	1,295,000	750,000	300,000	2,495,000	2,135,000	1,860,000	1,590,000	11,496,034	11,496,034	9,110,000
Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit	21,215,821	18,729,709	17,325,936	23,620,365	22,214,155	30,484,635	31,466,837	41,197,054	41,197,054	38,094,768
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 408,854,432	\$ 349,417,986	\$ 314,300,304	\$ 287,379,179	\$ 286,541,195	\$ 295,544,689	\$ 324,042,616	\$ 333,993,704	\$ 356,293,556	\$ 377,082,548
Net Debt Subject to Limit as Percentage of Debt Limit	4.93%	5.09%	5.22%	7.59%	7.19%	9.35%	8.85%	10.98%	10.36%	9.18%

Source: City budget and financial statements

<sup>(1)</sup> The legal debt limit continues to be derived from State Equalized Value (SEV), not Taxable Value (TV). (2) Debt limit set forth in Section 4a, Act 279 of 1909 and Act 202, P.A. 1943 as amended by Act 42 P.A. 1960

# City of Farmington Hills Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

			Ν	ledian Personal	Med	dian Per Capita		Number of Occupied	7	Fotal Personal
Fiscal year	Population					ersonal Income	Unemployment Rate	Households	•	Income
2010	79,740	(1)	\$	67,493	\$	28,241	13.1%	33,366	\$	2,251,971,438
2011	79,740	(1)		67,803		28,535	11.3%	33,559		2,275,400,877
2012	79,777	(1)		67,803		28,549	9.8%	33,591		2,277,570,573
2013	80,895	(1)		67,803		28,711	9.4%	34,255		2,322,591,765
2014	81,798	(1)		67,803		28,809	7.6%	34,755		2,356,493,265
2015	81,910	(1)		67,803		29,086	5.6%	35,138		2,382,461,814
2016	81,412	(1)		67,803		29,119	5.1%	34,963		2,370,596,289
2017	81,803	(1)		67,803		28,935	3.6%	34,910		2,367,002,730
2018	81,129	(1)		67,803		28,570	3.9%	34,185		2,317,845,555
2019	81,093	(1)		67,803		28,968	4.0%	34,646		2,349,102,738

Note: Personal income is equal to the median household income and only available per the decennial census data/American Factfinder/ SEMCOG

(1) U.S. Department of Commerce/Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics/SEMCOG

#### City of Farmington Hills Principal Employers June 30, 2019 (Unaudited)

Employer	2019 Employees	Percentage of Total	2010 Employees	Percentage of Total	2010 Rank
1 Beaumont Hospital - Farmington Hills (1)	2,500	3.74%	2,000	3.77%	1
2 Robert Bosch Corporation	1,400	2.09%	1,600	3.02%	3
3 Nissan Technical Center North America	1,200	1.80%	500	0.94%	7
4 Hitachi	1,200	1.80%	230	0.43%	9
5 Farmington Public Schools	1,100	1.65%	1,700	3.21%	2
6 TRW Automotive Electronics	650	0.97%	300	0.57%	8
7 Mercedes-Benz Financial Services (2)	650	0.97%	600	1.13%	6
8 Concentrix (3)	550	0.82%	700	1.32%	5
9 Cengage Learning Gale	500	0.75%	850	1.60%	4
10 Mahle	500	0.75%	160	0.30%	10

Source: City Records, Individual Employers and United States Census Bureau

<sup>(1)</sup> In 2010, was Botsford Hospital

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2010, was Daimler Financial Services

<sup>(3)</sup> In 2010, was Aditya Birla Minacs

### City of Farmington Hills Full-time Equivalent Government Employees Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
General Government (1)										
City administration	6.10	5.00	5.00	5.50	5.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	5.10	4.79
Finance	22.38	18.94	18.79	19.00	19.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.09	20.09
City clerk	7.58	6.84	6.36	6.62	6.65	6.31	6.34	6.35	6.20	6.28
Human resources	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.14	4.14	4.14
Central services	9.50	9.40	9.26	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.90	9.90
Public Safety (2)										
Police	168.54	145.87	144.84	152.72	152.88	153.88	154.14	153.79	153.74	152.79
Fire and EMS	84.95	81.95	81.95	84.95	93.63	93.63	93.63	91.70	93.92	91.69
Public Services (3)										
Administration	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Road maintenance	23.83	21.12	21.12	22.46	22.46	23.46	26.92	26.92	27.92	26.46
Building maintenance	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Engineering	17.50	14.00	13.00	14.28	15.31	15.31	15.31	15.39	15.32	15.32
D.P.W. garage	10.50	10.50	11.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	13.00	13.00	12.00	11.60
Waste collection/recycling	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Planning and Community										
Development (4)	24.20	19.00	18.60	18.60	18.60	18.00	19.00	19.04	19.37	19.50
Special Services (5)										
Administration	20.32	18.90	19.96	19.90	20.95	20.98	21.15	20.55	22.25	22.00
Public information	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	6.10	6.10	6.10
Youth and families	8.90	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.56	9.73	9.73	9.73
Senior adults	26.44	25.63	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53	26.13	26.13	26.16	26.25
Parks division	23.62	22.73	24.52	24.10	24.87	24.87	25.83	25.70	25.59	24.92
Cultural arts	3.32	2.47	2.47	2.65	2.75	3.40	3.47	3.47	3.47	3.47
Golf course division	13.80	12.71	12.32	12.50	13.17	13.01	13.57	13.46	13.41	13.43
Recreation	-	-	-	-	-	10.32	11.81	11.69	12.05	12.92
Ice arena	17.34	15.16	15.19	14.13	14.13	14.13	12.66	13.16	13.41	13.16
Total (6)	505.82	455.22	456.91	470.34	482.83	497.23	504.92	504.72	508.87	503.54

<sup>(1)</sup> General Government FTE's decreased by 0.23 or 0.51% in 2019.

Source: City personnel/budget records

<sup>(2)</sup> Public Safety FTE's decreased by 3.18 or 1.28% in 2019.

<sup>(3)</sup> Public Services FTE's decreased by 1.86 or 2.9% in 2019.

<sup>(4)</sup> Planning and Community Development FTE's increased by 0.13 or 0.67% in 2019.

<sup>(5)</sup> Special Services FTE's decreased by 0.19 or 0.14% in 2019.

<sup>(6)</sup> City-wide FTE's decreased by 5.33 or 1.05% in 2019.

#### City of Farmington Hills Operating Indicators Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

Function/Program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Police:										
Physical Arrests	2,627	2,248	3,050	3,435	3,002	3,016	2,486	2,805	2,830	2,692
Traffic violations	17,295	16,377	12,207	12,207	10,441	9,305	7,606	8,861	9,000	9,593
Fire:										
Total incidents	7,060	7,278	7,696	8,003	8,539	8,763	9,027	9,208	9,524	9,500
Public education programs	196	26	39	43	98	104	112	112	140	140
Fire loss	\$ 4,909,621	\$ 4,837,303	\$ 2,172,105	\$ 10,994,335	\$ 3,901,800	\$ 4,200,900	\$ 2,719,603	\$ 2,830,913	\$ 8,577,000	\$ 3,888,500
Public works:										
Dwelling units receiving refuse service	23,145	23,160	23,163	23,178	23,227	23,320	23,329	23,343	23,356	23,372
Percentage of waste stream recycled	36.00	36.00	46.00	44.00	44.20	43.40	44.00	39.40	42.00	42.00
Parks and recreation:										
Recreation programs	2,535	2,570	2,590	2,610	2,630	2,640	2,660	2,670	2,690	2,714
Water:										
Water customers	22,734	22,707	22,698	22,698	22,768	22,838	22,910	22,982	22,966	23,094
Water main breaks	60	56	59	56	81	52	40	53	47	39
Total consumption (mcf)	431,059	427,336	396,125	390,000	400,658	351,872	370,493	391,749	371,701	340,512
Average consumption per user (mcf/year)	18.96	18.82	17.45	17.18	17.60	15.41	16.17	17.05	16.18	14.75
Sewer:										
Average consumption per user (mcf/year)	17.77	19.65	17.41	14.75	15.69	17.01	17.06	18.36	18.12	18.75
Metered Volume (mcf)	398,189	439,761	389,528	330,161	352,562	383,701	385,851	416,257	410,961	426,641
Sewer customers	22,407	22,383	22,379	22,379	22,473	22,553	22,618	22,667	22,684	22,756

Source: City records, Department annual reports, and Oakland County Water Resources Commissioner's Office

#### City of Farmington Hills Capital Asset Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years (Unaudited)

	2242	2211	0040	0040	0044	0045	0040	0047	0040	2242
Function/ program	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Police:										
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fleet vehicles	73	64	64	67	67	67	68	69	69	69
Fire:										
Stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Trucks (4)	16	16	16	17	17	18	18	17	16	16
Public Works - Streets (miles)										
Major	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36
Local	245.71	245.71	245.79	246.38	246.38	246.38	246.38	246.38	246.38	246.87
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage	633	636	636	636	636	636	636	636	636	636
Playgrounds	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	6	6	6
Football/Soccer fields (2)	17	17	19	19	19	19	19	19	19	19
Baseball/Softball diamonds (3)	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Pools/Splash pads	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ice arena	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Community center	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Senior center	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Golf course	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water:										
Mains (miles)	471	471	472	472	449	456	456	457	459	459
Fire hydrants	5,045	5,047	5,127	5,127	5,103	5,115	5,126	5,156	5,169	5,169
Storage capacity (gallons)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Sewer:										
Miles of sanitary sewers	327	327	329	329	328	328	329	329	329	329
Treatment capacity	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

Source: City records, department annual reports, and Oakland County Drain Commission

<sup>(1)</sup> Information not available

<sup>(2)</sup> Plus the City maintains 31 football/soccer fields for other entities.

<sup>(3)</sup> Plus the City maintains 30 baseball/softball diamonds for other entities.

<sup>(4)</sup> Plus 18 other vehicles and equipment.