# CITY OF FARMINGTON HILLS, MICHIGAN Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017























Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017

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November 21, 2017

Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of Farmington Hills

We are pleased to submit the comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) of the City of Farmington Hills (the "City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. This report was prepared by the Finance Department in conformance with regulations and standards set forth by the City Charter, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and its Committee on Governmental Accounting and Auditing, generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the Treasurer of the State of Michigan, and the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA). This report consists of management representations concerning the finances of the City of Farmington Hills. Therefore, responsibility for the accuracy, completeness, reliability, and fairness of the financial data herein, including all disclosures, rests with the administration and management of the City of Farmington Hills. We believe the data presented is accurate in all material respects, that it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City, and that all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain the maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs have been included. The statements have been audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by Plante & Moran, PLLC, a certified public accounting firm licensed by the State of Michigan.

Since the report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Farmington Hills, a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for preparation of the City of Farmington Hills' financial statements in conformity with GAAP has been established. However, due to the fact that the internal control systems should be cost effective, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement.

Plante & Moran, PLLC has audited the City of Farmington Hills' financial statements to provide reasonable assurance that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures contained in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation.

The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City of Farmington Hills' financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of the report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "single audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing single audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. This report is available in the City of Farmington Hills' separately issued single audit report.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of a management's discussion and analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Farmington Hills' MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

#### **Profile of the Government**

The City of Farmington Hills was incorporated in 1973 and is a 34-square mile suburban community with a pastoral and gently rolling terrain in Oakland County, Michigan. The City possesses an ideal location that is within an hour's drive of the Ann Arbor technology corridor, 25 minutes to downtown Detroit and Detroit Metro Airport, and is also the focal point of a freeway network for southeast Michigan to the industrial centers of Warren, the Saginaw/Flint area, Lansing, and Toledo, Ohio. Approximately half of America's disposable income, half of the country's work force, and nearly half of the total U.S. population are within a 500-mile radius of the City.

The City is enhanced by exemplary educational opportunities for kindergarten through 12<sup>th</sup> grade via both public and private schools and a premier district library system. Twelve major colleges and universities are within a 45-minute drive of the community. A broad spectrum of recreational and cultural activities is also available within the City or within a short drive. Quality health care is provided by Beaumont Hospital, a full-service teaching hospital with a Level II Trauma Center and Certified Stroke Center and which is associated with Michigan State University. Many additional medical centers and hospitals are within a half-hour driving distance of the City.

The community offers a wide range of quality housing featuring homes in every style and price range. There are many premier residential areas providing housing options including more than 25,000 single-family homes and over 9,900 rental units designed to fit every lifestyle. Home prices range from under \$100,000 to \$3 million, with the average home priced at approximately \$227,600.

The City operates under the City Council/city manager form of government with seven elected officials, a mayor, and six City Council members representing the citizens of the City of Farmington Hills. The mayor is elected directly by the electorate for not more than two consecutive, two-year terms. The six city council members are elected at large for staggered terms of four years each. The mayor and City Council establish all policies for the City government. The city manager is appointed by the City Council.

The City of Farmington Hills provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets, and other infrastructure; recreational activities and cultural events; and refuse collection and recycling services. Utility services for water and sanitary sewers are provided by the City, with the Oakland County Water Resources Commission administrating the service for water and sanitary sewers under contract with the City. Library functions are provided by the Farmington Community Library, which serves both the City of Farmington Hills and the neighboring City of Farmington.

City Hall, which is a LEED Gold certified facility, will serve the community well through the coming decades by allowing the City to improve its energy and operational efficiencies, strengthen its community image, and provide flexibility in meeting the needs of the community.

Economic development efforts have been promoted by the City of Farmington Hills Economic Development Corporation, a component unit of the City whose financial statements are displayed in the basic financial statements.

The other component units of the City are the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority, established by the City Council to assist in the redevelopment of environmentally challenged sites within the City; and the Corridor Improvement Authority, created by the City Council to correct and prevent deterioration in business districts, encourage historic preservation, and promote economic growth. The Corridor Improvement Authority was created in collaboration with the City of Farmington in sharing a corridor to leverage investments by defraying some of the costs of redevelopment and sharing resources that can be invested in improvements. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority and the Corridor Improvement Authority financial statements are also displayed in the basic financial statements.

The City's annual budget provides the foundation for financial planning and control. All departments funded by the City of Farmington Hills are required to submit requests for appropriations to the city manager in February of each year. The city manager utilizes these requests as the basis for developing the proposed budget submitted to City Council by the first regular council meeting in May. In conformity with Article VII General Finance of the City Charter and the State of Michigan Uniform Budgets Act, a public hearing on the proposed annual budget and tax rates is held by the first regular council meeting in June, after public notice of the meeting and hearing is published at least seven days prior to the public hearing. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police department). Department heads may make transfers of appropriated funds within a department with the approval of the city manager and finance director. Transfers of appropriations between departments require approval by the City Council. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each governmental fund in which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. For the General Fund and the major Special Revenue Funds (Major Road Fund, Local Road Fund, and the Public Safety Fund), the comparison is reported as part of the required supplemental information following the notes to the financial statements. For the major Capital Improvement Fund, major Special Assessment Debt Service Fund, and all nonmajor governmental funds with an appropriated annual budget, this comparison is presented in the other supplemental information subsection of this report.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the unique environment within which the City of Farmington Hills operates.

**Local Economy** - The City of Farmington Hills possesses a diversified property tax base with residential currently comprising 70 percent, commercial 21 percent, industrial 3 percent, and personal property (business equipment, furniture, and machinery) 6 percent. No one taxpayer exceeds 2.01 percent of the tax roll and the top 10 taxpayers combined account for approximately 7.28 percent of the total tax roll. Farmington Hills is home to approximately 3,300 businesses, 75 Fortune 500 companies, and more than 170 international firms. The City's residents are employed predominantly in management, professional sales, and related occupations. Despite its diversification, Farmington Hills does not stand alone and is impacted by the economic environment of the nation, state, and metro-Detroit area. In fiscal year 2016-2017, the ad valorem taxable value of the City decreased by 0.04 percent. The projection for fiscal year 2017-2018 is a 2.58 percent increase in ad valorem taxable value. The City's unemployment rate of 3.2 percent at June 2017 is down from 5.1 percent from June 2016, compared to the county unemployment rate of 2.9 percent and also lower than the state unemployment rate of 3.8 percent at June 2017.

As the economy continues to improve at a slow but uneven pace, predictions are that it will take several more years to reach the peak employment levels from the recent past. University of Michigan economists forecast that Oakland County will add 44,300 jobs from 2017 through 2019, and the county unemployment rate will continue to decline to 3.5 percent by 2019, with an inflation rate forecast to increase to about 2.2 percent by 2019. This will replenish 100 percent of the jobs lost from the summer of 2000 to the end of 2009.

Helping to bolster Oakland County's economic growth and business sustainability is "Automation Alley," a dynamic organization of leaders from all backgrounds and business sectors that are combining talent and energy to transform southeast Michigan into a high technology workforce and business development powerhouse. Membership is made up of 1,000 technology-driven companies, governments, and educational institutions which have helped to drive the growth and image of southeast Michigan's technology economy.

Oakland County continues to embrace the "emerging sectors" initiative, an aggressive plan to attract the top new and emerging businesses to Oakland County. Over the last several years, over 330 emerging sector endeavors have generated over \$3.0 billion in investment while creating over 35,000 jobs. These sectors are:

- Advanced electronics
- Advanced material
- Aerospace
- Alternative energy
- Communications and information technology
- Defense and homeland security
- Film and digital media
- Medical main street/health care
- Robotics
- Finance, insurance, and real estate

Oakland County's per capita income of \$63,454 is the highest among Michigan's 83 counties. Oakland County, as well as the City of Farmington Hills, continues to enjoy a AAA bond rating from Standard & Poor's, the highest bond rating achievable. The AAA bond rating allows the City to borrow at the lowest possible interest rate, saving City taxpayers significant dollars in future borrowing costs.

Economic development staff of the City coordinates development activity with the City's Economic Development Corporation. The City participates in a business retention program and has formed a partnership with the Oakland County Planning and Economic Development Services Division and the Michigan Economic Development Corporation. Working together, they have been successful in assisting companies in expanding their business opportunities in the City.

State-wide economists are forecasting moderate job growth of 33,700 jobs in 2017 and 42,200 in 2018 compared to 96,800 jobs added in 2016. The top job producers over the next two years are predicted to be in professional and business services, construction, private education and health services, and leisure and hospitality.

Economists predict that state-wide inflation will increase by 2.1 percent in 2017 and then decrease by 1.8 percent in 2018.

Economists predict that state-wide real disposable income (personal income adjusted for taxes and inflation) will grow at a rate of 1.3 percent in 2017 and 3.1 percent in 2018.

The City Council annually reviews and accepts the updated "Six-year Capital Improvement Program," as prepared by staff and adopted by the City's Planning Commission, which directly impacts the City's infrastructure. The City Council adopts many of the projects in the first year of this program in the annual budget. In addition to road construction and utility projects, the following categories of acquisitions or improvements are planned for fiscal year 2017-2018:

- \$1,603,000 for drainage projects
- \$350,000 for sidewalk and bike path improvements/replacements
- \$1,219,000 for Fire Department equipment
- \$974,000 for Public Services Department equipment
- \$670,000 for technology equipment and upgrades
- \$1,130,000 for public facility improvements

**Financial Policies** - The following financial policies of the City had a significant impact on the City's fiscal year 2016-2017 financial statements:

Revenue Policy to Maintain a Diversified and Stable Taxable Revenue Base - Although the tax base remains diversified with approximately 70 percent residential and 30 percent nonresidential, the tax base had a marginal decrease in taxable values of approximately 0.04 percent in fiscal year 2016-2017. Taxable values are projected to increase by 2.58 percent in fiscal year 2017-2018.

Investment Policy to Maximize Yields while Maintaining the Integrity and Safety of Principal - The City makes a serious effort to maximize investment earnings, diversification, and insurability of its investable funds. At year end, the weighted average liquidity of the City's investment portfolio was just over two months, while the average yield on the portfolio was out-performing the three-year Treasury yield.

<u>Financial Policy to Place Emphasis on Areas of Long-term Importance Such as Employee Relations, Automation, and Technology Improvements</u> - With a reduced workforce from the recent past, the City has continued to focus on technology improvements and process improvements to increase employee productivity and efficiency.

Long-term Financial Planning - Annually, City staff prepares a six-year Capital Improvement Plan (CIP), which is approved by the City Planning Commission and accepted by the City Council. This program will contain projects and equipment costs in excess of \$25,000. Total project cost and sources of funding, along with project descriptions, will be outlined in the Capital Improvement Program. Areas included in the program will be drainage, sanitary sewers and water mains, public facilities, sidewalks, transportation, equipment, and parks and recreation facilities. The purpose of this six-year program is to facilitate the orderly planning and infrastructure improvements, maintain, preserve, and protect the City's existing infrastructure system, and provide for the scheduled replacement of equipment and acquisition of new equipment to insure the efficient delivery of services to the community. The first year of the adopted CIP is incorporated into the city manager's proposed budget, if funding is available. The City manages its debt by establishing debt capacity limits or guidelines to use in conjunction with its capital planning and budgeting processes.

In order to better understand the financial condition of the City, it has become increasingly important to maintain and update an ongoing financial forecasting model. The end result of this forecasting model is intended to communicate what is likely to happen in the future based on where the City is today and where it appears to be heading. The preparation of a reasonably complete forecast allows the City to look at its options and prudently plan and act accordingly. The financial forecasts are developed as part of the annual Citizens Guide and Performance Dashboard document. This document also includes performance measurements of key benchmark data related to fiscal stability and economic strength.

#### **Accounting Changes**

In June 2015, the GASB issued two new standards addressing accounting and financial reporting for postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB, which primarily refers to retiree healthcare). GASB Statement No. 74, *Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans*, addresses reporting by OPEB plans whereas GASB Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*, addresses accounting and reporting by the employer governments that provide OPEB benefits to their employees.

Along with the currently required statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position, OPEB plans are now required to include in the financial statements more extensive footnote disclosures and required supplemental information related to the measurement of OPEB liabilities for which assets have been accumulated. In addition, the City will, after adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, recognize on the face of the government-wide financial statements its net OPEB liability. GASB Statement No. 74 is effective for fiscal year 2016-2017 and GASB Statement No. 75 is effective for fiscal year 2017-2018.

#### **Awards and Acknowledgements**

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Farmington Hills for its CAFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This was the 18<sup>th</sup> consecutive year that the City has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized CAFR. This report satisfied both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

In addition, the City received the GFOA's Distinguished Budget Presentation Award for its annual budget document for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. In order to qualify for the Distinguished Budget Presentation Award, the City's budget document was judged to be proficient in several categories, including as a policy document, a financial plan, an operations guide, and a communications device. This is the 31<sup>st</sup> consecutive year the City received this award.

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated services of the entire staff of the finance department and city manager's office. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. The independent auditing firm of Plante & Moran, PLLC provided assistance for proper presentation in the form of counsel, suggestions, and direct input. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the City Council for their support in maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Farmington Hills' finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Dave Boyer City Manager Steve Barr Finance Director/Treasurer Shu-Fen Lin Controller

Ahu- Jen Li



Government Finance Officers Association

# Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Farmington Hills Michigan

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2016

Executive Director/CEO

## List of Principal Officials

#### June 30, 2017

<u>Title</u> <u>Name</u>

City Manager

Assistant City Manager
Assistant to City Manager
Economic Development Director

Economic Development Director

City Clerk

Central Services Director Finance Director/Treasurer

Fire Chief

**Human Resources Director** 

Planning and Community Dev. Director

Police Chief

Public Service Director Special Service Director

City Attorney

**Deputy Director Special Service** 

Assistant Police Chief Assistant Police Chief Deputy Fire Chief Building Official City Assessor City Engineer

Community Development Coordinator

Asst. Finance Director/Controller

Deputy City Clerk Deputy Treasurer Fire Marshal

City Planner

Public Works Superintendent Zoning Division Supervisor Dave Boyer Gary Mekjian

Vacant

Khalfani Stephens Pamela Smith Kelly Monico

Dave Gajda/Steve Barr

Jon Unruh John Randle Edward Gardiner Charles Nebus Karen Mondora Ellen Schnackel

Johnson, Rosati, Schultz &

Joppich, P.C. Bryan Farmer

Michael Ciaramitaro Matthew Koehn Lee Panoushek Robert Bliss

Matthew Dingman James Cubera Mark Stec

Charmaine Kettler-Schmult

Shu-Fen Lin Carly Hotchkiss Debbie Shires Jason Olszewski Kevin McCarthy Dennis Randt

#### City Profile



City of Farmington Hills (the "City"), incorporated in 1973, is a 34-square-mile suburban community with a pastoral and gently rolling terrain in Oakland County, located 17 miles from downtown Detroit. The City's tax base of \$3,127,065,020 is comprised of 70 percent residential property and 30 percent commercial, industrial, and personal property. The community's estimated 81,803 residents live in approximately 36,567 households with a median household income of \$67,803.

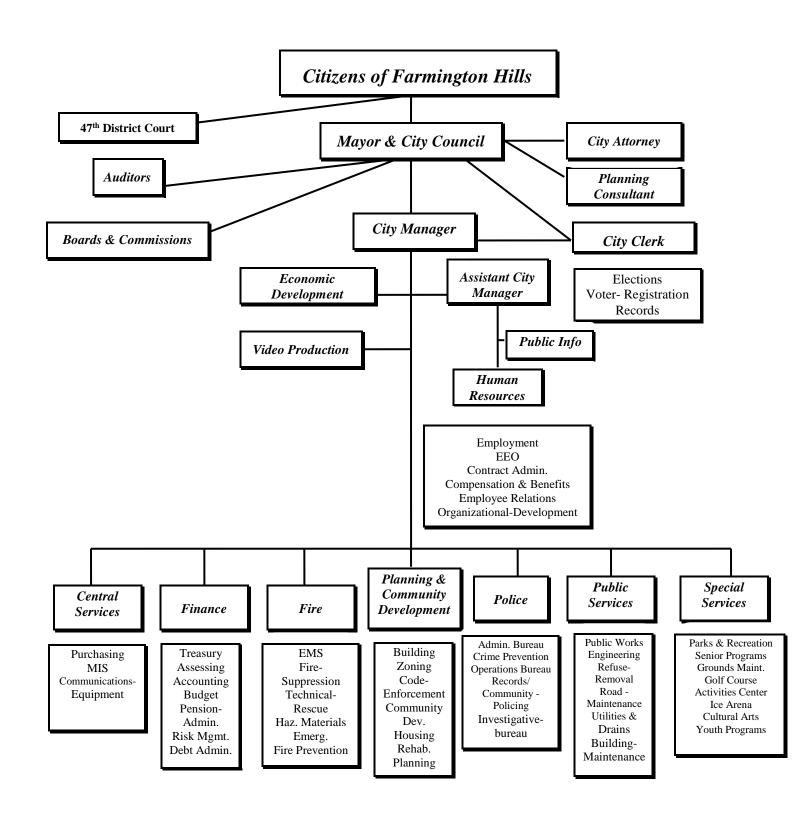
The City possesses an ideal location within 25 minutes of downtown Detroit and Detroit Metro Airport and at the focal point of a north/south and west/east freeway network. Industrial centers of Warren, the Saginaw/Flint area, Lansing, and Toledo, Ohio, as well as the Ann Arbor technology corridor, are within an hour's drive. Approximately half of America's disposable income, half of the country's work force, and nearly half of the total U.S. population are within a 500-mile radius of the City. The City supports seven industrial parks totaling more than 600 acres, which provide first-rate services and facilities. In addition, the 12 Mile Road, Orchard Lake Road, and Northwestern Highway corridors host many commercial and office developments, which house many corporate headquarters and district offices of regional, national, and international prominence.

The community offers many premier residential areas providing a wide range of housing options, including approximately 25,000 single-family sites (including detached condominiums) and approximately 9,960 rental units designed to fit every lifestyle.

The City's respect for its Quaker heritage is demonstrated by its commitment to historical preservation through its Historic Commission, Historical District, and the conversion of the historic Spicer Estate House to a visitor center within the 211-acre passive Heritage Park, located in the center of the City.

The City is enhanced by exemplary educational opportunities for kindergarten through 12th grade via both public and private schools and a premier district library system with one of the highest annual circulation rates in the state. A broad spectrum of recreational and cultural activities is available within the City or within a short drive. A total of 12 major colleges and universities are within a 45-minute drive of the community. Quality health care is readily accessible through Beaumont Hospital, a full-service teaching hospital with a Level II Trauma Center and Certified Stroke Center and associated with Michigan State University. Twelve major medical centers and hospitals are within a half-hour driving distance of the City. Many physicians affiliated with these medical facilities maintain their offices in Farmington Hills.

# **CITY OF FARMINGTON HILLS**



### **Fund Organization Chart**

#### **Governmental Funds**

General	Special Revenue
General Fund	Major Roads
	Local Roads
	Municipal Streets
Debt Service	Public Safety Millage
	Community Development Block Grant
Building Authority	(CDBG)
General Debt Service	Nutrition Grant
Special Assessments - Local Roads	Police Forfeiture
•	Parks and Recreation Special Millage
	Deferred Special Assessment
Capital Projects	<u>.</u>
Capital Improvement	
Golf Course Capital Improvement	
• •	
Revolving Special Assessment	
• •	
• •	s - Enterprise
Revolving Special Assessment	s - Enterprise
Revolving Special Assessment  Proprietary Funds  Water and Sewer	·
Revolving Special Assessment  Proprietary Funds  Water and Sewer  Fiduciary	Funds
Revolving Special Assessment  Proprietary Funds  Water and Sewer	·
Proprietary Funds Water and Sewer  Fiduciary  Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust	Funds Agency
Proprietary Funds  Water and Sewer  Fiduciary  Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust  Employees' (Pension) Retirement System	Funds Agency Tax Collections
Proprietary Funds Water and Sewer  Fiduciary  Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust	Funds Agency
Proprietary Funds  Water and Sewer  Fiduciary  Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust  Employees' (Pension) Retirement System  Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund	Funds  Agency  Tax Collections General Agency
Proprietary Funds  Water and Sewer  Fiduciary  Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust  Employees' (Pension) Retirement System	Funds  Agency  Tax Collections General Agency
Proprietary Funds  Water and Sewer  Fiduciary  Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust  Employees' (Pension) Retirement System  Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund	Funds  Agency  Tax Collections General Agency





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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Farmington Hills, Michigan

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Farmington Hills, Michigan (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Farmington Hills, Michigan

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in its financial position and, where applicable, cash flows, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 20 to the basic financial statements, the 2016 basic financial statements have been restated due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 74 in the current year. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 15 to the basic financial statements, in 2017, the City adopted the new accounting guidance of GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. This new standard establishes financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Required Supplemental Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis; retirement system and Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund schedules; and the budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplemental information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Other Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The other budgetary comparison schedules and combining statements, as identified in the table of contents as other supplemental information, and the introductory section and statistical section schedules are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council City of Farmington Hills, Michigan

The other budgetary comparison schedules and combining statements, as identified in the table of contents as other supplemental information, are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other budgetary comparison schedules and combining statements, as identified in the table of contents as other supplemental information, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section schedules have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we will also be issuing a report on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

November 9, 2017

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis**

#### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities provide information about the activities of the City of Farmington Hills, Michigan (the "City") on a government-wide basis. They are designed to present a long-term view of the City's finances. Fund financial statements follow the above-mentioned statements and illustrate how the services provided by the City were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Additionally, fund financial statements report the City's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements.

#### The City of Farmington Hills as a Whole

The City's combined primary government net position increased \$14.0 million or 4.8 percent from a year ago, increasing from \$293.1 million to \$307.1 million, net of a \$5.6 million adjustment for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 74. Of that amount, \$74.8 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens/creditors. A review of the governmental activities shows an increase of approximately \$11.8 million in net position or 7.7 percent during fiscal year 2016-2017. Unrestricted net position of the governmental activities was approximately (\$0.9) million as of June 30, 2017. Business-type activities net position shows an increase of approximately \$2.2 million in net position or 1.6 percent during fiscal year 2016-2017. Unrestricted net position of the business-type activities was approximately \$75.7 million as of June 30, 2017. In condensed format, the table below shows the comparison of net position (in millions of dollars) as of June 30, 2017 to the prior year:

	 Governme	ental	l Activities	Business-type Activities					Total							
	 2017	_	2016*	2017		2017		2017		2017		2016	016		2016*	
Assets																
Current assets	\$ 68.6	\$	69.5	9	\$	78.5	\$	71.6	\$	147.1	\$	141.1				
Noncurrent assets:																
Noncapital assets	3.8		0.3			-		-		3.8		0.3				
Capital assets	 162.9		149.9	_		96.2		91.4		259.1		241.3				
Total assets	235.3		219.7			174.7		163.0		410.0		382.7				
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>	8.8		18.4			-		-		8.8		18.4				
Liabilities																
Current liabilities	9.5		16.5			2.8		4.3		12.3		20.8				
Long-term liabilities	 65.9		64.5	_		30.0		19.0		95.9		83.5				
Total liabilities	75.4		81.0			32.8		23.3		108.2		104.3				
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>	 3.5	_	3.7	_			_		_	3.5	_	3.7				
Net Position																
Net investment in capital assets	140.7		136.3			66.2		72.5		206.9		208.8				
Restricted	25.4		17.4			-		-		25.4		17.4				
Unrestricted	 (0.9)	_	(0.3) *			75.7		67.2	_	74.8		66.9				
Total net position	\$ 165.2	\$	153.4	9	\$	141.9	\$	139.7	\$	307.I	\$	293.1				

<sup>\*</sup>Note that the unrestricted net position for governmental activities was restated for the implementation of GASB Statement No. 74. See Note 20 for more details.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

The following table shows the changes in net position (in millions of dollars) for the years ended June 30, 2017 and 2016:

	Governmental					Busine	ss-t	ype			
		Activ	vitie	s		Acti	vitie	s	To	otal	
	2	2017		2016		2017		2016	2017	2016	
Revenue											
Program revenue:											
Charges for services	\$	15.2	\$	15.1	\$	27.7	\$	26.5	\$ 42.9	\$ 41.6	
Operating grants and contributions		16.6		11.3		-		-	16.6	11.3	
Capital grants and contributions		0.2		0.1		8.0		0.3	1.0	0.4	
General revenue:											
Property taxes		46.5		46.6		-		-	46.5	46.6	
State-shared revenue		7.8		6.8		-		-	7.8	6.8	
Interest		0.5		0.7		0.6		0.7	1.1	1.4	
Other		2.6		3.1					2.6	3.1	
Total revenue		89.4		83.7		29.1		27.5	118.5	111.2	
Program Expenses											
General government		13.0		16.2		-		-	13.0	16.2	
Public safety		32.6		31.6		-		-	32.6	31.6	
Public services		20.5		19.3		-		-	20.5	19.3	
Community and economic development		1.9		2.2		-		-	1.9	2.2	
Recreation and culture		9.0		9.0		-		-	9.0	9.0	
Interest on long-term debt		0.6		0.5		-		-	0.6	0.5	
Water and sewer						26.9		25.4	26.9	25.4	
Total program expenses		77.6		78.8		26.9		25.4	104.5	104.2	
Change in Net Position		11.8		4.9		2.2		2.1	14.0	7.0	
Net Position - Beginning of year		153.4		154.1		139.7		137.6	<u>293.1</u>	291.7	
Net Position - End of year	<b>\$</b> I	65.2		159.0	\$	141.9	\$	139.7	<u>\$ 307.1</u>	298.7	
Adjustment for Implementation of GASB Statement No. 74				(5.6)						(5.6)	
Restated Net Position - End of year			\$	153.4						<u>\$ 293.1</u>	

#### **Governmental Activities**

The City's total governmental activities revenue increased by \$5.7 million or 6.8 percent from a year ago. This was primarily attributed to an increase in service charges and operating grants and contributions. The City's total governmental program expenses decreased by \$1.2 million or 1.5 percent from a year ago. This was attributed to decreases in general government and community and economic development partially offset by increases in public safety and public services.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

The City continues to pre-fund postretirement healthcare benefits as well as retirement benefits so that future taxpayers will not have to bear the burden of currently earned benefits. During the year, the City contributed 100 percent of the actuarial required contributions for the Employees' Retirement System Pension and the Postretirement Healthcare Plan.

#### **Business-type Activities**

The City's business-type activities are recorded in the Water and Sewer Fund. The City provides water distribution and sanitary sewer disposal services, which are supplied by the Great Lakes Water Authority and operated, maintained, and administered by the Oakland County Water Resources Commission. The utility system incurred a \$1.0 million operating loss during fiscal year 2016-2017 compared to operating income of \$0.7 million in fiscal year 2015-2016. The \$2.2 million increase in net position from the prior year is a result from the increase of the nonoperating revenue net of the \$1.0 million operating loss. During fiscal year 2016-2017, the Water and Sewer Fund reported net nonoperating revenue of \$2.4 million and capital contributions of \$0.8 million. The Water and Sewer Fund maintained a strong net position of \$141.9 million at year end, of which approximately \$75.7 million (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the fund's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

#### The City's Funds

An analysis of the City's major funds follows the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information on the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. In addition to state legislative requirements to maintain separate funds for Act 51 major and local road money, the City Council creates funds to administer certain dedicated dollars and demonstrate accountability to the citizens for special tax millages voted by the citizens and earmarked bond proceeds. The City's major funds for fiscal year 2016-2017 include the General Fund, the Major Roads Fund, the Local Roads Fund, the Public Safety Millage Fund, the Capital Improvement Fund, and the Local Road Special Assessment (Debt Service) Fund. Capital improvements in the major funds category include major and local road reconstruction/resurfacing, drainage improvements, sidewalks/bike path replacement/construction, facility improvements and expansions, technology upgrades, and the purchase of vehicles and equipment.

#### **General Fund:**

The original fiscal year 2016-2017 General Fund budget reflected a \$2.5 million reduction to fund balance at year end. The General Fund's fund balance actually increased by \$2.3 million or 7.4 percent. The \$4.8 million increase in fund balance compared to what was reflected in the original budget is due primarily to the net of a \$2.3 million increase in actual revenue compared to the original budget and a \$2.5 million decrease in actual expenditures compared to the original budget.

#### **Special Revenue Funds:**

The Major Roads Fund fund balance decreased by \$1,137,000 or 31.6 percent. Total revenue and transfers in was \$1.7 million more than the previous year, while total expenditures and transfers out were \$3.5 million more than the previous year. The Local Roads Fund fund balance increased by \$3.9 million. Total revenue and other financing sources was \$12.0 million more than the previous year, while total expenditures and transfers-out was \$7.2 million more than the previous year. The Public Safety Millage Fund fund balance decreased by \$735,000 or 23.7 percent. Total revenue was \$123,000 more than the previous year, while total expenditures were \$819,000 more than the previous year.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

#### **Debt Service Fund:**

The Local Roads Special Assessment Fund fund balance decreased by \$18,000 or 0.9 percent. Total revenue and transfers in was \$103,000 more than the previous year, while total expenditures and transfers out was \$137,000 more than the previous year.

#### **Capital Projects Fund:**

The Capital Improvement Fund fund balance decreased by \$1,133,000 or 39.3 percent. Total revenue and transfers in was \$1.0 million more than the previous year, while total expenditures were \$2.9 million more than the previous year.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The city administration and City Council continuously monitor and amend the budget to reflect unanticipated events that occur during the year.

Differences between the final amended budget and year-end actual numbers can be briefly summarized as follows:

- The approximately \$1.2 million or 2.2 percent increase in total revenue from the final amended budget reflected a net of more than expected property taxes, licenses and permits, federal grants, state-shared revenue and grants, service charges, donations, equipment rentals, and miscellaneous revenue, partially offset by less than expected fines and forfeitures and investment income.
- Transfers in equaled the final amended budget.
- The approximate \$1.3 million or 2.7 percent decrease in total expenditures from the final amended budget reflects a \$0.3 million decrease in general government, a \$0.3 million decrease in public safety, a \$0.4 million decrease in public works, and a \$0.2 million decrease in recreation and culture activity budgets.
- Transfers out were \$45,000 higher than the final amended budget.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

On June 30, 2017, the City had approximately \$259.1 million in total net capital assets ranging from land, buildings, equipment, technology equipment, and water and sewer lines. The value of infrastructure (streets, sidewalks, drains, water, and sewer) assets included in this report, net of depreciation and exclusive of construction on progress, is approximately \$127 million (see Note 5 of the notes to financial statements for additional information).

Debt reported in these financial statements is related to the construction of the above-mentioned infrastructure assets and is reported as a liability on the statement of net position. The City's total debt for governmental activities increased by \$8.6 million (61 percent) during the current fiscal year. The increase was the result the issuance of capital improvement bonds for special assessment districts offset by the payoff of annual maturities on pre-existing debt (see Note 7 of the notes to financial statements for additional information). The City maintained its AAA noninsured rating from Standard & Poor's and Aa1 noninsured rating from Moody's.

#### **Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)**

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

The fiscal year 2016-2017 tax rate decreased to 14.3273 mills primarily due to the Headlee rollback on the Roads Millage, Parks Millage and Public Safety Millage and a small decrease in the Refuse Removal Millage. The fiscal year 2017-2018 tax rate increased to 14.6569 mills due to the increase in the Operating Millage net of a Headlee rollback on the Road Millage, Parks Millage, and Public Safety Millage, as well as a small increase in the Refuse Removal Millage. The City's tax base decreased by 0.04 percent in fiscal year 2016-2017, but is projected to increase 2.58 percent for fiscal year 2017-2018. Our state equalized value (SEV) will be \$4.0 billion in fiscal year 2017-2018, which is \$767 million more than our taxable value. This is significant because taxes are based on taxable value, not SEV. The tax base is well diversified with residential accounting for 70 percent, commercial 21 percent, industrial 3 percent, and personal property 6 percent. Tax base diversification is further demonstrated by the fact that the top 10 taxpayers combined account for approximately 7 percent of the tax roll. Taxes account for approximately 55 percent of the fiscal year 2017-2018 General Fund budgeted revenue, while state-shared revenue accounts for approximately 13 percent of the fiscal year 2017-2018 General Fund budgeted revenue. The fiscal year 2017/2018 General Fund adopted budget reflects the use of fund balance of \$1.5 million, which includes a continued contribution to the Capital Improvement Program.

On the expense side, the City operates with a relatively small labor force and low personnel costs, while maintaining all city services, with some inflationary cost increases. The City will continue to adjust expenditures through cost savings and efficiencies in fiscal year 2017/2018 to match revenue projections as they are revised.

#### **Contacting the City's Management**

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Steve Barr, Finance Director/Treasurer, City of Farmington Hills, Michigan, 31555 West Eleven Mile Road, Farmington Hills, MI 48336.

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

			Prin	nary Government					
	Governmental			Business-type					
		Activities		Activities		Total	Component Units		
Assets			_					·	
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Receivables:	\$	50,975,393	\$	69,848,196	\$	120,823,589	\$	1,467,247	
Receivables from sales to customers on account		_		8,367,348		8,367,348		_	
Other receivables		934,862		29,345		964,207		_	
Due from other governmental units		2,641,831		2,035		2.643.866		_	
Due from fiduciary funds		50,424		26,099		76,523		_	
Due from SWOCC (Note 17)		318,588				318,588		_	
Special assessments receivable		13,627,995		233,932		13,861,927		_	
Internal balances (Note 6)		13,406		(13,406)		-		_	
Inventories		802,321		(15, 166)		802,321		_	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		1,480,577		_		1,480,577		_	
Restricted assets		1,552,301		_		1,552,301		_	
Net retiree healthcare asset (Note 13)		18,696		_		18,696		_	
Noncurrent assets - Capital assets (Note 5):		10,070				10,070			
Assets not subject to depreciation		69,262,920		17,934,751		87,197,671			
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		93,594,463		78,307,309		171,901,772			
Assets subject to depreciation		73,374,403	_	70,307,307	_	171,701,772			
Total assets		235,273,777		174,735,609		410,009,386		1,467,247	
Deferred Outflows of Resources									
Deferred charges on bond refunding		542,642		-		542,642		-	
Deferred outflows related to pensions (Note 11)		8,213,675	_	-	_	8,213,675		-	
Total deferred outflows of									
resources		8,756,317		-		8,756,317		-	
Liabilities									
		E 470 407		2,805,822		0 404 310		07 447	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities and other		5,678,497				8,484,319		87,447	
		1,358,834		2,322		1,361,156		-	
Unearned revenue		2,421,202		-		2,421,202		-	
Noncurrent liabilities (Note 7):									
Due within one year:		2 201 125				2 201 125			
Compensated absences		2,381,135		-		2,381,135		-	
Provision for self-insurance claims		447,000		-		447,000		-	
Current portion of long-term debt		2,410,000		1,402,295		3,812,295		-	
Due in more than one year:		2 000 074				2 000 074			
Compensated absences		2,999,064		-		2,999,064		-	
Net pension liability (Note 11)		37,396,907		-		37,396,907		-	
Long-term debt		20,302,964	_	28,577,829		48,880,793			
Total liabilities		75,395,603		32,788,268		108,183,871		87,447	
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Deferred inflows									
related to pensions (Note 11)		3,483,441		_		3,483,441		_	
related to pensions (Note 11)	_	3, 103, 111	_		_	3, 103, 111	_		
Net Position									
Net investment in capital assets		140,687,061		66,261,936		206,948,997		-	
Restricted for:									
Streets and highways		15,825,593		-		15,825,593		-	
Debt service		4,225,471		-		4,225,471		-	
Police and fire operations		3,124,381		-		3,124,381		-	
Parks and recreation		650,497		-		650,497		-	
County drains		1,552,301		-		1,552,301		-	
Unrestricted		(914,254)		75,685,405		74,771,151		1,379,800	
Total net position	\$	165,151,050	\$	141,947,341	\$	307,098,391	\$	1,379,800	

			Program Revenue					
						Operating	C	apital Grants
				Charges for		Grants and		and
		Expenses	_	Services	(	Contributions	С	ontributions
Functions/Programs								
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	12,966,197	\$	5,825,246	\$	470,770	\$	175,637
Public safety		32,569,828		2,170,085		760,046		-
Public services		20,560,119		2,046,939		14,747,748		-
Community and economic								
development		1,938,615		368,733		-		-
Recreation and culture		8,990,365		4,744,048		647,298		-
Interest on long-term debt	_	571,203			_			
Total governmental								
activities		77,596,327		15,155,051		16,625,862		175,637
activities		77,370,327		13,133,031		10,023,002		175,057
Business-type activities		26,897,507	_	27,747,324	_	-		847,316
Total primary government	<u>\$ I</u>	04,493,834	<u>\$</u>	42,902,375	<u>\$</u>	16,625,862	<u>\$</u>	1,022,953
Component units:								
Economic Development Corporation	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority		229,580		-		2,600		-
Corridor Improvement Authority		11,388						
Total component units	\$	240,968	\$	-	\$	2,600	\$	-

General revenue:

Property taxes

State-shared revenue

Investment income

Other miscellaneous income

Total general revenue

**Change in Net Position** 

Net Position - Beginning of year - As restated (Note 20)

Net Position - End of year

## Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position											
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units								
\$ (6,494,544)	\$ -	\$ (6,494,544)	\$ -								
(29,639,697)	-	(29,639,697)	-								
(3,765,432)	-	(3,765,432)	-								
(1,569,882) (3,599,019) (571,203)	- - -	(1,569,882) (3,599,019) (571,203)	- - -								
(45,639,777)	-	(45,639,777)	-								
-	1,697,133	1,697,133	-								
(45,639,777)	1,697,133	(43,942,644)	-								
- - -	- - -	- - -	(226,980) (11,388)								
-	-	-	(238,368)								
46,432,310 7,824,407	- -	46,432,310 7,824,407	297,336								
518,714	576,113	1,094,827	10,123								
2,625,365		2,625,365	50,000								
57,400,796	576,113	57,976,909	357,459								
11,761,019	2,273,246	14,034,265	119,091								
153,390,031	139,674,095	293,064,126	1,260,709								
\$165,151,050	\$141,947,341	\$307,098,391	\$ 1,379,800								

	_(	General Fund	1	1ajor Roads Fund	Lo	cal Roads Fund		Capital Improvement Fund		Special Assessment Fund - Local Roads
Assets	¢	21 412 200	¢	2 / 77 7/2	¢.	F 27/ 402	\$	2 022 440	¢.	2.004.770
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3) Receivables:	\$	31,412,200	\$	3,677,762	\$	5,276,492	Э	2,033,449	\$	2,094,668
Special assessments receivable		_		_		11,497,192		_		2,130,803
Other receivables		568,356		_		-		12,585		-
Due from other governmental units		1,233,798		989,144		337,169		-		-
Due from fiduciary funds		50,424		-		-		-		_
Due from SWOCC (Note 17)		318,588		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds (Note 6)		1,070,721		-		-		-		-
Prepaids and other assets	_	1,280,879		199,698	_		_			
Total assets	\$	35,934,966	\$	4,866,604	\$	17,110,853	\$	2,046,034	\$	4,225,471
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1,445,470	\$	2,149,605	\$	1,103,571	\$	294,564	\$	_
Due to other funds (Note 6)	•	-	*	175,054	•	335,080	•	-	-	-
Accrued liabilities and other		1,228,012		-		-		-		_
Unearned revenue		-		34,711		2,375,113	_	-		-
Total liabilities		2,673,482		2,359,370		3,813,764		294,564		-
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Unavailable revenue - Special										
assessments		-		_		9,122,079		-		2,130,803
Unavailable revenue - Miscellaneous	_	97,608		42,630	_		_			
Total deferred inflows of resources		97,608		42,630		9,122,079		-		2,130,803
Fund Balances										
Nonspendable - Prepaids		983,364		199,698		_		_		_
Restricted:		,		,						
Roads		-		2,264,906		4,175,010		-		_
Police and fire		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service		-		-		-		-		2,094,668
Grants - Fire protection		22,409		=		-		-		-
Parks and recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Committed - Special assessment										
projects		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned: Capital projects								1,751,470		
Debt service		-		-		-		1,731,470		-
Future expenditures (Note 18)		17,599,194		_		_		_		_
Unassigned		14,558,909				-				
Total fund balances		33,163,876	_	2,464,604		4,175,010		1,751,470		2,094,668
Total liabilities, deferred inflows										
of resources, and fund	_	25.024.04		4044404	_	17 110 000	_	2044.22:	_	4 005 454
balances	\$	35,934,966	<u>\$</u>	4,866,604	<u>\$</u>	17,110,853	\$	2,046,034	\$	4,225,471

#### Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2017

_	Public Safety Millage Fund	No	onmajor Funds		Total
\$	2,830,307	\$	3,650,515	\$	50,975,393
	_		_		13,627,995
	_		353,921		934,862
	-		81,720		2,641,831
	-		-		50,424
	-		-		318,588
	-		-		1,070,721
_		_	-		1,480,577
\$	2,830,307	\$	4,086,156	\$	71,100,391
_					
\$	2,093	\$	683,194	\$	5,678,497
·	460,670		86,511		1,057,315
	-		-		1,228,012
_	-		11,378	_	2,421,202
	462,763		781,083		10,385,026
					11,252,882
	-		- 1 107		
_		_	4,487		144,725
	-		4,487		11,397,607
	-		-		1,183,062
	-		21,270		6,461,186
	2,367,544		734,428		3,101,972
	-		-		2,094,668
	-		=		22,409
	-		650, <del>4</del> 97		650,497
	-		1,723,440		1,723,440
	_		26,658		1,778,128
	-		144,293		144,293
	-		-		17,599,194
_	-	_	-	_	14,558,909
_	2,367,544		3,300,586		49,317,758
\$	2,830,307	\$	4,086,156	\$	71,100,391

#### Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

Fund Balance Reported in Governmental Funds	\$	49,317,758
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds		162,857,383
Special assessment receivables and other receivables are expected to be collected over several years and are not available to pay for current year expenditures		11,397,607
Deferred charges on bond refundings are amortized over the related bond terms and are not reported in the funds		542,642
Bonds payable and capital lease obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		(22,712,964)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds		(130,822)
Employee compensated absences are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities		(5,380,199)
Other long-term liabilities, specifically general liability claims, do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities		(447,000)
Cash held by Oakland County for drain projects is not included as an asset in the governmental funds		1,552,301
Inventories are not recorded as assets in the governmental funds		802,321
Other postemployment assets for employee health benefits are not current financial resources and are not reported as fund assets		18,696
Net pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds		(37,396,907)
Certain changes in pension plan net position are reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources in the statement of net position, but are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	_	4,730,234
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	165,151,050

	(	General Fund	1	Major Roads Fund	Loc	al Roads Fund	In	Capital nprovement Fund		Special Assessment Fund - Local Roads
Revenue	_									
Property taxes	\$	28,934,178	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Licenses and permits		1,913,682		-		=		=		-
Federal grants		408,667		338,311		-		31,800		-
State-shared revenue and grants		7,991,497		5,173,610		1,764,691		-		-
Charges for services		10,939,531		-		-		-		-
Fines and forfeitures		2,006,801		-		-		-		-
Investment income		233,798		3,809		32,908		3,739		131,215
Other revenue:										
Special assessments		-		-		1,333,373		=		768,805
Other grants and contributions		259,606		-		-		-		-
Equipment rental		1,152,998		-		-		-		-
Other miscellaneous income	_	1,310,121	_	187	_	69,988	_	53,592	_	
Total revenue		55,150,879		5,515,917		3,200,960		89,131		900,020
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		12,354,144		_		-		_		-
Public safety		18,881,391		-		-		_		-
Public services		7,067,817		10,107,378		13,038,941		_		9,075
Community and economic		, ,		, ,		, ,				,
development		1,624,256		_		_		_		_
Recreation and culture		7,344,735		_		_		_		_
Capital outlay		, ,		_		_		6,666,867		_
Debt service		-	_	-		79,950				461,457
Total expenditures		47,272,343		10,107,378		13,118,891		6,666,867		470,532
		_		_						_
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)		7.070.537		(4.501.461)		(0.017.021)		// F77 73/\		420,400
Expenditures		7,878,536		(4,591,461)		(9,917,931)		(6,577,736)		429,488
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						1001004				
Face value of debt issue		-				10,210,246				-
Transfers in		1,307,850		3,679,121		3,904,120		5,444,400		160,319
Transfers out		(6,905,448)		(225,000)		(340,177)		-		(608,173)
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent	_		_					-		_
Total other financing										
(uses) sources	_	(5,597,598)	_	3,454,121	_	13,774,189	_	5,444,400	_	(447,854)
Net Change in Fund Balances		2,280,938		(1,137,340)		3,856,258		(1,133,336)		(18,366)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year		30,882,938	_	3,601,944		318,752		2,884,806		2,113,034
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	33,163,876	\$	2,464,604	\$	4,175,010	\$	1,751,470	\$	2,094,668

# Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Public Safety Millage Fund	No	nmajor Funds		Total
	_				
\$	9,814,845	\$	7,683,287	\$	46,432,310
	-		-		1,913,682
	-		750,17 <del>4</del>		1,528,952
	154,811		462,317		15,546,926
	-		-		10,939,531
	-		-		2,006,801
	54,774		58, <del>4</del> 71		518,714
	-		-		2,102,178
	-		-		259,606
	-		-		1,152,998
_	-	_	408,629	_	1,842,517
	10,024,430		9,362,878		84,244,215
	_		300		12,354,444
	10,759,979		275,053		29,916,423
	-		750		30,223,961
	-		400,687		2,024,943
	-		518,213		7,862,948
	-		207,000		6,873,867
_	-	_	1,669,611	_	2,211,018
_	10,759,979		3,071,614	_	91,467,604
	(735,549)		6,291,264		(7,223,389)
			3,805,000		14,015,246
	_		3,375,179		17,870,989
	-		(9,792,191)		(17,870,989)
	-				·
_	-	_	(3,763,960)	_	(3,763,960)
	-		(6,375,972)		10,251,286
	(735,549)		(84,708)		3,027,897
_	3,103,093		3,385,294		46,289,861
\$	2,367,544	\$	3,300,586	\$	49,317,758

# Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	3,027,897
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:		
Capital outlay		21,574,339
Depreciation expense		(8,272,408)
Net book value of assets disposed of		(326,547)
Revenue is recorded in the statement of activities when earned; it is not reported in the funds until collected or collectible within 60 days of year end		5,113,131
Governmental funds report inventory purchases as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are expensed as used		65,733
Bond proceeds provide financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position		(14,015,246)
Repayment of bond principal or transfer to escrow for refunding is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt)		5,403,960
Change in accrued interest payable and other		(185)
Increase in accumulated employee sick and vacation pay and other similar expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current resources, and therefore are not reported in the fund statements until they come due for payment		(105,311)
• •		(103,311)
The changes in liabilities for general claims are recorded when incurred in the statement of activities		739,000
The change in the cash held by Oakland County for drain projects is recorded when incurred in the statement of activities		1,468,438
Decreases in other postemployment healthcare benefits asset reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the fund statements until they come due for payment		(665)
Certain pension costs do not require the use of current resources and are not reported in the governmental funds		(2,911,117)
reported in the governmental funds	_	
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$</u>	11,761,019

# Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund - Water and Sewer			
Assets				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 69,848,196			
Receivables	8,658,759			
Total current assets	78,506,955			
Noncurrent assets - Capital assets (Note 5)	96,242,060			
Total assets	174,749,015			
Liabilities				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	2,805,822			
Due to other funds (Note 6)	13,406			
Accrued liabilities and other	2,322			
Current portion of long-term debt (Note 7)	1,402,295			
Total current liabilities	4,223,845			
Noncurrent liabilities - Long-term debt (Note 7)	28,577,829			
Total liabilities	32,801,674			
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	66,261,936			
Unrestricted	75,685,405			
Total net position	<u>\$ 141,947,341</u>			

### Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Enterprise Fund - Water and Sewer
Operating Revenue	
Sale of water	\$ 13,772,568
Sewage disposal charges	11,058,632
Other operating revenue	509,469
Total operating revenue	25,340,669
Operating Expenses	
Cost of water	9,090,180
Cost of sewage treatment	8,555,862
Other operation and maintenance	4,144,956
Billing and administrative costs	828,524
Depreciation	3,721,397
Total operating expenses	26,340,919
Operating Loss	(1,000,250)
Nonoperating Revenue (Expenses)	
Investment income	576,113
Interest expense	(556,588)
Debt service charge	2,406,655
Total nonoperating revenue	2,426,180
Income - Before contributions	1,425,930
Capital Contributions	
Tap-in fees	451,191
Lines donated by developers	396,125
Total capital contributions	847,316
Change in Net Position	2,273,246
Net Position - Beginning of year	139,674,095
Net Position - End of year	\$ 141,947,341

## Proprietary Funds Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2017

		terprise Fund - ater and Sewer
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Receipts from customers	\$	25,856,238
Payments to suppliers		(23,703,449)
Payments to employees		(452,634)
Internal activity - Payments to other funds		(42,695)
Other payments		(25,888)
Net cash provided by operating activities		1,631,572
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Issuance of bonds		11,635,448
Special assessment collections		54,124
Tap-in fees and other		451,191
Purchase of capital assets		(8,125,268)
Principal and interest paid on capital debt		(1,185,472)
Debt service charge		2,406,655
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		5,236,678
Cash Flows from Investing Activities - Interest received on investments		583,976
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		7,452,226
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of year		62,395,970
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of year	\$	69,848,196
Balance Sheet Classification of Cash and Cash Equivalents -		
Cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	69,848,196
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from Operating Activities		
Operating loss	\$	(1,000,250)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash from operating activities:	•	( , , , ,
Depreciation and amortization		3,721,397
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Receivables		489,681
Accounts payable and other		(1,536,561)
Due to other funds		(42,695)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,631,572
Noncash Transactions - Lines donated by developers	\$	396,125

# Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2017

	Pension and			
	Other Employee			
	E	Benefit Trust		
		Funds	Α	gency Funds
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	11,272,015	\$	4,797,249
Investments:				
Pooled funds		118,257,660		-
Exchange traded funds		7,468,900		-
Common stock		84,888,319		-
Receivables	_	1,126,631		
Total assets		223,013,525	<u>\$</u>	4,797,249
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		206,824	\$	-
Other payables		-		971,989
Due to primary government		50,424		-
Refundable deposits and bonds				3,825,260
Total liabilities		257,248	\$	4,797,249
Net Position Restricted for Pension and Other Employee	¢	222 754 277		
Benefits	<u>\$</u>	222,756,277		

# Fiduciary Funds Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Pension and Other Employee Benefit Trust Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

Additions	Otł	Pension and ner Employee enefit Trust Funds
Investment income (expense):		
Interest and dividends	\$	3,940,638
Net change in fair value of investments		22,654,920
Investment-related expenses		(1,651,540)
Net investment income		24,944,018
Contributions:		
Employer		6,505,209
Employee		1,169,837
Total contributions		7,675,046
Total additions		32,619,064
Deductions		
Benefit payments		13,086,638
Refunds of contributions		74,260
Total deductions		13,160,898
Net Increase in Restricted Net Position		19,458,166
Net Position Restricted for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - Beginning of year		203,298,111
Net Position Restricted for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - End of year	<b>\$</b> 2	222,756,277

# Component Units Statement of Net Position June 30, 2017

	Deve	onomic elopment poration	Re	Brownfield development Authority	lm	Corridor provement Authority		Total
Assets - Cash and investments	\$	315	\$	1,329,435	\$	137,497	\$	1,467,247
Liabilities - Accounts payable		-	_	80,055		7,392	_	87,447
Net Position - Unrestricted	\$	315	\$	1,249,380	\$	130,105	\$	1,379,800

		Program Revenue					
				0	perating	Сар	ital Grants
		С	harges for	Gr	ants and		and
	 Expenses		Services	Con	tributions	Cor	ntributions
Functions/Programs							
Economic Development Corporation	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	229,580		-		2,600		-
Corridor Improvement Authority	 11,388						
Total component units	\$ 240,968	\$		\$	2,600	\$	

General revenue:

Property taxes

Investment income

Other miscellaneous income

Total general revenue

**Change in Net Position** 

Net Position - Beginning of year

Net Position - End of year

### Component Units Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2017

\$	315	\$	1,249,380	\$	130,105	\$	1,379,800
	312		1,170,235	_	90,162		1,260,709
	3		79,145		39,943		119,091
	3	_	306,125		51,331		357,459
	-		=		50,000	_	50,000
	3		8,789		1,331		10,123
	_		297,336		_		297,336
	-		(226,980)		(11,388)		(238,368)
					(11,388)		(11,388)
	=		(226,980)		=		(226,980)
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Corp	oration		Authority	Authority			Total
Deve	Development		development	Improvement			
Eco	Economic		Brownfield		Corridor		
Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position							

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of Farmington Hills, Michigan (the "City"):

#### **Reporting Entity**

The City of Farmington Hills, Michigan is governed by an elected seven-member council. The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. Although blended component units are legally separate entities, in substance, they are part of the City's operations. Each discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City (see discussion below for description).

**Blended Component Units** - The Farmington Hills Building Authority (the "Authority") is governed by a board appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings. The operations of the Authority are reported as a nonmajor debt service fund.

**Discretely Presented Component Units** - The following component units are reported within the component units column in the financial statements. They are reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The component units do not issue separate financial statements. However, the City's basic financial statements include the statement of net position and the activities of the component units. For all units, the fund-based statements are the same as the government-wide level because there are no differences resulting from the different basis of accounting. Therefore, fund-based statements are not presented.

Economic Development Corporation - The Economic Development Corporation (the "EDC") was created to encourage and assist commercial and industrial enterprises to locate and expand facilities and services to the City and its residents. The EDC's governing body, which consists of nine individuals, is appointed by the City Council. In certain situations, members of the EDC board of directors may be removed by a majority vote of the City Council.

Brownfield Redevelopment Authority - The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority (the "BRA") was created to facilitate the implementation of plans for the identification, treatment, and revitalization of environmentally distressed areas within the City designated as Brownfield Redevelopment Zones. The BRA's governing board of directors, consisting of nine members, is appointed by the mayor subject to approval by the City Council. In certain situations, members of the BRA board of directors may be removed by formal action of the City Council.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Corridor Improvement Authority</u> - The Corridor Improvement Authority (the "CIA") was established to help correct and prevent deterioration in commercial corridor business districts, encourage historical preservation, and promote the economic growth of the districts. The CIA's governing body, consisting of seven members, is appointed by the mayor subject to approval by the City Council. In certain situations, members of the CIA board of directors may be removed by formal action of the City Council.

**Jointly Governed Organization** - Jointly governed organizations are discussed in Note 17.

#### **Accounting and Reporting Principles**

The City follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

### **Report Presentation**

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes (I) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Fund Accounting

The City accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how we have spent certain resources; separate funds allow us to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue was used. The various funds are aggregated into three broad fund types:

**Governmental funds** include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. This includes the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital project funds. The City reports the following funds as "major" governmental funds:

- General Fund The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts
  for all financial resources used to provide general government services, other than
  those specifically assigned to another fund.
- Major Roads Fund The Major Roads Fund accounts for the resources of state gas and weight tax revenue that is restricted for use on major streets. The fund is operated under the provisions of Michigan's Act 51 of the Public Acts of 1951, as amended.
- Local Roads Fund The Local Roads Fund accounts for the resources of state gas
  and weight tax revenue that is restricted for use on local streets. The fund is
  operated under the provisions of Michigan's Act 51 of the Public Acts of 1951, as
  amended.
- Capital Improvement Fund The Capital Improvement Fund accounts for projects and equipment acquisitions in excess of \$25,000 financed by a portion of the millage from within the City Charter millage cap, allocated for this purpose by the City Council.
- Special Assessment Fund Local Roads The Special Assessment Fund Local Roads is used to accumulate special assessment collections to be used to pay debt service costs for bonds issued for specific local improvements that benefit property owners.
- Public Safety Millage Fund The Public Safety Millage Fund accounts for police and fire department staffing and equipment needs of the City. Financing is provided by a dedicated millage adopted by the electorate of the City.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Proprietary funds** include enterprise funds, which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees. The City reports the following fund as a "major" enterprise fund:

 Water and Sewer Fund - The Water and Sewer Fund accounts for the activity of the water distribution and sewage collection systems administered by Oakland County.

**Fiduciary funds** include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts will not be used to operate our government's programs. Activities that are reported as fiduciary include:

- <u>Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Fund</u> The Pension and Other Employee Benefits Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the employee benefit plans that accumulate resources for pension and other postemployment benefit payments to qualified employees.
- Agency Funds The agency funds account for assets held by the City in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, organizations, or other governments. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. They record primarily tax collections received and remitted to other units of government (the county, community college, school districts, etc.) as well as building bonds and deposits, held for temporary periods.

Interfund Activity - During the course of operations, the government has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the government has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree healthcare related costs or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected, or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the City considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, district court fines, and interest associated with the current fiscal period. Conversely, special assessments and certain accounts receivable will be collected after the period of availability; receivables have been recorded for these, along with a deferred inflow of resources.

Proprietary funds and fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

#### **Specific Balances and Transactions**

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** - Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Investments** - Investments are reported at fair value or estimated fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market value are reported at estimated fair value as determined by management.

**Inventories and Prepaid Items** - Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

**Capital Assets** - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, water and sewer distribution systems, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial individual or aggregate purchase cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition cost at the date of donation.

Infrastructure, buildings, equipment, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Capital Asset Class	Lives
Roads and sidewalks	20 to 50 years
Water and sewer distribution systems	40 to 50 years
Drains	50 years
Land improvements	15 to 30 years
Buildings and building improvements	30 to 50 years
Vehicles	3 to 5 years
Machinery and equipment	7 to 20 years
Office equipment and furniture	5 to 7 years

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Long-term Obligations** - In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method; bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances as an "other financing source," as well as bond premiums and discounts.

#### **Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources**

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. One of the deferred outflows is the deferred charge on a bond refunding reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item reported as deferred outflows in the government-wide statement of net position is the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. This amount is deferred and amortized over five years.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The deferred inflows of resources related to unavailable revenue is only reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenue from two sources: special assessments and certain accounts receivable. These amounts are deferred and recognized as inflows of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The deferred inflows of resources related to pensions result from differences between expected and actual experience with regard to economic or demographic factors and changes in assumptions. The deferred inflows related to pensions are reported in the government-wide statement of net position and are amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all active and inactive employees who are provided with pensions.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Net Position Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

#### **Fund Balance Flow Assumption**

Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### **Fund Balance Policies**

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council has, by resolution, authorized the finance director and city manager to assign fund balance. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

#### **Property Tax Revenue**

Property taxes are levied on each July I on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31. The related property taxes are billed on July I and become a lien at that time. These taxes are payable at the City until August 31 without penalty. Taxes are considered delinquent on March I of the following year, at which time penalties and interest are assessed.

The City's 2016 tax is levied and collectible on July 1, 2016 and is recognized as revenue in the year ended June 30, 2017, when the proceeds of the levy are budgeted and available for the financing of operations.

The 2016 final amended taxable valuation of the City totaled \$3,144,250,000, on which ad valorem taxes less special acts levied consisted of 7.9560 mills for operating purposes, 0.4859 mills for parks and recreation, 0.7169 mills for refuse, 0.0160 mills for public information, 1.9908 for roads, and 3.1617 mills for public safety. This resulted in approximately \$24,692,000 for operations, \$1,508,000 for parks and recreation, \$2,225,000 for refuse, \$50,000 for public information, \$6,201,000 for roads, and \$9,812,000 for public safety. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund, special revenue fund, and debt service fund financial statements as tax revenue, subsequent to Brownfield captures.

**Pension** - The City offers pension benefits to retirees. The City records a net pension liability for the difference between the total pension liability calculated by the actuary and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plan and additions to/deductions from the pension plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note I - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefit Costs - The City offers retiree healthcare benefits to retirees. The City receives an actuarial valuation to compute the annual required contribution (ARC) necessary to fund the obligation over the remaining amortization period. In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized as contributions are made. For the government-wide statements and proprietary funds, the City reports the full accrual cost equal to the current year required contribution, adjusted for interest and "adjustment to the ARC" on the beginning of year underpaid amount, if any.

Compensated Absences (Vacation and Sick Leave) - It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. The government-wide and proprietary statements accrue all vacation, sick, and personal pay as it is earned. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end. All other accrued compensated absences are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In prior years, the General Fund has been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

**Proprietary Funds Operating Classification** - Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the Water and Sewer Fund is charges to customers for sales and services. The Water and Sewer Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. The portion intended to recover the cost of the infrastructure is recognized as nonoperating revenue. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenue and expenses.

**Use of Estimates** - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

**Construction Code Fees** - The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative shortfall generated since July 1, 2000 is as follows:

Shortfall at July 1, 2016	\$	\$ (	2,956,479)
Current year permit revenue			1,819,866
Related expenses:			
Direct costs	\$ 888,384		
Estimated indirect costs	 190,778		1,079,162
Current year surplus	_		740,704
Cumulative shortfall at June 30, 2017	4	\$ (	2,215,775)

The City adopts a formal budget for the General Fund and all special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects funds. By February I of each year, all department heads submit spending requests to the finance director so that a budget may be prepared. The proposed budget is adopted no later than the first regular council meeting in June. The City Council must approve any budget amendments. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

The budget is adopted on a departmental and activity total basis. Although spending estimates are produced for each line item, budgetary control is exercised at the activity level. The city manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within budgetary centers (activity); however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any budgetary expenditure (activity) must be approved by the City Council. Expenditures at this level in excess of budget appropriation are a violation of Michigan law. Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts (or purchase orders) for goods or services. Encumbrances are not included as expenditures or liabilities; the amount of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2017 for all funds is not significant.

The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Comparison schedules are presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

The budget information for revenue and expenditures presented for the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, and capital projects funds is a summarization of the actual adopted budget. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations that were adopted. Budget appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. A comparison of the adopted budget with the actual revenue and expenditures for the year is presented as required supplemental information.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations - During the year, the City incurred expenditures that were in excess of the amounts budgeted for the General Fund, Special Assessment Fund - Local Roads, Nutrition Grant Fund, and General Debt Service Fund. The General Fund incurred actual transfers out of \$6,905,448 while the City budgeted \$6,860,743 for transfers out. This resulted in an unfavorable variance of \$44,705. This unfavorable variance in the General Fund was caused by a transfer to the Nutrition Grant Fund that was not budgeted. The Special Assessment Fund - Local Roads incurred actual expenditures of \$461,457 for debt service expenditures while the City budgeted \$461,357 for debt service expenditures. This resulted in an unfavorable variance of \$100. This unfavorable variance in the Special Assessment Fund - Local Roads was caused by a higher interest payment on special assessment debt than budgeted. The Nutrition Grant Fund incurred actual expenditures of \$518,213 while the City budgeted \$467,329 for expenditures. This resulted in an unfavorable variance of \$50,884. This unfavorable variance in the Nutrition Grant Fund was caused by higher than anticipated expenditures for supplies. The General Debt Service Fund incurred actual expenditures of \$544,411 while the City budgeted \$504,963. This resulted in an unfavorable variance of \$39,448. This unfavorable variance in the General Debt Service Fund was caused by higher than anticipated debt service costs. The General Debt Service Fund incurred other financing uses of \$3,763,960 which the City did not budget for. This resulted in an unfavorable variance of \$3,763,960. The unfavorable variance in the General Debt Service Fund was caused by a refunding that occurred during the fiscal year.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 3 - Deposits and Investments**

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The law also allows investments outside the state of Michigan when fully insured. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

The pension trust fund and retiree healthcare fund are also authorized by Michigan Public Act 314 of 1965, as amended, to invest in certain reverse repurchase agreements, stocks, diversified investment companies, annuity investment contracts, real estate leased to public entities, mortgages, real estate (if the trust fund's assets exceed \$250 million), debt or equity of certain small businesses, certain state and local government obligations, and certain other specified investment vehicles.

The City has designated five banks/advisors for the deposit of its funds. The investment policy adopted by the City Council in accordance with Public Act 196 of 1997 has authorized investment in all investments allowable under the state statutory authority as listed above. The City's deposits and investment policies are in accordance with statutory authority. As noted below, the City participates in the Oakland County local government investment pool. This investment pool is not subject to regulatory oversight, is not registered with the SEC, and does not issue a separate financial report.

The City's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to it. The City's investment policy strives to minimize custodial credit risk by prequalifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, and intermediaries with which the City does business. At year end, the City had \$21,492,197 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories. At June 30, 2017, the component units of the City did not have any bank deposits as all amounts were maintained in investment pools.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

**City Policy** - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The City's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities, other than commercial paper which can only be purchased with a 270-day maturity.

**Retirement and Healthcare System Policy** - Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The retirement system's investment policy does not restrict investment maturities. The retirement system allows for actively managed investments in domestic large-cap equities, domestic small/mid-cap equities, domestic fixed income, and international equities. At year end, the retirement system did not hold any investments subject to interest rate risk.

At year end, the average maturity of investments is as follows:

Investment		Fair Value	Weighted Average Maturity
Primary Government	1		7 100011107
U.S. Treasury	\$	6,628,594	274 days
Bank investment pool		182,377	30 days
Bank investment pool - Oakland County		70,629,461	389 days
Total	\$	77,440,432	

#### **Credit Risk**

**City Policy** - State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The City has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Retirement and Healthcare System Policy - The retirement system domestic equity investments allow for common stocks, real estate investment trusts, and securities convertible into the common stock of U.S.-based companies. Domestic fixed-income investments allow for securities issued by the U.S. government and its agencies, U.S. corporations, Yankee bonds, notes, and securitized mortgages. Fixed-income securities shall be rated BBB- or higher at time of purchase except for collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs), asset-backed securities, and mortgage-backed securities that shall be rated AAA at time of purchase. International securities must be in American Depository Receipts (ADRs) or American Depository Shares (ADSs) or depository securities of non-U.S.-based companies traded in the United States. These investments are deemed allowable by the retirement and healthcare system investment policy.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

				Rating
Investment	Fair Value		Rating	Organization
Primary Government				
Bank investment pool	\$	6,047,793	AAAm	S&P
Bank investment pool		69,300,025	Not rated	N/A
Total	\$	75,347,818		
<b>Retirement System</b> - Pooled investments/Mutual funds	\$	9,075,011	Not rated	N/A
<b>Health Care Fund</b> - Pooled investments/ Mutual funds	<u>\$</u>	13,988,954	Not rated	N/A
Component Units				
Pooled investments	\$	137,812	AAAm	S&P
Pooled investments	_	1,329,435	Not rated	N/A
Total	\$	1,467,247		

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

**Retirement System** - The City is authorized by the State's Pension Investment Act to invest in common stocks, real estate, and various other investment vehicles, subject to certain limitations. As of year end, the plan had multiple investments, which consisted mostly of pooled investments that exceeded 5.00 percent of the total portfolio. The plan had 5.31 percent invested in Entrust Diversified Fund, 12.50 percent invested in Loomis Core Plus, 5.61 percent in Vanguard FTSE Developed Markets Fund, 6.20 percent in Pinehurst Institutional LTD, and 6.81 percent in Edgewood Growth Institutional Fund.

**Healthcare System** - The City is authorized by the State's Pension Investment Act to invest in common stocks, real estate, and various other investment vehicles, subject to certain limitations. As of year end, the plan had multiple investments, which consisted mostly of pooled investments that exceeded 5.00 percent of the total portfolio. The plan had 7.01 percent invested in Edgewood Growth Fund, 5.26 percent invested in Vanguard FTSE Developed Markets Fund, and 9.90 percent invested in Loomis Sayles Investment Grade Bond Fund.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

**Risks and Uncertainties** - The City invests in various securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the balance sheet. There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost.

#### **Note 4 - Fair Value Measurement**

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level I inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances whereby inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The City's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 4 - Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

#### Assets Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

		Fair Value Measurement Using					
	Balance at	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs			
	June 30, 2017	(Level I)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)			
Debt securities:							
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 994,688	\$ -	\$ 994,688	\$ -			
Agency bonds	5,633,907	-	5,633,907	-			
Mutual funds - Fixed income	20,944,180	20,944,180	-	-			
ETF - Fixed income	2,119,785	2,119,785					
Total debt securities	29,692,560	23,063,965	6,628,595	-			
Equity securities:							
Common stock	71,416,125	71,416,125	-	-			
ETF - Equity	5,349,115	5,349,115	-	-			
Mutual funds - Equity	26,699,458	26,699,458	-	-			
ADR and U.S. held foreign stock	13,472,194		13,472,194				
Total equity securities	116,936,892	103,464,698	13,472,194	-			
Private equity funds	21,785,220			21,785,220			
Total investments by fair value level	168,414,672	\$ 126,528,663	\$ 20,100,789	\$ 21,785,220			
Investments measured at net asset value (NAV):							
Pooled equity funds	48,828,802						
External investment pools	76,815,065						
Total investments measured at NAV	125,643,867						
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 294,058,539						

Debt and equity securities classified in Level I are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

The fair value of U.S. Treasury securities and agency bonds at June 30, 2017 was determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The City estimates the fair value of these investments using other inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 4 - Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

The fair value of ADRs and U.S. foreign held stocks at June 30, 2017 was determined primarily based on Level 2 inputs. The City estimates the fair value of these investments using other inputs such as the underlying security "best" price and exchange rate for the underlying security's currency against the U.S. dollar.

The fair value of private equity funds and partnership interests at June 30, 2017 was determined primarily based on Level 3 inputs. The City estimates the fair value of these investments using the fund's fair value, which would be defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Unfunded commitments on the private equity funds total \$10,364,803.

The valuation method for investments measured at the net asset value (NAV) per share (or its equivalent) is presented on the following table.

#### Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The City holds shares or interests in investment companies and external investment pools whereby the fair value of the investments are measured on a recurring basis using net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment companies as a practical expedient.

At the year ended June 30, 2017, the fair value, unfunded commitments, and redemption rules of those investments are as follows:

	Fair Value		Unfunded Commitments	Redemption Frequency, if Eligible	Redemption Notice Period
Pooled equity funds External investment pools	\$ 48,828,8 76,815,0		1,282,195 -	None None	N/A N/A
Total investments measured at NAV	\$ 125,643,8	<u>67</u> <u>\$</u>	1,282,195		

The pooled equity funds includes funds that invest in equity long/short hedge fund class, event-driven hedge fund class, global opportunities hedge fund class, and multistrategy hedge funds class. The fair values of the investments in this class have been estimated using the net asset value per share of the investments.

The external investment pools include funds that invest in debt securities that include high-quality government, mortgage-backed, commercial mortgage-backed, and asset-backed securities. The fair value of the investments in this class has been estimated using the net asset value per share of the investments. There are no unfunded commitments or redemption restrictions.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 4 - Fair Value Measurement (Continued)**

The private equity funds class includes several private equity funds that invest in infrastructure, energy, shipping, real estate, and corporate debt securities.

### Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental and business-type activities was as follows:

Governmental Activities         July 1, 2016         Reclassifications         Additions         Disposals         June 30, 2017           Capital assets not being depreciated:         Land         \$ 16,776,834         \$ 2,0183         \$ 16,797,017         20,903,973         Right of way         31,561,930         15,693,919         \$ 20,903,973         Right of way         31,561,930         15,619,309         \$ 20,903,973         Right of way         31,561,930         15,714,102         \$ 69,262,920         69,262,920           Capital assets being depreciated:         \$ 13,611,474         \$ 525,264         \$ 44,580         \$ 14,181,318         14,181,318         Para inghts         \$ 17,206,941         \$ 6,26,920         \$ 17,206,941         \$ 64,819,988         \$ 17,206,941         \$ 64,819,988         \$ 17,206,941         \$ 64,819,988         \$ 17,206,941         \$ 1,038,192         \$ 173,535         \$ 16,877,373         \$ 64,819,988         \$ 16,012,716         \$ 1,038,192         \$ 173,535         \$ 16,877,373         \$ 16,877,373         \$ 1,847,189         \$ 16,526,942         \$ 1,847,189         \$ 16,526,942         \$ 1,847,189         \$ 16,526,942         \$ 1,847,189         \$ 16,526,942         \$ 1,847,189         \$ 1,266,269,42         \$ 1,241,181         \$ 1,241,181,181         \$ 1,241,181,181         \$ 1,241,181         \$ 1,241,181,181         \$ 1,241,18		Balance	Transfers/			Balance
Land	Governmental Activities	July 1, 2016	Reclassifications	Additions	Disposals	June 30, 2017
Construction in progress Right of way 31,561,930 - 5,693,919 - 20,903,973 Right of way 31,561,930 - 5,6747,026 (3,198,208) 15,693,919 - 20,903,973 31,561,930 - 5,6747,026 (3,198,208) 15,714,102 - 69,262,920 Capital assets being depreciated:  Sidewalks 13,611,474 525,264 44,580 - 14,181,318 Drain rights 17,206,941 - 5 - 7 - 17,206,941 Buildings and improvements 63,696,413 818,110 305,465 - 64,819,988 Machinery and equipment 16,012,716 - 1,038,192 173,535 16,877,373 Vehicles 14,753,569 - 3,620,562 1,847,189 16,526,942 Office furnishings 4,165,659 - 70,358 19,867 4,216,150 Land improvements 19,301,887 214,041 733,682 - 20,249,610 Major roads 64,629,227 - 34,937 - 64,664,164 Local roads 82,576,143 1,640,793 12,461 - 84,229,397 Subtotal 295,954,029 3,198,208 5,860,237 2,040,591 302,971,883 Accumulated depreciation:  Sidewalks 9,630,117 - 364,734 - 9,994,851 Drain rights 8,421,041 - 344,139 - 8,765,180 Buildings and improvements 34,506,839 - 1,756,637 - 36,263,476 Machinery and equipment 12,340,496 - 685,738 149,576 12,876,658 Vehicles 9,901,748 - 1,230,422 1,544,601 8,777,569 Office furnishings 3,662,428 - 146,077 19,867 3,788,638 Land improvements 15,262,813 - 568,578 - 15,831,391 Major roads 69,894,078 - 1,366,348 - 71,260,426 Subtotal 20,2819,056 - 8,272,408 1,714,044 209,377,420 Net capital assets being depreciated 93,134,973 3,198,208 (2,412,171) 326,547 93,594,463 Net capital assets being depreciated 93,134,973 3,198,208 (2,412,171) 326,547 93,594,463 Net capital assets being depreciated	Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Right of way         31,561,930         -         -         -         31,561,930           Subtotal         56,747,026         (3,198,208)         15,714,102         -         69,262,920           Capital assets being depreciated:         Sidewalks         13,611,474         525,264         44,580         -         14,181,318           Drain rights         17,206,941         -         -         -         17,206,941         -         -         -         14,181,318           Buildings and improvements         63,696,413         818,110         305,465         -         64,819,988           Machinery and equipment         16,012,716         -         1,038,192         173,535         16,877,373           Vehicles         14,753,569         -         3,620,562         1,847,189         16,526,942           Office furnishings         4,165,659         -         70,358         19,867         4,216,150           Major roads         64,629,227         -         34,937         -         64,664,164           Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         9,994,851           Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851	Land	\$ 16,776,834	+ \$ -	\$ 20,183	\$ -	
Subtotal         56,747,026         (3,198,208)         15,714,102         -         69,262,920           Capital assets being depreciated:         Sidewalks         13,611,474         525,264         44,580         -         14,181,318           Drain rights         17,206,941         -         -         -         17,206,941           Buildings and improvements         63,696,413         818,110         305,465         -         64,819,988           Machinery and equipment         16,012,716         -         1,038,192         173,535         16,877,373           Vehicles         14,753,369         -         3,620,562         1,847,189         16,526,942           Office furnishings         4,165,659         -         70,358         19,867         4,216,150           Land improvements         19,301,887         214,041         733,682         -         20,249,610           Major roads         64,629,227         -         34,937         -         64,664,164           Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         84,229,397           Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:	Construction in progress	8,408,262	(3,198,208)	15,693,919	-	20,903,973
Capital assets being depreciated:   Sidewalks	Right of way	31,561,930				31,561,930
Sidewalks	Subtotal	56,747,026	(3,198,208)	15,714,102	-	69,262,920
Drain rights         17,206,941         -         -         17,206,941           Buildings and improvements         63,696,413         818,110         305,465         -         64,819,988           Machinery and equipment         16,012,716         -         1,038,192         173,535         16,877,373           Vehicles         14,753,569         -         3,620,562         1,847,189         16,526,942           Office furnishings         4,165,659         -         70,358         19,867         4,216,150           Land improvements         19,301,887         214,041         733,682         -         20,249,610           Major roads         64,629,227         -         34,937         -         64,664,164           Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         84,229,397           Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:         Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         8,421,041         -	Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements         63,696,413         818,110         305,465         -         64,819,988           Machinery and equipment         16,012,716         -         1,038,192         173,535         16,877,373           Vehicles         14,753,569         -         3,620,562         1,847,189         16,526,942           Office furnishings         4,165,659         -         70,358         19,867         4,216,150           Land improvements         19,301,887         214,041         733,682         -         20,249,610           Major roads         64,629,227         -         34,937         -         64,664,164           Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         84,229,397           Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:         Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,263,476           Machinery and equipment <t< td=""><td>Sidewalks</td><td>13,611,474</td><td>525,264</td><td>44,580</td><td>-</td><td>14,181,318</td></t<>	Sidewalks	13,611,474	525,264	44,580	-	14,181,318
Machinery and equipment         16,012,716         -         1,038,192         173,535         16,877,373           Vehicles         14,753,569         -         3,620,562         1,847,189         16,526,942           Office furnishings         4,165,659         -         70,358         19,867         4,216,150           Land improvements         19,301,887         214,041         733,682         -         20,249,610           Major roads         64,629,227         -         34,937         -         64,664,164           Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         84,229,397           Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:         Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,23,476           Machinery and equipment         12,340,496         -         685,738         149,576         12,876,658           Vehicles         9,091,748	Drain rights	17,206,941	-	-	-	17,206,941
Vehicles         14,753,569         -         3,620,562         1,847,189         16,526,942           Office furnishings         4,165,659         -         70,358         19,867         4,216,150           Land improvements         19,301,887         214,041         733,682         -         20,249,610           Major roads         64,629,227         -         34,937         -         64,664,164           Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         84,229,397           Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:         Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,263,476           Machinery and equipment         12,340,496         -         685,738         149,576         12,876,658           Vehicles         9,091,748         -         1,230,422         1,544,601         8,777,569           Office furnishings         3,662,428		63,696,413	818,110	305,465	-	64,819,988
Office furnishings         4,165,659         -         70,358         19,867         4,216,150           Land improvements         19,301,887         214,041         733,682         -         20,249,610           Major roads         64,629,227         -         34,937         -         64,664,164           Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         84,229,397           Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:         Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,263,476           Machinery and equipment         12,340,496         -         685,738         149,576         12,876,658           Vehicles         9,091,748         -         1,230,422         1,544,601         8,777,569           Office furnishings         3,662,428         -         146,077         19,867         3,788,638           Land improvements         15,262,813	Machinery and equipment	16,012,716	-	1,038,192	173,535	16,877,373
Land improvements         19,301,887         214,041         733,682         -         20,249,610           Major roads         64,629,227         -         34,937         -         64,664,164           Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         84,229,397           Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:           Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,23,476           Machinery and equipment         12,340,496         -         685,738         149,576         12,876,658           Vehicles         9,091,748         -         1,230,422         1,544,601         8,777,569           Office furnishings         3,662,428         -         146,077         19,867         3,788,638           Land improvements         15,262,813         -         568,578         -         15,831,391           Major roads <t< td=""><td>Vehicles</td><td>14,753,569</td><td>-</td><td>3,620,562</td><td>1,847,189</td><td>16,526,942</td></t<>	Vehicles	14,753,569	-	3,620,562	1,847,189	16,526,942
Major roads         64,629,227         -         34,937         -         64,664,164           Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         84,229,397           Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:         Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,263,476           Machinery and equipment         12,340,496         -         685,738         149,576         12,876,658           Vehicles         9,091,748         -         1,230,422         1,544,601         8,777,569           Office furnishings         3,662,428         -         146,077         19,867         3,788,638           Land improvements         15,262,813         -         568,578         -         15,831,391           Major roads         40,009,496         -         1,809,735         -         41,819,231           Local roads         69,894,078         -	3					
Local roads         82,576,143         1,640,793         12,461         -         84,229,397           Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:           Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,263,476           Machinery and equipment         12,340,496         -         685,738         149,576         12,876,658           Vehicles         9,091,748         -         1,230,422         1,544,601         8,777,569           Office furnishings         3,662,428         -         146,077         19,867         3,788,638           Land improvements         15,262,813         -         568,578         -         15,831,391           Major roads         40,009,496         -         1,809,735         -         41,819,231           Local roads         69,894,078         -         1,366,348         -         71,260,426           Subtotal         202,819		, ,				
Subtotal         295,954,029         3,198,208         5,860,237         2,040,591         302,971,883           Accumulated depreciation:         Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,263,476           Machinery and equipment         12,340,496         -         685,738         149,576         12,876,658           Vehicles         9,091,748         -         1,230,422         1,544,601         8,777,569           Office furnishings         3,662,428         -         146,077         19,867         3,788,638           Land improvements         15,262,813         -         568,578         -         15,831,391           Major roads         40,009,496         -         1,809,735         -         41,819,231           Local roads         69,894,078         -         1,366,348         -         71,260,426           Subtotal         202,819,056         -         8,272,408         1,714,044         209,377,420           Net capital assets being depreciated         93,134,9					-	
Accumulated depreciation:         Sidewalks       9,630,117       -       364,734       -       9,994,851         Drain rights       8,421,041       -       344,139       -       8,765,180         Buildings and improvements       34,506,839       -       1,756,637       -       36,263,476         Machinery and equipment       12,340,496       -       685,738       149,576       12,876,658         Vehicles       9,091,748       -       1,230,422       1,544,601       8,777,569         Office furnishings       3,662,428       -       146,077       19,867       3,788,638         Land improvements       15,262,813       -       568,578       -       15,831,391         Major roads       40,009,496       -       1,809,735       -       41,819,231         Local roads       69,894,078       -       1,366,348       -       71,260,426         Subtotal       202,819,056       -       8,272,408       1,714,044       209,377,420         Net capital assets being depreciated       93,134,973       3,198,208       (2,412,171)       326,547       93,594,463	Local roads	82,576,143	1,640,793	12,461	-	84,229,397
Sidewalks         9,630,117         -         364,734         -         9,994,851           Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,263,476           Machinery and equipment         12,340,496         -         685,738         149,576         12,876,658           Vehicles         9,091,748         -         1,230,422         1,544,601         8,777,569           Office furnishings         3,662,428         -         146,077         19,867         3,788,638           Land improvements         15,262,813         -         568,578         -         15,831,391           Major roads         40,009,496         -         1,809,735         -         41,819,231           Local roads         69,894,078         -         1,366,348         -         71,260,426           Subtotal         202,819,056         -         8,272,408         1,714,044         209,377,420           Net capital assets being depreciated         93,134,973         3,198,208         (2,412,171)         326,547         93,594,463	Subtotal	295,954,029	3,198,208	5,860,237	2,040,591	302,971,883
Drain rights         8,421,041         -         344,139         -         8,765,180           Buildings and improvements         34,506,839         -         1,756,637         -         36,263,476           Machinery and equipment         12,340,496         -         685,738         149,576         12,876,658           Vehicles         9,091,748         -         1,230,422         1,544,601         8,777,569           Office furnishings         3,662,428         -         146,077         19,867         3,788,638           Land improvements         15,262,813         -         568,578         -         15,831,391           Major roads         40,009,496         -         1,809,735         -         41,819,231           Local roads         69,894,078         -         1,366,348         -         71,260,426           Subtotal         202,819,056         -         8,272,408         1,714,044         209,377,420           Net capital assets being depreciated         93,134,973         3,198,208         (2,412,171)         326,547         93,594,463	Accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements       34,506,839       -       1,756,637       -       36,263,476         Machinery and equipment       12,340,496       -       685,738       149,576       12,876,658         Vehicles       9,091,748       -       1,230,422       1,544,601       8,777,569         Office furnishings       3,662,428       -       146,077       19,867       3,788,638         Land improvements       15,262,813       -       568,578       -       15,831,391         Major roads       40,009,496       -       1,809,735       -       41,819,231         Local roads       69,894,078       -       1,366,348       -       71,260,426         Subtotal       202,819,056       -       8,272,408       1,714,044       209,377,420         Net capital assets being depreciated       93,134,973       3,198,208       (2,412,171)       326,547       93,594,463	Sidewalks	9,630,117	-	364,734	-	9,994,851
Machinery and equipment       12,340,496       -       685,738       149,576       12,876,658         Vehicles       9,091,748       -       1,230,422       1,544,601       8,777,569         Office furnishings       3,662,428       -       146,077       19,867       3,788,638         Land improvements       15,262,813       -       568,578       -       15,831,391         Major roads       40,009,496       -       1,809,735       -       41,819,231         Local roads       69,894,078       -       1,366,348       -       71,260,426         Subtotal       202,819,056       -       8,272,408       1,714,044       209,377,420         Net capital assets being depreciated       93,134,973       3,198,208       (2,412,171)       326,547       93,594,463	Drain rights	8,421,041	-	344,139	-	8,765,180
Vehicles         9,091,748         -         1,230,422         1,544,601         8,777,569           Office furnishings         3,662,428         -         146,077         19,867         3,788,638           Land improvements         15,262,813         -         568,578         -         15,831,391           Major roads         40,009,496         -         1,809,735         -         41,819,231           Local roads         69,894,078         -         1,366,348         -         71,260,426           Subtotal         202,819,056         -         8,272,408         1,714,044         209,377,420           Net capital assets being depreciated         93,134,973         3,198,208         (2,412,171)         326,547         93,594,463	Buildings and improvements	34,506,839	-	1,756,637	-	36,263,476
Office furnishings         3,662,428         -         146,077         19,867         3,788,638           Land improvements         15,262,813         -         568,578         -         15,831,391           Major roads         40,009,496         -         1,809,735         -         41,819,231           Local roads         69,894,078         -         1,366,348         -         71,260,426           Subtotal         202,819,056         -         8,272,408         1,714,044         209,377,420           Net capital assets being depreciated         93,134,973         3,198,208         (2,412,171)         326,547         93,594,463	Machinery and equipment	12,340,496	-	685,738	149,576	12,876,658
Land improvements     15,262,813     -     568,578     -     15,831,391       Major roads     40,009,496     -     1,809,735     -     41,819,231       Local roads     69,894,078     -     1,366,348     -     71,260,426       Subtotal     202,819,056     -     8,272,408     1,714,044     209,377,420       Net capital assets being depreciated     93,134,973     3,198,208     (2,412,171)     326,547     93,594,463	Vehicles	9,091,748	-	1,230,422	1,544,601	8,777,569
Major roads Local roads     40,009,496 69,894,078     -     1,809,735 1,366,348     -     41,819,231 71,260,426       Subtotal     202,819,056     -     8,272,408 202,819,056     1,714,044     209,377,420       Net capital assets being depreciated     93,134,973     3,198,208 3,198,208     (2,412,171)     326,547 3,201,921     93,594,463	Office furnishings	3,662,428	-	146,077	19,867	3,788,638
Local roads         69,894,078         -         1,366,348         -         71,260,426           Subtotal         202,819,056         -         8,272,408         1,714,044         209,377,420           Net capital assets being depreciated         93,134,973         3,198,208         (2,412,171)         326,547         93,594,463	Land improvements	15,262,813	-	568,578	-	15,831,391
Subtotal 202,819,056 - 8,272,408 1,714,044 209,377,420  Net capital assets being depreciated 93,134,973 3,198,208 (2,412,171) 326,547 93,594,463	Major roads	40,009,496	-	1,809,735	-	41,819,231
Net capital assets being depreciated 93,134,973 3,198,208 (2,412,171) 326,547 93,594,463	Local roads	69,894,078	-	1,366,348	-	71,260,426
\$ 140,001,000 \$ \$ 12,201,021 \$ 224,547 \$ 142,057,202	Subtotal	202,819,056	-	8,272,408	1,714,044	209,377,420
Net capital assets \$ 149,881,999 \$ - \$ 13,301,931 \$ 326,547 \$ 162,857,383	Net capital assets being depreciated	93,134,973	3,198,208	(2,412,171)	326,547	93,594,463
· — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Net capital assets	\$ 149,881,999	<u> </u>	\$ 13,301,931	\$ 326,547	\$ 162,857,383

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)**

Business-type Activities	Balance July 1, 2016	Transfers/ Reclassifications	Additions	Disposals	Balance June 30, 2017
Capital assets not being depreciated - Construction in progress	\$ 15,734,299	\$ (5,547,282)	\$ 7,747,734	\$ -	\$ 17,934,751
Capital assets being depreciated: Sewage disposal system Water distribution system	95,945,596 85,259,781	- 5,547,282	144,000 629,659	<u>-</u>	96,089,596 91,436,722
Subtotal	181,205,377	5,547,282	773,659	-	187,526,318
Accumulated depreciation: Sewage disposal system Water distribution system	59,746,447 45,751,165	- -	1,801,557 1,919,840	<u>-</u>	61,548,004 47,671,005
Subtotal	105,497,612	-	3,721,397		109,219,009
Net capital assets being depreciated	75,707,765	5,547,282	(2,947,738)		78,307,309
Net capital assets	\$ 91,442,064	\$ -	\$ 4,799,996	\$ -	\$ 96,242,060

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

#### Governmental activities:

General government	\$	1,331,595
Public safety		1,223,926
Public services		4,575,080
Community and economic development		4,490
Recreation and culture	_	1,137,317
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	8,272,408
Business-type activities - Water and sewer	<u>\$</u>	3,721,397

**Construction Commitments** - The City has active construction projects at year end. The projects include fire house renovation, sidewalk improvements, sewer and drainage improvements, water main construction, EFSDS Middlebelt tunnel projects, and local road special assessment district improvements which were budgeted for and planned. At year end, the City's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Remaining	
	C	ommitment
Fire House renovation	\$	130,098
Roads/SAD/Drainage/Sewer improvements		2,884,852
Sidewalk improvements		23,857
EFSDS Middlebelt Tunnel		6,866,270
Total	\$	9,905,077

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The following balances result from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made. The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Fund Payable Fund		Amount
Due to/from Other Funds			
General Fund	Public Safety Millage Fund	\$	460,670
Major Roads Fund			175,054
	Local Roads Fund		335,080
	Water and Sewer Fund		13,406
	Nonmajor governmental funds		86,511
	Total General Fund	\$	1,070,721

Interfund transfers reported in the fund financial statements are comprised of the following:

Fund Transfer From	Fund Transfer To	Amount		
Advances from/to Other Funds				
General Fund	Capital Improvement Fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	5,444,400 1,461,048	
	Total General Fund		6,905,448	
Major Roads Fund Local Roads Fund	Local Roads Fund Special Assessment Fund - Local		225,000	
	Roads Nonmajor governmental funds		160,319 179,858	
	Total Local Roads Fund		340,177	
Special Assessment Fund - Local Roads	Nonmajor governmental funds		608,173	
Nonmajor governmental funds	General Fund Major Roads Fund Local Roads Fund Nonmajor governmental funds		1,307,850 3,679,121 3,679,120 1,126,100	
	Total nonmajor governmental funds		9,792,191	
	Total	\$	17,870,989	

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

The transfer from the General Fund to the Capital Improvement Fund represents the movement of resources for capital improvements. The transfer from the General Fund to the nonmajor governmental funds represents the transfer of resources for debt service payments. The transfer from the Major Roads Fund to the Local Roads Fund represents the movement of resources for road improvements. The transfer from the Local Roads Fund to the Special Assessment Fund - Local Roads and nonmajor governmental funds represents the transfer of resources for debt service payments. The transfer from Special Assessment Fund - Local Roads to the nonmajor governmental funds represents the transfer of resources for debt service payments. The transfer from the nonmajor governmental funds to the Local Roads Fund and the Major Roads Fund represents the movement of resources for road improvements. The transfer from nonmajor governmental funds to the General Fund represents the movement of restricted funds to be used for restricted purposes in the General Fund. The transfers from nonmajor governmental funds to the other nonmajor governmental funds represent the transfer of resources for debt service payments.

### Note 7 - Long-term Debt

The City issues bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. County contractual agreements and installment purchase agreements are also general obligations of the government. Special assessment bonds provide for capital improvements that benefit specific properties and will be repaid from amounts levied against those properties that benefited from the construction. In the event that a deficiency exists because of unpaid or delinquent special assessments at the time a debt service payment is due, the City is obligated to provide resources to cover the deficiency until other resources (such as tax sale proceeds or a reassessment of the City) are received. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

Long-term debt activity can be summarized as follows:

Commart   Displace   Description   Descrip		Interest Rate Ranges	Principal Maturity Ranges	Beginning Balance	Additions/ Adjustments	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
2012 General Collegation Bonds:	Governmental Activities				·			
Annount of issue: \$970,000	General obligation bonds:							
Maturing through 2016   Maturing through 2016   Maturing through 2017   Maturing through 2018   Maturing through 2019   Maturing Matu	<b>3</b> .							
Building Authority Bonds:   District Court Refunding Bonds, Series 2017:   Amount of Issue - \$3,805,000   1,05%   \$1,000,000   - 3,805,000   - 3,805,000   870,000   Maruring through 2018   4,00%   \$195,000   390,000   - 3,805,000   19				<b>4</b> 000 000	•	<b>.</b>	<b>4</b> 740.000	<b>*</b>
District Court Refunding Bonds, Series 2017:	5 5	3.00%	\$85,000	\$ 800,000	\$ -	\$ 60,000	\$ 740,000	\$ 65,000
Mauring through 2021	• •							
Maturing through 2021   1,996   1,000,000   - 3,805,000   - 3,805,000   870,000		1.05% -	\$870,000-					
Building Authority Refunding Bonds, Series 2003: Anount of Sisse: \$2,910,000   3,6096   4,0096   195,000   390,000   - 195,000   195,0				-	3,805,000	_	3,805,000	870,000
Maturing through 2018								
County contractual obligations: District County Refunding Bonds, Series 2007: Amount of issue: \$6,555,000								
District Courn Refunding Bonds. Series 2007:   Amount of issue: \$6.550.00   4.00% - 5.50%   5.50%   4.485,000   - 4.485,000		4.00%	\$195,000	390,000	-	195,000	195,000	195,000
Amount of issue \$6,555,00								
Maturing through 2021	. <del>.</del>	4 00% -						
2013 Refunding Bonds - Golf Course   Amount of issue: \$4,54,5,000   2.00% - \$360,000   372,161   2.5,231   346,930   -				4.485.000	_	4.485.000	_	_
Maturing through 2031   3.50%   \$525,000   6.445,000   - 315,000   6.130,000   360,000				, ,		, ,		
Less deferred amount - Bond premium   372,161   - 25,231   346,930   - Districts 333, 343, 345, 346, 340   347   346,930   347,000   3	Amount of issue: \$6,545,000	2.00% -	\$360,000-					
Districts 333, 334, 335, and 336 - Public improvements:		3.50%	\$525,000		-			360,000
Public improvements:   Amount of issue: \$2,470,000   2.00%   \$225,000   1,590,000   - 270,000   1,320,000   270,00				372,161	-	25,231	346,930	-
Amount of issue: \$2,470,000								
Maturing through 2022 Districts 345, 346 and 347 - 2016 Capital Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$8,475,000  Maturing through 2030  Less deferred amount - Bond premium District 349 - 2017 Capital Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$1,225,000  Maturing through 2031  Less deferred amount - Bond premium District 349 - 2017 Capital Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$1,225,000  Maturing through 2031  Less deferred amount - Bond premium District 349 - 2017 Capital Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$1,225,000  Maturing through 2031  Less deferred amount - Bond premium  Total bonds payable  Other long-term obligations: Accumulated compensated absences Estimated self-insurance claims  Total governmental activities  Interest Rate Ranges  Maturity Ranges  Business-type Activities  Limited tax general obligation bonds: 2013 Water Supply System Bonds: Amount of issue: \$6,800,000  Maturing through 2032  2014 Water Supply System Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$8,800,000  Maturing through 2034  2016 Vergreen and Hiddlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds: Amount of issue: \$8,800,000  Maturing through 2034  2016 Vergreen and Hiddlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds: Amount of issue: \$19,570,005* Amount of issue: \$10,570,005* Amount of issue: \$19,570,005* Amount of issue:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2 00% -	\$255,000 -					
Districts 345, 346 and 347 - 2016 Capital Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$8,475,000   2.00% - \$510,000 - \$650,000   - 8,475,000   - 8,475,000   650,000   1.00%				1.590.000	_	270.000	1.320.000	270.000
Maturing through 2030   5.00%   \$650,000   - 8,475,000   - 8,475,000   650,000			<del></del>	.,			1,2_2,22	,
Maturing through 2030   5.00%   \$650,000   - 8,475,000   - 8,475,000   650,000	2016 Capital Improvement Bonds:							
Less deferred amount - Bond premium   District 349 -   2017 Capital Improvement Bonds:   Amount of issue: \$1,225,000   2,00% -   \$70,000 -   1,225,000   -   1,225,000   -   36,707   -								
District 349 - 2017 Capital Improvement Bonds:		5.00%	\$650,000	-	, ,	-	, ,	650,000
2017 Capital Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$1,225,000   2.00% - \$70,000 - \$70,				-	4/3,538	34,211	439,327	-
Amount of issue: \$1,225,000 Maturing through 2031 As 3,00% As 990,000 As 3,00% As 3,0								
Maturing through 2031   3.00%   \$90,000   - 1,225,000   - 1,225,000   - 36,707   - 36,		2.00% -	\$70,000 -					
Total bonds payable   14,082,161   14,015,245   5,384,442   22,712,964   2,410,000		3.00%	\$90,000	-	1,225,000	-	1,225,000	-
Other long-term obligations:         Accumulated compensated absences         5,274,888         2,476,813         2,371,502         5,380,199         2,381,135           Estimated self-insurance claims         \$20,543,049         \$16,492,058         \$8,494,944         \$28,540,163         \$5,238,135           Total governmental activities         Principal Maturity Ranges         Beginning Balance         Additions         Reductions         Ending Balance         Due Within One Year           Business-type Activities           Limited tax general obligation bonds:         2013 Water Supply System Bonds:         Supply System Bonds:         Supply System Bonds:         Supply System Bonds:         Supply System Improvement Bonds:         Supply Supply Supply System Improvement Bonds:         Supply	Less deferred amount - Bond premium				36,707	-	36,707	
Sectimated compensated absences   S,274,888   2,476,813   2,371,502   5,380,199   2,381,135   1,186,000   C   Total governmental activities   S   20,543,049   S   16,492,058   S   8,494,944   S   28,540,163   S   5,238,135   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S	Total bonds payable			14,082,161	14,015,245	5,384,442	22,712,964	2,410,000
Total governmental activities   1,186,000   - 739,000   447,000   447,000	Other long-term obligations:							
Interest Rate Ranges   Principal Maturity Ranges   Beginning Balance   Additions   Reductions   Ending Balance   Due Within One Year	Accumulated compensated absences				2,476,813			
Interest Rate   Principal   Beginning   Balance   Additions   Reductions   Balance   One Year	Estimated self-insurance claims			1,186,000	_	739,000	447,000	447,000
Business-type Activities   Elimited tax general obligation bonds:   2013 Water Supply System Bonds:   Amount of issue: \$6,800,000   2.00% - \$285,000   460,000   \$6,025,000   5,745,000   \$285,000   Maturing through 2032   3.13%   \$460,000   \$6,025,000   \$   \$280,000   \$5,745,000   \$28	Total governmental activities			\$ 20,543,049	\$ 16,492,058	\$ 8,494,944	\$ 28,540,163	\$ 5,238,135
Business-type Activities   Elimited tax general obligation bonds:   2013 Water Supply System Bonds:   Amount of issue: \$6,800,000   2.00% - \$285,000   460,000   \$6,025,000   5,745,000   \$285,000   Maturing through 2032   3.13%   \$460,000   \$6,025,000   \$   \$280,000   \$5,745,000   \$28		Interest Rate	Principal	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Limited tax general obligation bonds:  2013 Water Supply System Bonds:  Amount of issue: \$6,800,000		Ranges	Maturity Ranges		Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
2013 Water Supply System Bonds: Amount of issue: \$6,800,000 Maturing through 2032 3.13% \$460,000 \$6,025,000 \$-\$280,000 \$5,745,000 \$285,000 2014 Water Supply System Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$8,800,000 Maturing through 2034 3.00% \$350,000 2014 Evergreen and Middlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds: Amount of issue: \$19,570,005* Maturing through 2036 \$59,067- Maturing through 2036 \$59,067- \$18,974,676 \$11,635,448 \$620,000 \$38,980,124 \$1,402,395	Business-type Activities							
Amount of issue: \$6,800,000 2.00% - \$285,000- Maturing through 2032 3.13% \$460,000 \$6,025,000 \$ - \$280,000 \$5,745,000 \$285,000  2014 Water Supply System Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$8,800,000 2.00% \$350,000- Maturing through 2034 3.00% \$460,000 8,525,000 - 350,000 8,175,000 350,000  2014 Evergreen and Middlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds: Amount of issue: \$19,570,005* \$59,067- Maturing through 2036 2.50% \$785,880 4,424,676 11,635,448 - 16,060,124 767,295	Limited tax general obligation bonds:							
Maturing through 2032 3.13% \$460,000 \$ 6,025,000 \$ - \$ 280,000 \$ 5,745,000 \$ 285,000 \$ 2014 Water Supply System Improvement Bonds:  Amount of issue: \$8,800,000 2.00%- \$350,000-								
2014 Water Supply System Improvement Bonds: Amount of issue: \$8,800,000 Maturing through 2034 3.00% \$460,000 8,525,000 - 350,000 8,175,000 350,000 2014 Evergreen and Middlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds: Amount of issue: \$19,570,005* Maturing through 2036 2.50% \$785,880 4.424,676 11,635,448 - 16,060,124 767,295								
Amount of issue: \$8,800,000 Maturing through 2034 3,00% \$350,000 8,525,000 - 350,000 8,175,000 350,000 2014 Evergreen and Middlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds: Amount of issue: \$19,570,005* Maturing through 2036 2,50% \$785,880  \$18,974,676 \$11,635,448 - 16,060,124 \$767,295		3.13%	\$460,000	\$ 6,025,000	\$ -	\$ 280,000	\$ 5,745,000	\$ 285,000
Maturing through 2034 3.00% \$460,000 8,525,000 - 350,000 8,175,000 350,000  2014 Evergreen and Middlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds:     Amount of issue: \$19,570,005* \$59,067- Maturing through 2036 2.50% \$785,880 4.424,676 11,635,448 - 16,060,124 767,295		2 000%	\$350,000					
2014 Evergreen and Middlebelt Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds:  Amount of issue: \$19,570,005*  Maturing through 2036  \$59,067-  \$785,880  4.424,676  11,635,448  - 16,060,124  767,295				8 525 000	_	350 000	8 175 000	350 000
Storage Tunnel Bonds: Amount of issue: \$19,570,005* Maturing through 2036  \$59,067- \$785,880  4.424,676  11,635,448 - 16,060,124  767,295		2.20,0	Ţ.55,000	2,223,000		250,000	2,.,5,000	230,000
Maturing through 2036 2.50% \$785,880 4.424,676 11,635,448 - 16,060,124 767,295								
\$ 19 974 474 \$ 11 425 449 \$ 420 000 \$ 29 990 124 \$ 1402 295				4 424 (7)	11 435 440		14 040 124	7/7 205
Total business-type activities \$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Maturing through 2036	2.50%	\$785,880	4,424,6/6	11,035,448		16,060,124	/6/,275
	Total business-type activities			\$ 18,974,676	\$ 11,635,448	\$ 630,000	\$ 29,980,124	\$ 1,402,295

<sup>\*</sup> Issue of \$19,570,005 but only \$16,060,124 was drawn as of June 30, 2017.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

Compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Total interest expense for the year was \$1,087,393. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations, excluding \$822,964 of unamortized premiums, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities				es				
Years Ending June 30	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2018	\$	2,410,000	\$	531,064	\$	2,941,064	\$	1,402,295	\$	764,342	\$	2,166,637
2019		2,355,000		487,951		2,842,951		1,430,880		737,185		2,168,065
2020		2,445,000		436,831		2,881,831		1,479,465		704,106		2,183,571
2021		2,455,000		380,594		2,835,594		1,510,705		670,129		2,180,834
2022		1,500,000		321,826		1,821,826		1,559,290		635,254		2,194,544
2023-2027		6,180,000		1,041,209		7,221,209		8,385,980		2,597,519		10,983,499
2028-2032		4,545,000		263,621		4,808,621		9,706,010		1,400,065		11,106,075
2033-2037		-		-		-	_	4,505,499		197,667		4,703,166
Total	\$	21,890,000	\$	3,463,096	\$	25,353,096	\$	29,980,124	\$	7,706,267	\$	37,686,391

**Debt Issuance** - The Evergreen and Middlebelt Sanitary Sewer Transport and Storage Tunnel Bonds are State Revolving Fund bonds and the county has drawn down an additional \$21,912,331, of which 53.10 percent, or \$11,635,448, is the City's share. The bond interest rate is 2.50 percent. The proceeds were used for the construction on the sanitary sewer system.

During the year, the City issued Limited Tax General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds (2016 Capital Improvement Bonds) with a par amount of \$8,475,000 and an original issue premium of \$473,538 with an interest range of 2.00 to 5.00 percent. The proceeds of these bonds were used to provide funds for special assessment road projects. The net proceeds of the bond issuance were \$8,801,065 (after payment of \$147,473 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs).

During the year, the City issued Limited Tax General Obligation Capital Improvement Bonds (2017 Capital Improvement Bonds) with a par amount of \$1,225,000 and an original issue premium of \$36,707 with an interest range of 2.00 to 3.00 percent. The proceeds of these bonds were used to provide funds for special assessment road projects. The net proceeds of the bond issuance were \$1,202,907 (after payment of \$58,800 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs).

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 7 - Long-term Debt (Continued)**

**Advance Refundings** - During the year, District Court Refunding Bonds, Series 2017, were issued with a par amount of \$3,805,000 and an interest rate ranging from 1.05 to 1.95 percent. The proceeds of these bonds were used to refund \$3,685,000 of outstanding refunded 2007 District Court Refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 5.5 percent. The refunding decreased total debt service payments over the next five years by \$171,686. The net present value savings from the refunding is \$169,837.

**Defeased Refundings** - In prior years, the City defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust accounts' assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the basic financial statements. At June 30, 2017, the City's portion of bonds outstanding that are considered defeased approximates \$9,925,000.

**No Commitment Debt** - The City has issued Variable Rate Demand Hospital Revenue and Refunding Bonds under state law which authorizes municipalities under certain circumstances to acquire and lease industrial sites, buildings, and equipment and lease them to third parties. The revenue bonds issued are payable solely from the net revenue derived from the respective leases and are not a general obligation of the City. After these bonds are issued, all financial activity is taken over by the paying agent. The bonds and related lease contracts are not reflected in the City's financial statements. Information regarding the status of each bond issue, including possible default, must be obtained from the paying agent or other knowledgeable source. As of June 30, 2017, there is approximately \$22,540,000 of no commitment debt outstanding.

### **Note 8 - Pension Plan Description**

Plan Administration - The City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System Pension Board administers the City of Farmington Hills Pension Plan - a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan that provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all eligible general, court, police, and fire plan members and their beneficiaries. Benefit terms have been established by employer policy and contractual agreements authorized by city ordinance, which may be amended by City Council actions.

Management of the plan is vested in the pension board, which consists of seven members - four elected by plan members, two appointed by City Council, and the City finance director/treasurer, who serves as an ex-officio member.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 8 - Pension Plan Description (Continued)**

**Plan Membership** - At June 30, 2017, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	293
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	14
Active plan members	277
Total plan members	584

The general group was closed to new hires as follows:

- Nonunion and AFSCME Union Effective July 1, 2006
- Dispatcher Union Effective January 1, 2007
- Teamsters Union Effective January I, 2008
- District Court Effective September 1, 2015

The general group consists of union employees from AFSCME and Teamsters, nonunion employees, court employees, executive employees, and dispatch employees. The general group does not include firefighters, police officers, and police command employees.

**Benefits Provided** - The pension plan provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to eligible plan members. Retirement benefits are calculated by multiplying the plan member's final average compensation (FAC) times the member's years of service times the multiplier applicable to the member's employee group. FAC is final average compensation consisting of the three highest consecutive years out of the last 10 years. FAC includes longevity on base pay for all employees plus lump-sum holiday pay for police, fire, and dispatch members. Benefits and refunds of the plan are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Administrative costs are financed with plan net position. The multipliers per employee group are as follows:

General - AFSCME employees are eligible to retire if the sum of the plan member's age and years of service equals 80 (minimum age 55) or at the age of 60 with eight years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.8 percent up to 25 years of service, 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 75 percent.

General - Nonunion, court, and Teamsters employees are eligible to retire if the sum of the plan member's age and years of service equals 80 (minimum age 55) or at the age of 60 with eight years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.8 percent up to 25 years of service, 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 80 percent.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 8 - Pension Plan Description (Continued)**

General - Executive employees are eligible to retire if the sum of the plan member's age and years of service equals 80 (minimum age 55) or at the age of 60 with eight years of service. The multiplier for this group is 3.0 percent up to 25 years of service, 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 80 percent.

General - Dispatch employees are eligible to retire if the sum of the plan member's age and years of service equals 80 (minimum age 55) or at the age of 60 with eight years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.65 percent up to 25 years of service (until age 67) or 2.375 percent up to 25 years of service (at age 67), 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 70 percent.

Firefighters hired prior to July 1, 2008 are eligible to retire with 25 years of service, regardless of age. The multiplier for this group is 2.8 percent up to 25 years of service, 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 75 percent. Firefighters hired subsequent to July 1, 2008 are eligible to retire at the age of 50, with 25 years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.25 percent up to 25 years of service, 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 60 percent.

Police command employees are eligible to retire at the age of 50 with 25 years of service, or 30 years of service regardless of age with a minimum of 25 years as a sworn police officer. The multiplier for this group is 3.0 percent up to 25 years of service, 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 80 percent.

Police officers hired prior to January 1, 2008 are eligible to retire with 25 years of service, regardless of age. The multiplier for this group is 2.8 percent up to 25 years of service, 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 75 percent. Police officers hired subsequent to January 1, 2008 are eligible to retire at the age of 50, with 25 years of service. The multiplier for this group is 2.25 percent up to 25 years of service, 1.0 percent for each year over 25 years of service, with a maximum multiplier of 60 percent.

An early retirement benefit is available and actuarially reduced from normal retirement age as follows:

- General employee Age 57 with eight years of service
- Patrol/Fire employee Age 50 with 20 years of service
- Police command employee Age 50 with 15 years of service or under age 50 with 25 years of service as a sworn police officer

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note 8 - Pension Plan Description (Continued)**

System members are eligible for deferred (vested) retirement benefits if a general employee has eight or more years of service (benefit begins at age 60) or a police/fire employee has 15 or more years of service (benefit begins at age 55).

In addition to the normal, early, and deferred retirement provisions, the system provides non-duty death benefits to qualifying members. A nonduty death benefit is computed as a regular retirement pension reduced in accordance with a 100 percent joint and survivor option and shall be paid for life to a surviving spouse of an employee provided the member attained age 57 and has eight years of service or the member has 10 or more years of credited service regardless of age and died while an employee of the City. The system also provides duty death benefits to qualifying members, which is computed as a duty disability retirement with no age or service requirements. A duty death pension shall be paid for life to a surviving spouse of an employee who dies in service. A duty disability benefit is also available in accordance with an established formula and has no age or service requirements.

Prior to retirement, but not thereafter, a member may elect to receive a retirement benefit by one of the following three methods:

#### 1) Straight Life Retirement Benefits

This allowance is a benefit payable to the member throughout his or her life. This is a nonsurvivor benefit and terminates upon the death of the member.

#### 2) Survivor Allowance Options

Under three available options, a retiree receives a reduced Straight Life Benefit, payable for life. Upon death, the reduced pension benefit will continue to be paid throughout the beneficiary's life at the percentage option selected. The reduction of Straight Life Benefit is actuarially determined based on the ages of the member and his or her beneficiary at the time of retirement and the percentage option of primary benefit chosen. A greater reduction of Straight Life Benefit will be made to provide 100 percent of the Primary Pension Benefit rather than 75 percent or 50 percent. The Survivor Allowance Options are:

Option A - 100 percent of primary pension benefit
Option B - 75 percent of primary pension benefit
Option C - 50 percent of primary pension benefit

Should the named survivor beneficiary die before the retired member, the retired member's pension shall be recomputed (pop-up) to a Straight Life Benefit.

#### 3) Annuity Option

All City and court employees are eligible for the annuity option.

### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

### **Note 8 - Pension Plan Description (Continued)**

Contributions - Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, the pension board retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the pension board in accordance with the city ordinance, union contracts, and plan provisions. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the average active member contribution rate was 4.5 percent of annual pay. The City's average contribution was 22.4 percent of annual payroll for police members and 19.85 percent of annual payroll for fire members. For general and court members, the City's contribution was \$1,782,993 and \$223,426, respectively.

#### **Note 9 - Pension Plan Reserves**

In accordance with city ordinance, the following reserves are required to be set aside within the pension plan:

The <u>retiree reserve</u> is held in the retirement reserve fund and is to be computed annually by the actuary as the present value of estimated benefit payments for all current retirees. Actuarially computed unfunded liabilities are to be covered by a transfer from the employer reserve. The amounts reserved may be used solely to pay monthly retiree benefit payments.

The <u>employee reserve</u> is held in the member's deposit fund and is credited as employee contributions are received throughout the year; the plan maintains a record of the amount contributed by each employee, and credits interest annually at a rate of 5 percent. For any employee who terminates before vesting in the pension plan, their balance is returned to them; for those who stay until retirement, the balance is transferred into the retiree reserve.

The <u>employer reserve</u> is held in the pension reserve fund and is used to account for the residual net position balance in the pension plan after funding the retiree reserve.

The balances of the reserve accounts at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Rec	Required Reserve		Amount Funded			
Retirement Reserve Fund	\$	95,825,770	\$	95,825,770			
Members' Deposit Fund		17,182,365		17,182,365			
Pension Reserve Fund		N/A		36,571,815			

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### Note 10 - Pension Plan Investments - Policy and Rate of Return

**Investment Policy** - The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the pension board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the pension board to pursue an investment strategy that is in compliance with Michigan Public Act 347 of 2012 and manages risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The pension plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2017 which represents a range of acceptable allocation percentages, rather than a specific target per asset class:

	Target
Asset Class	Allocation (%)
Global equity	43.00 %
Global fixed income	21.00
Hedge funds	10.00
Private equity	5.00
Real estate	7.00
Infrastructure	7.00
Gold	5.00
Cash and cash equivalents	2.00

**Rate of Return** - For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension plan investments, net of pension plan investment expense, was 12.33 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **Note II - Net Pension Liability**

The components of the net pension liability of the City and 47<sup>th</sup> District Court at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Total pension liability	\$	188,838,977
Plan fiduciary net position	_	(149,579,950)
Net pension liability	\$	39,259,027
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		79.2 %

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note II - Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

The net pension liability of \$39,259,027 has been allocated separately to the City and to the 47<sup>th</sup> District Court. A special funding situation does not exist in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 and therefore, the City has not recorded the court's proportionate share of the net pension liability. The City's proportionate share of the net pension liability is \$37,396,907 at June 30, 2017.

The City has chosen to use June 30, 2017 as its measurement date for the net pension liability. The June 30, 2017 reported net pension liability was determined using a measure of the total pension liability and the pension net position as of June 30, 2016. The June 30, 2017 total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2016, which used updated procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to June 30, 2017.

Changes in the net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)						
Cl N B	Total Pension	Plan Net	Net Pension				
Changes in Net Pension Liability	Liability	Position	Liability				
Balance at June 30, 2016*	\$183,845,246	\$137,940,807	\$ 45,904,439				
Service cost	3,373,013	-	3,373,013				
Interest	13,507,444	-	13,507,444				
Differences between expected and							
actual experience	(1,021,725)	-	(1,021,725)				
Contributions - Employer	-	4,710,485	(4,710,485)				
Contributions - Employee	-	914,378	(914,378)				
Net investment income (loss)	-	16,113,238	(16,113,238)				
Benefit payments, including refunds	(10,865,001)	(10,865,001)	-				
Administrative expenses	-	(289,700)	289,700				
Other		1,055,743	(1,055,743)				
Net changes	4,993,731	11,639,143	(6,645,412)				
Balance at June 30, 2017	\$188,838,977	\$149,579,950	\$ 39,259,027				

<sup>\*</sup> The total pension liability at June 30, 2016 was increased by \$5,887,426 in order to include future retiree healthcare stipend payments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note II - Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$7,935,652. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	C	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings	\$	-	\$	1,760,459 1,722,982	
on pension plan investments		8,213,675		_	
Total	\$	8,213,675	\$	3,483,441	

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Amount
\$ 2,775,210
2,775,210
570,464
(1,390,650)
\$

**Actuarial Assumptions** - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 %	
Salary increases	4.5 - 23.5 %	Average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.5 %	Net of pension plan investment
		expense, including inflation

During the year, the City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System board of trustees approved the setting of the investment rate of return assumption at 7.4 percent. If the approved 7.4 percent investment rate of return assumption had been used in the actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, the total pension liability would have increased in the amount of \$1,964,485.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note II - Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

Mortality rates were based on the 2000 Mortality Combined Healthy Tables, projected 20 years with U.S. Projection Scale BB.

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that city contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the employee rate.

#### **Projected Cash Flows**

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return as of June 30, 2016 for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation, as disclosed in the investment footnote, are summarized in the following table:

<b>A C</b> !	Long-term Expected Real
Asset Class	Rate of Return
Global equity	6.9 %
Global fixed income	2.8
Hedge funds	3.5
Private equity	9.6
Real estate	4.5
Infrastructure	7.0
Gold	3.3
Cash or cash equivalents	1.4
Total weighted average	5.38

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note II - Net Pension Liability (Continued)**

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or I percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	Current			
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase	
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)	
Net pension liability of the City	\$ 61,324,752	\$ 39,259,027	\$ 20,551,160	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report. For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows or resources related to pension and pension expense, information about the plan's fiduciary net position and addition to/deduction from fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are report by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### **Note 12 - Defined Contribution Pension Plan**

The City provides retirement benefits through a defined contribution plan to all of its full-time employees in the AFSCME, executive, and general employee groups hired on or after July I, 2006, in the dispatcher group hired on or after January I, 2007, and in the Teamster group hired on or after January I, 2008. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. Employees are eligible to participate from the date of employment. As established by city ordinance and collective bargaining agreements, the City contributes I0 percent of the employees' base salary or wages plus longevity pay, and employees contribute 5 percent of their base salary or wage plus longevity pay. All contributions plus interest allocated to the employee's account are fully vested after seven years of service.

The current year contribution was calculated based on covered payroll of \$4,915,854, resulting in an employer contribution of \$491,585, net of forfeitures in the amount of \$132,057, and employee contributions of \$245,793. The City has recorded a payable to the defined contribution plan in the amount of \$9,791 at June 30, 2017.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits**

Plan Description - The City of Farmington Hills Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund (the "Plan") is a single-employer other postemployment benefit plan that is administered by the City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System Pension Board. The City provides healthcare benefits to all full-time employees upon retirement or to individuals receiving system disability pensions, in accordance with various labor contracts. At June 30, 2016, the date of the most recent actuarial valuation, 233 individuals are eligible. The City includes pre-Medicare retirees and their dependents in its insured healthcare plan, which generally requires employee contributions of 1.5 percent of earnings not in excess of the employee wage base. The City purchases Medicare supplemental insurance for retirees eligible for Medicare. The plan issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System at 31555 W. 11 Mile Road, Farmington Hills, MI 48336.

**Funding Policy** - The collective bargaining agreements generally require employees to contribute 1.5 percent of their pay for postemployment healthcare benefits. The City has no obligation to make contributions in advance of when the insurance premiums are due for payment (in other words, this may be financed on a "pay-as-you-go" basis) but it has historically budgeted to fund this obligation on an actuarial basis.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)**

**Funding Progress** - For the year beginning July 1, 2016, the City has estimated the cost of providing retiree healthcare benefits through an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The valuation computes an annual required contribution, which represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period of 15 years. Expenditures for postemployment healthcare benefits are funded on an actuarial basis. The City's actuarial required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2017 was \$1,794,724. The City contributed \$1,794,724 to the fund for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2016, the date of the most recent actuarial report, assets available for postemployment healthcare benefits totaled \$71,438,401. This valuation's computed contribution and actual funding are summarized as follows:

Annual required contribution (recommended) Interest on the prior year's net OPEB asset Less adjustment to the annual required contribution	\$ (1,794,724) 1,453 (2,118)
Annual OPEB cost	(1,795,389)
Amounts contributed - Advance funding	1,794,724
Decrease in net OPEB asset	(665)
OPEB asset - Beginning of year	19,361
OPEB asset - End of year	\$ 18,696

Employer contributions and annual OPEB cost data for the current and two preceding years were as follows:

			Annual			Percentage of	Percentage	Net OPEB
	Actuarial		Required	Α	nnual OPEB	ARC	OPEB Costs	(Obligation)
Fiscal Year Ended	Valuation Date	С	ontribution*		Costs	Contributed	Contributed	Asset
6/30/15	6/30/12	\$	2,890,395	\$	2,890,957	100.0 %	100.0 % \$	19,981
6/30/16	6/30/14		1,808,068		1,808,687	100.0	100.0	19,361
6/30/17	6/30/14		1,794,724		1,795,390	100.0	100.0	18,696

<sup>\*</sup> The required contribution is not expressed to the City as a percentage of payroll.

The funding progress of the plan is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (Percent) (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
6/30/12	\$ 50,982,851	\$ 69,722,666	\$ 18,739,815	73.1 %	\$ 19,889,835	94.2 %
6/30/14	62,830,994	71,356,286	8,525,292	88.1	17,633,733	48.3
6/30/16	71,438,401	71,198,513	(239,888)	100.3	17,092,987	(1.4)

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note 13 - Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)**

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented above, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuation, the individual entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.5 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.0 percent initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 3.5 percent after 10 years. Both rates included a 3.5 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a five-year period. The UAAL is being amortized using a level dollar method on a closed basis for all divisions except the court, which is amortized using a level percent of payroll method on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2016 was 14 years.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### Note 14 - Other Postemployment Benefits - Defined Contribution Plan

The City provides a Retirement Health Savings (RHS) account for eligible employees and their dependents. The plan covers AFSCME, executive, and general employees hired on or after July 1, 2006, dispatch employees hired on or after January 1, 2007, Teamster and POAM employees hired on or after January 1, 2008, and IAFF employees hired on or after July 1, 2008. This is a defined contribution plan administered by the City. The collective bargaining agreements and/or city ordinance require all employees to contribute 1.5 percent of their base salary or wage plus longevity pay. The City contributes \$100 per month for the dispatch employees, \$142 per month for the police officers, and \$125 per month for all other participating employee groups. All contributions plus interest allocated to the employees' accounts are fully vested after seven years of service. Once plan members terminate employment, they are eligible to use all vested contributions for allowable medical related expenses.

During the year ended June 30, 2017, the City made contributions of \$229,057 and the plan members contributed \$122,053 to the plan.

#### Note 15 - OPEB Plan

**Plan Administration** - The City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System Pension Board administers the City of Farmington Hills Post-Retirement Healthcare Finance Fund - a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for all eligible general, court, police and fire plan members and their beneficiaries.

Management of the fund is vested with the pension board, which consists of seven members - four elected by plan members, two appointed by City Council, and the city finance/treasurer, who serves as an ex-officio member.

**Plan Membership** - At June 30, 2017, plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	168
Active plan members	233
Total	401

**Benefits Provided** - The fund provides healthcare and prescription benefits for retirees and their dependents. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the plan. Benefits terms have been established by employer policy and contractual agreements authorized by city ordinance, which may be amended by City Council actions.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### Note 15 - OPEB Plan (Continued)

**Contributions** - Contribution requirements of plan members are established and may be amended by the pension board in accordance with the City ordinance, union contracts, and plan provisions. The board establishes contribution rates based on an actuarially determined rate per a funding valuation. For the year ended June 30, 2017, the fund's contribution was \$1,794,724. Plan members are required to contribute at 1.5 percent of pay.

#### **OPEB Plan Investments**

**Investment Policy** - The plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the pension board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the pension board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The plan's investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans. The following was the board's adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2017:

Asset Class	Target Allocation (%)
Global equity	43.00 %
Global fixed income	21.00
Hedge funds	10.00
Private equity	5.00
Real estate	7.00
Infrastructure	7.00
Gold	5.00
Cash or cash equivalents	2.00

**Rate of Return** - For the year ended June 30, 2017, the annual money weighted rate of return on plan investments, net of investment expense, was 11.94 percent. The money weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### **OPEB Plan Reserves**

In accordance with city ordinance, the following reserves are required to be set aside within the plan:

Healthcare benefits reserve - The healthcare benefits reserve is held in a healthcare reserve fund and the amounts reserved may be used solely to pay retiree healthcare payments. The amount in the healthcare benefit reserve at June 30, 2017 was \$48,867,352

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### Note 15 - OPEB Plan (Continued)

Employee reserve - The employee reserve is credited as employee contributions are received throughout the year; the plan maintains a record amount contributed by each employee and credits interest annually at a rate of 5 percent. For any employee who terminates before vesting in the healthcare plan, his or her balance is returned to him or her; for those who stay until retirement, the balance is transferred into the healthcare benefits reserve. The amount in the employee reserve at June 30, 2017 was \$5,441,246.

Employer reserve - The employer reserve is used to account for the residual net position balance in the healthcare plan after funding the healthcare benefits reserve. The amount in the employee reserve at June 30, 2017 was \$18,867,729.

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

The City reports OPEB expense based on funding requirements, as directed by GASB Statement No. 45. Beginning next year, the City will adopt GASB Statement No. 75, which will require the measurement of OPEB expense as it is earned, rather than as it is funded. The net OPEB asset of the City has been measured as of June 30, 2017 and is composed of the following:

The components of the net OPEB asset at June 30, 2017 were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 68,092,266
Plan fiduciary net position	 (73,176,327)
Net OPEB asset	\$ (5,084,061)

Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability 107 %

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. The valuation used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified

Inflation	2.50 %
Healthcare cost trend rate	9.00 % Graded down to 3.50 percent in
Salary increases	4.50 % Average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50 % Net of OPEB plan investment
	expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the on the RP-2000 Mortality Combined Healthy Tables, projected 20 years with U.S. Projection Scale.

## Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### Note 15 - OPEB Plan (Continued)

#### **Projected Cash Flows**

Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the net OPEB (asset) liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.5 percent, as well as what the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is I percentage point lower (6.5 percent) or I percentage point higher (8.5 percent) than the current rate:

	I Percent	C	urrent	I Percent
	Decrease	Disc	ount Rate	Increase
	 (6.5%)	(	7.5%)	(8.5%)
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 3,349,342	\$ (5	5,084,061)	\$ (12,171,069)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The following presents the net OPEB (asset) liability, calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 9.0 percent, as well as what the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is I percentage point lower (8.0 percent, decreasing to 2.5 percent) or I percentage point higher (10.0 percent, decreasing to 4.5 percent) than the current rate:

		Current	
	I Percent	Healthcare	I Percent
	Decrease	Cost Trend	Increase
	(8.0%	Rate (9.0%	(10.0%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
	2.5%)	3.5%)	4.5%)
Net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ (13,346,171)	\$ (5,084,061)	\$ 4,947,044

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### Note 16 - Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries (workers' compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City participates in the Michigan Municipal League Workers' Compensation Fund for workers' compensation claims and participates in the Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority risk pool for claims relating to general and auto liability, auto physical damage, and property loss claims. As of September 2005, the City has also assumed a significant amount of financial responsibility for its actual incurred medical claims cost, subject to certain insured limitations including \$50,000 per specific claim and approximately \$2.5 million in aggregate claims (prior to September 2005, the City purchased commercial insurance for medical claims). Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The Michigan Municipal League risk pool program operates as a common risk-sharing management program for local units of government in Michigan; member premiums are used to purchase commercial excess insurance coverage and to pay member claims in excess of deductible amounts.

The Michigan Municipal Risk Management Authority (the "Authority") risk pool program operates as a claims servicing pool for amounts up to member retention limits, and operates as a common risk-sharing management program for losses in excess of member retention amounts. Although premiums are paid annually to the Authority that the Authority uses to pay claims up to the retention limits, the ultimate liability for those claims remains with the City.

The City estimates the liability for medical and general claims that have been incurred through the end of the fiscal year, including claims that have been reported as well as those that have not yet been reported, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustments expense, both allocated and unallocated. The liability is based on individual claims and management's evaluation of experience with respect to the probable number and nature of claims. Any adjustments resulting from the settlement of losses will be reflected in earnings at the time the adjustments are determined. These estimates are recorded in the General Fund and within the governmental activities column in the statement of net position. Changes in the estimated liability for the past two fiscal years were as follows:

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### Note 16 - Risk Management (Continued)

	General Liability						
		2017		2016			
Unpaid claims - Beginning of year	\$	1,301,887	\$	490,835			
Estimated incurred claims, including changes in estimates  Claim payments	_	2,527,600 (3,266,797)		4,022,795 (3,211,743)			
Unpaid claims - End of year	\$	562,690	<u>\$</u>	1,301,887			

A total of \$447,000 of the estimated liability for claims incurred but not reported is included as a general long-term liability in the governmental activities. Included in the June 30, 2017 unpaid claims liability is \$115,690, which represents the accrual for claims, incurred for medical costs, which is reported in accrued and other liabilities in the General Fund.

#### **Note 17 - Joint Ventures**

The City participates in the Michigan 47<sup>th</sup> District Court Administration Fund with the City of Farmington. The City provides approximately 84.34 percent of the funding for the Michigan 47<sup>th</sup> District Court Administration Fund.

During the years ended June 30, 2002 and 2001, the City advanced a total of \$2,218,226 to the Southwest Oakland Cable Commission (the "Cable Commission") for the acquisition of equipment and improvements to a new facility to be used in its operation. As of June 30, 2017, the advance was repaid. The City historically has participated in the Southwest Oakland Cable Commission as a joint venture with the cities of Farmington and Novi. Effective March 31, 2016, the Cable Commission was dissolved and liquidated by board resolution. The dissolution date was the last day of cable production and operating activities. After the dissolution date, the municipal corporations will assume any further responsibility for activities previously assigned to the Cable Commission. As of June 30, 2017, the Cable Commission's remaining assets include a transfer out to member communities for their share of the Cable Commission's net position. The City recorded a receivable of approximately \$318,000, which represents the City's portion of the net position as of June 30, 2017. Financial information for the joint venture can be obtained from the City of Farmington at 23600 Liberty Street, Farmington, Michigan 48335.

In addition, the City is a member of the Resource Recovery and Recycling Authority of Southwest Oakland County (the "Recycling Authority"). The Recycling Authority is incorporated by the cities of Farmington, Farmington Hills, Novi, South Lyon, Southfield, Walled Lake, Wixom, and the Charter Township of Lyon. The joint venture receives its operating revenue from member contributions and miscellaneous income.

#### Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note 17 - Joint Ventures (Continued)**

The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments of any of the above joint ventures in the near future.

Complete financial statements for the 47<sup>th</sup> District Court Administration Fund and Resource Recovery and Recycling Authority of Southwest Oakland County can be obtained from the administrative offices at 31555 W. 11 Mile Road, Farmington Hills, MI 48336.

#### **Note 18 - Fund Balance Constraints**

The General Fund fund balance assignment for future expenditures of \$17,599,194 includes \$161,713 for subsequent year expenditures, \$2,000,000 for retiree health care, \$920,000 for the corridor improvement authority, \$3,000,000 for the retirement system, \$355,000 for the activities center, \$400,000 for buses, \$200,000 for future inspections, \$500,000 for sidewalks/bike paths, \$900,000 for information technology, \$5,900,000 for storm water, \$400,000 for police patrol cars, \$300,000 public safety equipment, \$200,000 for communications, \$873,494 for citywide facilities improvement, \$1,488,512 for subsequent years' budget requests, and \$475 for police training.

#### **Note 19 - Tax Abatements**

The City receives reduced property tax revenue as a result of Industrial Facilities Tax exemptions (PA 198 of 1974). Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities. Under the program, the City grants reductions of 50 percent of the property tax bill for new property (or it can freeze taxable values for rehabilitation properties) for up to 10 years.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, the City abated \$7,428 of taxes under this program. There are no provisions to recapture taxes; however, the abatement may be eliminated if taxes are not paid timely.

There are no significant abatements made by other governments that reduce the City's tax revenue.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### **Note 20 - Reporting Change (Prior period adjustment)**

The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 have been restated in order to adjust the total pension liability for future retiree healthcare opt-out payments in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74.

The effect of this correction was to increase total pension liability and decrease net position in the governmental activities by \$5,638,693.

The effect of this change is as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Net position - June 30, 2016 - As previously reported Adjustment to increase the total pension liability	\$159,028,724 (5,638,693)
Net position - June 30, 2016 - As restated	\$153,390,031

#### **Note 21 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements**

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, which addresses reporting by governments that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) to their employees and for governments that finance OPEB for employees of other governments. This OPEB standard will require the City to recognize on the face of the financial statements its net OPEB liability. The statement also enhances accountability and transparency through revised note disclosures and required supplemental information (RSI). The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2018.

In January 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of governments and improves guidance for accounting and financial reporting related to how these activities should be reported. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the 2019-2020 fiscal year.

In March 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*, which addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB)). The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the 2017-2018 fiscal year.

# Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2017

#### Note 21 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

In May 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, which improves consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources - resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt - are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the 2017-2018 fiscal year.

In June 2017, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, which improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. The City is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted. The provisions of this statement are effective for the City's financial statements for the 2020-2021 fiscal year.

## **Required Supplemental Information**

#### Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

Paranca .	<u>O</u> 1	riginal Budget		Amended Budget		Actual		ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue	_				_		_	. = 2 2 2 =
Property taxes	\$	28,863,204	\$	28,781,343	\$	28,934,178	\$	152,835
Other licenses and permits		1,228,900		1,559,973		1,913,682		353,709
Federal grants		400,000		396,449		408,667		12,218
State-shared revenue and grants		7,410,695		7,678,026		7,991,497		313,471
Charges for services to external parties		10,438,808		10,705,153		10,939,531		234,378
Fines and forfeitures		2,160,000		2,209,000		2,006,801		(202, 199)
Investment income		256,000		290,000		233,798		(56,202)
Local donations		252,750		256,287		259,606		3,319
Other miscellaneous income		850,278		1,008,226		1,310,121		301,895
Equipment rental	_	1,089,925	_	1,089,925	_	1,152,998		63,073
Total revenue		52,950,560		53,974,382		55,150,879		1,176,497
Expenditures								
General government:								
City Council		119,210		115,665		103,686		11,979
Boards and commissions		2,705,578		2,710,176		2,671,217		38,959
City administration		739,637		665,711		602,876		62,835
Public information		447,493		422,258		406,442		15,816
Finance department		1,915,736		1,784,889		1,700,794		84,095
Clerk		678,177		637,184		620,979		16,205
Attorney		616,500		786,500		796,565		(10,065)
Human resources/personnel		386,283		379,123		368,524		10,599
Central services		1,246,748		1,194,230		1,083,395		110,835
Support services		3,973,887		3,994,413		3,999,666		(5,253)
Total general government		12,829,249		12,690,149		12,354,144		336,005
Public safety:								
Police		14,583,157		14,119,862		13,889,874		229,988
Fire		5,108,158		5,074,392		4,991,517		82,875
Total public safety		19,691,315		19,194,254		18,881,391		312,863
Public services:								
Road maintenance		2,243,348		2,212,796		2,051,132		161,664
Administration		476,213		410,301		330,475		79,826
Maintenance facility		1,575,968		1,428,539		1,239,841		188,698
Building maintenance		504,628		506,562		444,566		61,996
General refuse removal		3,734,389		3,735,491		3,738,656		(3,165)
Engineering		1,267,270		1,090,147		1,031,444		58,703
Public service reimbursement from		· ,= - · , <b>=</b> ·		-,,,		-,,		,
road fund	_	(1,922,189)	_	(1,896,725)	_	(1,768,297)		(128,428)
Total public services		7,879,627		7,487,111		7,067,817		419,294

#### Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued) Year Ended June 30, 2017

	0	riginal Budget	_	Amended Budget		Actual	<u> </u>	ariance with Amended Budget
Expenditures (Continued)  Community and economic  development	\$	1,797,446	\$	1,643,984	\$	1,624,256	\$	19,728
Recreation and culture	Ψ —	7,597,931	Ψ _	7,561,431	Ψ	7,344,735	Ψ 	216,696
Total expenditures		49,795,568	_	48,576,929		47,272,343	_	1,304,586
<b>Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures</b>		3,154,992		5,397,453		7,878,536		2,481,083
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	_	1,307,850 (6,934,443)		1,307,850 (6,860,743)	_	1,307,850 (6,905,448)		- (44,705)
Total other financing uses		(5,626,593)	_	(5,552,893)	_	(5,597,598)	_	(44,705)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(2,471,601)		(155,440)		2,280,938		2,436,378
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		30,882,938		30,882,938		30,882,938	_	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	28,411,337	\$	30,727,498	\$	33,163,876	\$	2,436,378

The budget has been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Comparison schedules are presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget.

#### Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Special Revenue Fund Major Roads Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Oı	riginal Budget		Amended Budget		Actual		ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue								
Federal grants	\$	1,473,000	\$	554,223	\$	338,311	\$	(215,912)
Intergovernmental revenue		5,257,340		5,067,695		5,173,610		105,915
Investment income		25,500		22,000		3,809		(18,191)
Other revenue		130	_	129		187		58
Total revenue		6,755,970		5,644,047		5,515,917		(128,130)
Expenditures - Public works	_	11,267,976		10,774,853		10,107,378		667,475
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		(4,512,006)		(5,130,806)		(4,591,461)		539,345
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		3,693,085		3,679,121		3,679,121		-
Transfers out		(225,000)	_	(225,000)		(225,000)	_	-
Total other financing								
sources	_	3,468,085		3,454,121	_	3,454,121		
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,043,921)		(1,676,685)		(1,137,340)		539,345
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	3,601,944		3,601,944	_	3,601,944		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,558,023	\$	1,925,259	\$	2,464,604	\$	539,345

#### Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Special Revenue Fund Local Roads Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Ori	ginal Budget		Amended Budget		Actual	V	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue								
State-shared revenue and grants	\$	1,816,506	\$	1,740,271	\$	1,764,691	\$	24,420
Investment income		1,300		11,000		32,908		21,908
Other revenue:								
Special assessments		646,478		389,024		1,333,373		944,349
Other miscellaneous income		387,867	_	68,808	_	69,988		1,180
Total revenue		2,852,151		2,209,103		3,200,960		991,857
Expenditures								
Public works		13,721,911		15,228,511		13,038,941		2,189,570
Debt service		79,950	_	80,050	_	79,950		100
Total expenditures		13,801,861	_	15,308,561		13,118,891		2,189,670
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue	(	10,949,710)		(13,099,458)		(9,917,931)		3,181,527
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Face value of debt issue		9,775,000		10,473,538		10,210,246		(263,292)
Transfers in		3,919,085		3,904,120		3,904,120		-
Transfers out		(998,295)	_	(340,177)		(340,177)		-
Total other financing								
Total other financing sources		12,695,790		14,037,481		13,774,189		(263,292)
Net Change in Fund Balance		1,746,080		938,023		3,856,258		2,918,235
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		318,752	_	318,752		318,752		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,064,832	\$	1,256,775	\$	4,175,010	\$	2,918,235

#### Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Special Revenue Fund Public Safety Millage Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

						Va	riance with
			Amended			,	Amended
	Or	iginal Budget	Budget		Actual		Budget
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$	9,816,862	\$ 9,780,714	\$	9,814,845	\$	34,131
State-shared revenue and grants		154,811	154,811		154,811		-
Investment income		15,000	40,000		54,774		14,774
Total revenue		9,986,673	9,975,525		10,024,430		48,905
Expenditures - Public safety	_	11,047,939	 11,047,939	_	10,759,979		287,960
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,061,266)	(1,072,414)		(735,549)		336,865
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		3,103,093	 3,103,093	_	3,103,093		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	2,041,827	\$ 2,030,679	<u>\$</u>	2,367,544	\$	336,865

#### Required Supplemental Information Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Annual money-weighted rate of return -										
Net of investment expense	12.3 %	(1.8)%	(0.4)%	16.5 %	10.7 %	(1.7)%	20.7 %	15.5 %	(15.3)%	(1.9)%

#### Required Supplemental Information Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Changes in the Employers' Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

	 2017**		2016		2015		2014		2013*		2012*		2011*		2010*		2009*		2008*
Total Pension Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and actual	\$ 3,373,013 13,507,444 -	\$	3,389,831 12,897,603 122,932	\$	3,345,050 12,530,511 -	\$	3,412,039 12,050,921 -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds	(1,021,725) - (10,865,001)		(677,524) (2,974,074) (10,148,144)		(1,437,308) - (8,984,021)		- - (9,085,912)	_	- - -	_	- - -	_	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	4,993,731		2,610,624		5,454,232		6,377,048		-		-		-		-		-		-
Total Pension Liability - Beginning of year	183,845,246	_	175,347,196	_	169,892,964	_	163,515,916	_	-		-		-		-	_	-		-
Total Pension Liability - End of year	\$ 188,838,977	\$	177,957,820	<u>\$</u>	175,347,196	\$	169,892,964	<u>\$</u>	-	<u> </u>	-	<b>\$</b>	-	- 5	-	\$	-	<b>\$</b>	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net investment income (loss) Administrative expenses Benefit payments, including refunds Other	\$ 4,710,485 914,378 16,113,238 (289,700) (10,865,001) 1,055,743		4,710,931 907,655 (3,173,808) (284,222) (10,148,142) 641,977	\$	4,882,377 896,588 (1,418,620) (409,172) (8,984,023) 6,212	\$	4,557,473 892,150 22,334,550 (304,659) (9,085,912)	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -	\$		\$	- - - - -	\$	- - - - -
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	11,639,143		(7,345,609)		(5,026,638)		18,393,602		-		-		-		-		-		-
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b> - Beginning of year	137,940,807		145,286,416		150,313,054		131,919,452		-		-		-		-		-		-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - End of year	\$ 149,579,950	\$	137,940,807	\$	145,286,416	\$	150,313,054	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	- 5	-	\$	-	<u> </u>	
Net Pension Liability - Ending	\$ 39,259,027	\$	40,017,013	\$	30,060,780	\$	19,579,910	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	- 5	-	\$	-	<b>\$</b>	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total Pension Liability	79.21 %		77.51 %		82.86 %		88.48 %		- %	,	- %	5	- %	6	- %		- %	6	- %
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 19,980,215	\$	19,857,814	\$	20,213,039.00	\$	21,343,777.00	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	9	-	\$	-	\$	-
City's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	196.5 %		201.5 %		148.7 %		91.7 %		- %	<b>,</b>	- %	5	- %	6	- %		- %	6	- %

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 67 was implemented for fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and does not require retroactive implementation. Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> The June 30, 2016 total pension liability was restated in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation to include the retiree healthcare opt-out stipend payments.

#### Required Supplemental Information Employees' Retirement System Schedule of Employers' Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 4,710,485	\$ 4,710,931	\$ 4,882,377	\$ 4,557,473	\$ 4,302,129	\$ 4,482,745	\$ 4,008,049	\$ 3,710,289	\$ 3,664,637	\$ 3,775,618
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	4,710,485	4,710,931	4,882,377	4,557,473	4,302,129	4,482,745	4,008,049	3,710,289	3,664,637	3,775,618
Contribution Deficiency	<u> - </u>	<u> -                                   </u>								
Covered Payroll	\$19,980,215	\$19,857,814	\$20,213,039	\$21,343,777	\$19,898,614	\$20,415,113	\$21,236,510	\$21,749,242	\$24,904,782	\$24,662,884
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	23.6 %	23.7 %	24.2 %	21.4 %	21.6 %	22.0 %	18.9 %	17.1 %	14.7 %	15.3 %

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Valuation date

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30 each year, which is 12 months prior to the beginning of

the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Amortization method Level percent of payroll (level dollar method for general division)

Remaining amortization period Police and fire employees: 28 years (closed)

Court employees: 15 years (closed)
General employees: 12 years (closed)

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases 4.5 percent to 7.5 percent (General and Court), 4.5 percent to 23.5 percent (police), 4.5 percent to 20.5 percent (fire)

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent (net of investment expenses)

Retirement age Experience-based tables of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality 2000 Mortality Combined Healthy Tables, projected 20 years with U.S. Projection Scale BB

Other information None

# Required Supplemental Information Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund Schedule of Funding Progress and Employer Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2017

The schedule of funding progress is as follows:

	Actuarial	Actuarial				UAAL as a
	Value of	Accrued	Unfunded	Funded Ratio	Covered	Percentage of
Actuarial	Assets*	Liability (AAL)	AAL (UAAL)	(Percent)	Payroll	Covered
Valuation Date	(a)	(b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	(c)	Payroll
6/30/09	\$ 41,318,305	\$ 59,275,315	\$ 17,957,010	69.7 %	\$ 24,904,782	72.1 %
6/30/10	44,004,631	74,937,594	30,932,963	58.7	21,494,819	143.9
6/30/10**	44,004,631	72,230,135	28,225,504	60.9	21,494,819	131.3
6/30/12	50,982,851	69,722,666	18,739,815	73.1	19,889,835	94.2
6/30/14	62,830,994	71,356,286	8,525,292	88. I	17,633,733	48.3
6/30/16	71,438,401	71,198,513	(239,888)	100.3	17,092,987	(1.4)

<sup>\*</sup> The above schedule includes only postretirement healthcare-related activity reported in the Closed Healthcare Fund and the Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund; assets and liabilities related to pension activity have been excluded. The financial information of the Closed Healthcare Fund is reported in the City of Farmington Hills Employees' Retirement System's separately issued financial statements.

The schedule of employer contributions is as follows:

			Annual	
	Actuarial Valuation		Required	Percentage
Fiscal Year Ended	Date	С	ontribution	Contributed
6/30/12	6/30/10	\$	3,955,250	83.7 %
6/30/13	6/30/10		4,161,881	81.1
6/30/14	6/30/12		2,892,858	148.4
6/30/15	6/30/12		2,890,395	100.0
6/30/16	6/30/14		1,808,068	100.0
6/30/17	6/30/14		1.794.724	100.0

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of June 30, 2016, the latest actuarial valuation, follows:

Amortization method:

Police and fire	Level dollar (closed)
General and court	Level percent of pay (closed)
Remaining amortization period	14 years
Asset valuation method	Five-year smoothed market
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.50% (net of investment expenses)
Projected salary increases	4.5% - 23.5%
Inflation	2.5%
Cost of living adjustments	None
Health cost increases	3.5% - 9.0%

<sup>\*\*</sup> Revised the 2010 valuation using revised assumptions as of June 30, 2011

#### Required Supplemental Information OPEB Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008
Annual money-weighted rate of return,										
net of investment expense	11.9 %	(1.7)%	(0.5)%	16.2 %	9.3 %	(0.1)%	19.4 %	12.1 %	(16.8)%	(0.8)%

# Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Schedule is built prospectively upon implementation of GASB Statement No. 74)

	2017	2	016*	 2015*	 2014*	2	.013*	2	012*	2	.011*	2	010*	2	009*	20	*800
Total OPEB Liability Service cost Interest Changes in benefit terms Differences between expected and	\$ 1,051,678 4,851,673	\$	- - -	\$ - - -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -										
actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds	(826,276) - (2,295,896)		- - -	- - -	- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -		- - -
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	2,781,179						_		_				_				
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning of year	65,311,087		_	-	-		_		_		_		_		_		_
Total OPEB Liability - End of year	\$ 68,092,266	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Plan Fiduciary Net Position Contributions - Employer Contributions - Active and inactive plan members not yet receiving	\$ 1,794,724	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
benefits  Net investment income  Administrative expenses  Benefit payments, including refunds  Other	255,459 8,093,512 (28,778) (2,295,896)		- - - -	- - - -	- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - -
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	7,819,021		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b> - Beginning of year	65,357,306				-		-						-				
<b>Plan Fiduciary Net Position</b> -End of year	\$ 73,176,327	\$		\$ 	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
Net OPEB Liability (Asset) - Ending	\$ (5,084,061)	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total OPEB Liability	107.47 %		- %	- %	- %		- %		- %		- %		- %		- %		- %

<sup>\*</sup> GASB Statement No. 74 was implemented for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017 and does not require retroactive implementation. Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of such information is available.

#### Required Supplemental Information Schedule of Employers' Contributions Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_	2017	_	2016	_	2015	_	2014	_	2013	_	2012	_	2011	_	2010	_	2009	_	2008
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	1,794,724	\$	1,808,068	\$	2,890,395	\$	2,892,858	\$	4,161,881	\$	3,955,250	\$	3,186,426	\$	2,971,747	\$	3,231,967	\$	3,051,388
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	_	1,794,724		1,808,068	_	2,890,875		4,292,810	_	3,375,239	_	3,311,151	_	3,186,426	_	2,971,747	_	3,231,967		3,051,388
Contribution (Excess) Deficiency	\$	-	\$		\$	(480)	\$ (	(1,399,952)	\$	786,642	\$	644,099	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$	

#### **Notes to Schedule of City Contributions**

Valuation date

Actuarial valuation information relative to the determination of contributions:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of June 30, one year prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions

are reported.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-age normal

Amortization method Level dollar (closed)

Remaining amortization period 14 years

Asset valuation method Five-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.5 percent

Healthcare cost trend rates 3.5 percent to 9.0 percent

Salary increases 4.5 percent to 7.5 percent (General and Court), 4.5 percent to 23.5 percent (police), 4.5 percent to 20.5 percent (fire)

Investment rate of return 7.5 percent - Net of investment expenses

Retirement age Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition

Mortality RP-2000 Mortality Combined Healthy Tables, projected 20 years with U.S. Projection Scale BB

Other information None

## **Other Supplemental Information**

# Other Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Capital Projects Fund Capital Improvement Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

	iginal Budget Unaudited)		Amended Budget (Unaudited)	Actual	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue					
Federal grants	\$ -	\$	31,800	\$ 31,800	\$ -
Investment income	3,000		3,000	3,739	739
Other revenue	 	_	62,418	53,592	(8,826)
Total revenue	3,000		97,218	89,131	(8,087)
Expenditures - Capital outlay	6,755,400		8,186,398	6,666,867	1,519,531
<b>Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue</b>	(6,752,400)		(8,089,180)	(6,577,736)	1,511,444
Other Financing Sources -					
Transfers in	5,444,400	_	5,444,400	 5,444,400	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,308,000)		(2,644,780)	(1,133,336)	1,511,444
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	2,884,806	_	2,884,806	2,884,806	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 1,576,806	<u>\$</u>	240,026	\$ 1,751,470	\$ 1,511,444

#### Other Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Major Debt Service Fund Special Assessment Fund - Local Roads Fund Year Ended June 30, 2017

		iginal Budget Unaudited)	(	Amended Budget (Unaudited)		Actual	 riance with Amended Budget
Revenue							
Investment income	\$	113,559	\$	117,049	\$	131,215	\$ 14,166
Other revenue	_	654,539	_	646,651	_	768,805	 122,154
Total revenue		768,098		763,700		900,020	136,320
Expenditures							
Public services		9,075		9,075		9,075	-
Debt service		1,119,475	_	461,357	_	461,457	 (100)
Total expenditures		1,128,550	_	470,432	_	470,532	(100)
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures		(360,452)		293,268		429,488	136,220
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		818,437		160,319		160,319	-
Transfers out		(608,173)	_	(608,173)	_	(608,173)	 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	_	210,264		(447,854)		(447,854)	-
Net Change in Fund Balance		(150,188)		(154,586)		(18,366)	136,220
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		2,113,034		2,113,034		2,113,034	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	1,962,846	<u>\$</u>	1,958,448	<u>\$</u>	2,094,668	\$ 136,220

						Special Rev	enue	e Funds				
										Parks and		
	Co	mmunity							F	Recreation		Deferred
	Dev	elopment/		Nutrition		Forfeiture	ı	Municipal		Special		Special
	Blo	ck Grant		Grant		Funds	St	treet Fund		Millage	As	sessment
Assets			_									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	17,393	\$	58,098	\$	957,137	\$	21,270	\$	674,046	\$	52,997
Receivables	_	52,930	_	28,790	_	353,921	_	-	_	-		-
Total assets	\$	70,323	\$	86,888	\$	1,311,058	\$	21,270	\$	674,046	\$	52,997
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances												
Liabilities												
Accounts payable	\$	58,945	\$	377	\$	572,143	\$	-	\$	23,549	\$	-
Due to other funds		-		86,511		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue	_	11,378	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-
Total liabilities		70,323		86,888		572,143		-		23,549		-
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b> - Unavailable revenue			_	<u>-</u>		4,487	_	-	_	<u>-</u>		
Fund Balances												
Restricted:												
Roads		=		=		<u>-</u>		21,270		=		-
Police		-		-		734,428		-		-		-
Parks and recreation Committed - Special assessment projects		-		-		-		-		650,497		- 52,997
Assigned:												32,777
Capital projects		-		-		_		-		-		-
Debt service		-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-		
Total fund balances			_	-		734,428	_	21,270	_	650,497		52,997
Total liabilities, deferred												
inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	70,323	\$	86,888	\$	1,311,058	\$	21,270	\$	674,046	\$	52,997

### Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2017

Debt Service Funds					Capital Projects Funds				
Building Authority		General Debt Service		Golf Course Capital Improvement		Revolving Special Assessment		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
\$	152 -	\$	144,141 -	\$	54,838 -	\$	1,670,443 -	\$	3,650,515 435,641
<u>\$</u>	152	\$	144,141	<u>\$</u>	54,838	\$	1,670,443	<u>\$</u>	4,086,156
\$	- - -	\$	- - -	\$	28,180 - -	\$	- - -	\$	683,194 86,511 11,378
	-		-		28,180		-		781,083
	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	4,487
	- - -		- - - -		- - - -		- - - 1,670,443		21,270 734,428 650,497 1,723,440
	- 152		- 144,141		26,658 -		-		26,658 144,293
_	152	_	144,141	_	26,658	_	1,670,443	_	3,300,586
\$	152	\$	144,141	\$	54,838	\$	1,670,443	\$	4,086,156

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Community Development Block Grant	Nutrition Grant	Forfeiture Funds	Municipal Street Fund	Parks and Recreation Special Millage	Deferred Special Assessment			
Revenue									
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,173,031	\$ 1,510,256	\$ -			
Federal grants	398,492	201,591	150,091	-	-	-			
State-shared revenue and grants	=	123,062	315,461	-	23,794	-			
Investment income	-	532 148,323	5,865 9,044	26,603	8,695	311			
Other revenue		170,323	7,011						
Total revenue	398,492	473,508	480,461	6,199,634	1,542,745	311			
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	-	-		-	-	300			
Public safety	-	-	275,053	-	-	-			
Public works	-	-	-	750	-	-			
Community and economic development	398.492								
Recreation and culture	370,772	518,213	-	-	-	-			
Capital outlay	_	510,213	-	-	152,588	_			
Debt service	_	_	_	_	-	_			
Debt service									
Total expenditures	398,492	518,213	275,053	750	152,588	300			
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures		(44,705)	205,408	6,198,884	1,390,157	Ш			
Expenditures	-	(44,703)	203,400	0,170,004	1,370,137				
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Face value of debt issue Transfers in	-	- 44.705	-	-	-	-			
Transfers out	_		-	(7,358,241)	(1,307,850)	_			
		-	_	(7,550,211)	(1,307,030)	_			
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent									
Total other financing sources (uses)		44,705		(7,358,241)	(1,307,850)				
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	205,408	(1,159,357)	82,307	11			
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	529,020	1,180,627	568,190	52,986			
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 734,428	\$ 21,270	\$ 650,497	\$ 52,997			

#### Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Debt Serv	ice Funds	Capital Pro				
_	Building Authority	General Debt Service	Golf Course Capital Improvement	Revolving Special Assessment	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
\$	- - - 2	\$ - - 7,103 217,924	\$ - - 529 33,338	\$ - - - 8,831	\$ 7,683,287 750,174 462,317 58,471 408,629		
	2	225,027	33,867	8,831	9,362,878		
	- -	- -	- -	- -	300 275,053		
	-	-	-	-	750		
	900 -	- -	-	1,295 -	400,687 518,213		
	1,125,200	- 544,411	54,412 -	-	207,000 1,669,611		
	1,126,100	544,411	54,412	1,295	3,071,614		
	(1,126,098)	(319,384)	(20,545)	7,536	6,291,264		
	- 1,126,100 - -	3,805,000 1,386,391 (1,126,100) (3,763,960)	29,952 - -	788,03 I - -	3,805,000 3,375,179 (9,792,191) (3,763,960)		
	1,126,100	301,331	29,952	788,031	(6,375,972)		
	2	(18,053)	9,407	795,567	(84,708)		
	150	162,194	17,251	874,876	3,385,294		
\$	152	\$ 144,141	\$ 26,658	\$ 1,670,443	\$ 3,300,586		

# Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Community Development Block Grant Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	_	ginal Budget Inaudited)		Amended Budget Jnaudited)	 Actual	Variance with Amended Budget		
Revenue - Federal grants	\$	\$ 342,503		432,099	\$ 398,492	\$	(33,607)	
Expenditures - Community and economic development		342,503		432,099	398,492		33,607	
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures							-	
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-	-		-	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year							_	
Fund Balance - End of year		-	\$		\$ 	\$		

#### Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Nutrition Grant Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	•	l Budget ıdited)		Amended Budget (Unaudited)		Actual	riance with Amended Budget
Revenue			_		_		
Federal grants	\$ 2	286,741	\$	298,503	\$	201,591	\$ (96,912)
State-shared revenue and grants		-		-		123,062	123,062
Investment income		200		300		532	232
Other revenue		150,294	_	168,526		148,323	 (20,203)
Total revenue	4	437,235		467,329		473,508	6,179
Expenditures - Recreation and culture		437,235	_	467,329		518,213	(50,884)
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		-		-		(44,705)	(44,705)
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in		_		_		44,705	44,705
Transiers in			_		_	1 1,7 03	 11,703
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		-	-
Fund Balance - Beginning of year			_				 
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	-	\$		\$		\$ -

#### Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Forfeiture Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

			,	Amended			Variance with		
	Orig	ginal Budget		Budget				Amended	
	(Unaudited)			Jnaudited)		Actual		Budget	
Revenue						_			
Federal grants	\$	-	\$	103,310	\$	150,091	\$	46,781	
State-shared revenue and grants		-		57,204		315,461		258,257	
Investment income	-			2,700		5,865		3,165	
Other revenue	<u> </u>			1,130		9,044		7,914	
Total revenue		-		164,344		480,461		316,117	
Expenditures - Public safety		335,450		284,224	_	275,053		9,171	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(335,450)		(119,880)		205,408		325,288	
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		529,020		529,020	_	529,020			
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	193,570	\$	409,140	\$	734,428	\$	325,288	

#### Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Parks and Recreation Special Millage Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget (Unaudited)			Amended Budget (Unaudited)		Actual		ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue					_			
Property taxes	\$	1,508,813	\$	1,503,257	\$	1,510,256	\$	6,999
State-shared revenue and grants		23,794		23,794		23,794		-
Investment income		3,551		6,000		8,695		2,695
Total revenue		1,536,158		1,533,051		1,542,745		9,694
Expenditures - Capital outlay		301,850	_	314,157	_	152,588	_	161,569
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		1,234,308		1,218,894		1,390,157		171,263
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out		(1,307,850)		(1,307,850)	_	(1,307,850)	_	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(73,542)		(88,956)		82,307		171,263
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		568,190	_	568,190		568,190		
Fund Balance - End of year		494,648	\$	479,234	\$	650,497	\$	171,263

#### Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Deferred Special Assessment Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Orig	inal Budget	mended Budget naudited)		Actual	riance with Amended Budget
Revenue - Investment income	\$	400	\$ 470	\$	311	\$ (159)
Expenditures - General government		300	 300		300	
Net Change in Fund Balance		100	170		11	(159)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		52,986	52,986	_	52,986	
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	53,086	\$ 53,156	\$	52,997	\$ (159)

#### Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Building Authority Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget (Unaudited)		Amended Budget (Unaudited)			Actual	_	ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue - Investment income	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2	\$	2
Expenditures General government Debt service		900 1,198,900		900 1,125,200		900 1,125,200		<u>-</u>
Total expenditures		1,199,800	_	1,126,100	_	1,126,100		
Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue		(1,199,800)		(1,126,100)		(1,126,098)		2
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in		1,199,800		1,126,100		1,126,100		-
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		-		2		2
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		150	_	150	_	150		-
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$</u>	150	\$	150	\$	152	\$	2

#### Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - General Debt Service Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

		ginal Budget Jnaudited)	Amended Budget (Unaudited)			Actual	_	/ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue	<b>.</b>	440		F F00	<b>.</b>	7.100	<b>.</b>	1.402
Investment income	\$	440 244,332	\$	5,500 232,790	\$	7,103 217,924	\$	1,603 (14,866)
Other revenue	_	277,332		232,770	_	217,724	_	(17,000)
Total revenue		244,772		238,290		225,027		(13,263)
Expenditures - Debt service		505,063	_	504,963	_	544,411		(39,448)
<b>Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue</b>		(260,291)		(266,673)		(319,384)		(52,711)
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Face value of debt issue Transfers in Transfers out		- 1,460,091 (1,199,800)		- 1,386,391 (1,126,100)		3,805,000 1,386,391 (1,126,100)		3,805,000 - -
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent		-				(3,763,960)	_	(3,763,960)
Total other financing sources		260,291		260,291		301,331		41,040
Net Change in Fund Balance		-		(6,382)		(18,053)		(11,671)
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		162,194	_	162,194		162,194	_	
Fund Balance - End of year		162,194	\$	155,812	\$	144,141	\$	(11,671)

# Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Golf Course Capital Improvement Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget (Unaudited)			Amended Budget (Unaudited)		Actual		riance with Amended Budget
Revenue				222				100
Investment income	\$	80	\$	330	\$	529	\$	199
Other revenue		30,750	_	32,500		33,338		838
Total revenue		30,830		32,830		33,867		1,037
Expenditures - Capital outlay		67,200	_	67,200		54,412		12,788
<b>Excess of Expenditures Over Revenue</b>		(36,370)		(34,370)		(20,545)		13,825
Other Financing Sources - Transfers in		29,952	_	29,952	_	29,952	_	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(6,418)		(4,418)		9,407		13,825
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		17,251	_	17,251		17,251		
Fund Balance - End of year	\$	10,833	\$	12,833	\$	26,658	\$	13,825

#### Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Revolving Special Assessment Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget (Unaudited)			Amended Budget (Unaudited)		Actual	riance with Amended Budget
Revenue - Investment income	\$	2,000	\$	\$ 2,500		8,831	\$ 6,331
Expenditures - Public services		1,400	_	1,295		1,295	 
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures		600		1,205		7,536	6,331
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in Transfers out	788,031 (1,000)			788,03 l 		788,031 -	- -
Total other financing sources	_	787,031		788,031	_	788,031	
Net Change in Fund Balance		787,631		789,236		795,567	6,331
Fund Balance - Beginning of year		874,876		874,876		874,876	
Fund Balance - End of year		1,662,507	\$	1,664,112	\$	1,670,443	\$ 6,331

#### Other Supplemental Information Nonmajor Governmental Fund - Municipal Street Fund Budgetary Comparison Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Original Budget (Unaudited)			Amended Budget Unaudited)		Actual	 ariance with Amended Budget
Revenue	\$						
Property taxes		6,203,628	\$	6,158,364	\$	6,173,031	\$ 14,667
Investment income	_	3,500	_	20,000	_	26,603	 6,603
Total revenue		6,207,128		6,178,364		6,199,634	21,270
Expenditures - Public services		500		750		750	-
Other Financing Uses - Transfers out		(7,386,170)	_	(7,358,241)		(7,358,241)	
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,179,542)		(1,180,627)		(1,159,357)	21,270
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	_	1,180,627		1,180,627		1,180,627	 
Fund Balance - End of year		1,085	\$		\$	21,270	\$ 21,270

#### Other Supplemental Information Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds June 30, 2017

		F	ens	ion Trust Fund	ds	Agency Funds						
			Po	ostretirement								
				Healthcare	<b>Total Pension</b>					Т	otal Agency	
	Pe	ension Fund	Finance Fund		Trust Funds	Tax Collections		Ge	eneral Agency		Funds	
Assets						_			<u> </u>			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	7,464,008	\$	3,808,007	\$ 11,272,015	\$	74,694	\$	4,722,555	\$	4,797,249	
Investments:												
Pooled funds		87,743,776		30,513,884	118,257,660		-		-		-	
Exchange traded funds		-		7,468,900	7,468,900		-		-		-	
Common stock		54,666,277		30,222,042	84,888,319		-		-		-	
Receivables		87,918		1,038,713	1,126,631		-		-		-	
Due from other funds	_			214,000	214,000	_				_		
Total assets		149,961,979		73,265,546	223,227,525	\$	74,694	\$	4,722,555	\$	4,797,249	
Liabilities												
Accounts payable		147,240		59,584	206,824	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	
Due to other governmental units		-		-	-		50,455		921,534		971,989	
Due to primary government		20,789		29,635	50,424		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		214,000		-	214,000		-		-		-	
Refundable deposits and bonds	_		_			_	24,239	_	3,801,021	_	3,825,260	
Total liabilities		382,029	_	89,219	471,248	\$	74,694	\$	4,722,555	\$	4,797,249	
Net Position Restricted for Pension and Other Employee Benefits	<u>\$ I</u>	49,579,950	\$	73,176,327	\$222,756,277							

#### Other Supplemental Information Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

	Pension Fund	Postretirement Healthcare Finance Fund	Total
Additions			
Investment income (expense):			
Interest and dividends	\$ 2,256,168	\$ 1,684,470	\$ 3,940,638
Net change in fair value of investments	15,825,929	6,828,991	22,654,920
Investment-related expenses	(1,202,816)	(448,724)	(1,651,540)
Net investment income	16,879,281	8,064,737	24,944,018
Contributions:			
Employer	4,710,485	1,794,724	6,505,209
Employee	914,378	255,459	1,169,837
Total additions	22,504,144	10,114,920	32,619,064
Deductions			
Benefit payments	10,826,626	2,260,012	13,086,638
Refunds of contributions	38,375	35,885	74,260
Total deductions	10,865,001	2,295,897	13,160,898
Net Increase in Net Position Held in Trust	11,639,143	7,819,023	19,458,166
Net Position Restricted for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - Beginning of year	137,940,807	65,357,304	203,298,111
Net Position Restricted for Pension and Other Employee Benefits - End of year	\$149,579,950	\$ 73,176,327	\$222,756,277

#### Other Supplemental Information Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Funds Year Ended June 30, 2017

		Balance at July 1, 2016		Additions		Reductions		Balance at ne 30, 2017
Tax Collections								
Assets								
Cash and investments  Due from other funds	\$	75,014 -	\$	103,102,968	\$	(103,103,288) (19,391)	\$	74,694 -
Total assets	\$	75,014	\$	103,122,359	\$(	103,122,679)	\$	74,694
Liabilities								
Tax collections distributable	\$	-	\$	103,597,984	\$	(103,597,984)	\$	-
Due to other governmental units		50,919		50,455		(50,919)		50,455
Refundable deposits, bonds, etc.		24,095		24,239		(24,095)		24,239
Total liabilities	\$	75,014	\$	03,672,678	<u>\$(</u>	103,672,998)	<u>\$</u>	74,694
		ъ.						<b>D</b>
		Balance at						Balance at
_	_	July 1, 2016	_	Additions		Reductions	Ju	ne 30, 2017
General Agency								
Assets - Cash and investments	<u>\$</u>	4,516,875	\$	3,613,560	<u>\$</u>	(3,407,880)	<u>\$</u>	4,722,555
Liabilities								
Due to other governmental units	\$	962,103	\$	1,849,935	\$	(1,884,869)	\$	927,169
Refundable deposits, bonds, etc.		3,554,772		1,763,625		(1,523,011)		3,795,386
Total liabilities	\$	4,516,875	\$	3,613,560	\$	(3,407,880)	\$	4,722,555
		Balance at						Balance at
		July 1, 2016		Additions		Reductions		ne 30, 2017
Total Agency Eunda	_	July 1, 2016		Additions		Reductions	Ju	ne 30, 2017
Total Agency Funds								
Assets	<b>.</b>	4 501 000	<b>_</b>	104 714 500	<b>.</b>	(104 511 140)	<b>.</b>	4 707 2 40
Cash and investments	\$	4,591,889	\$	106,716,528	\$	(106,511,168)	\$	4,797,249
Due from other funds	_			17,371		(19,391)		
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	4,591,889	<b>\$</b>	106,735,919	<u>\$(</u>	106,530,559)	<u>\$</u>	4,797,249
Liabilities								
Tax collections distributable	\$	-	\$	103,597,984	\$	(103,597,984)	\$	-
Due to other governmental units		1,013,022		1,900,390		(1,935,788)		977,624
Refundable deposits, bonds, etc.		3,578,867	_	1,787,864		(1,547,106)		3,819,625
Total liabilities	<u>\$</u>	4,591,889	\$	07,286,238	<u>\$(</u>	107,080,878)	<u>\$</u>	4,797,249

## **Statistical Section**

#### **Description of Statistical Section**

This part of the City of Farmington Hills' comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplemental information says about the City's overall financial health. Many of the schedules present data for the past fiscal years that will allow the reader to discern trends that cannot be seen in a single year's financial statements.

#### **Contents**

#### Financial Trends:

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### Revenue Capacity:

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the locally levied taxes including the property tax collected by the city treasurer, which represents the City's largest revenue source.

#### Debt Capacity:

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue debt in the future.

#### Demographic Information:

These schedules offer demographic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.

#### Operating Information:

These schedules contain service data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB Statement No. 34 in 2003; schedules representing government-wide information include information beginning in that year. The reported numbers begin with the year for which information is available.

			Fiscal Year		
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	\$125,093,866	\$ 128,237,651	\$ 140,816,579	\$ 144,671,857	\$ 139,887,283
Restricted	12,944,910	16,711,375	12,389,692	12,908,263	14,068,925
Unrestricted	25,761,491	24,924,231	17,849,645	13,872,733	16,988,436
Business-type Activities					
Net investment in capital assets	84,322,367	82,314,724	80,875,970	77,009,256	75,525,323
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-
Unrestricted	54,179,717	56,555,093	59,332,378	60,957,980	61,849,983
Primary Government in Total					
Net investment in capital assets	209,416,233	210,552,375	221,692,549	221,681,113	215,412,606
Restricted	12,944,910	16,711,375	12,389,692	12,908,263	14,068,925
Unrestricted	79,941,208	81,479,324	77,182,023	74,830,713	78,838,419

Note: In fiscal year 2003, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 34 and began reporting a government-wide statement of net position.

# Financial Trend Information Net Position by Component

		Fiscal Year		
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 134,600,611	\$ 133,625,640	\$ 132,814,511	\$ 136,304,301	\$ 140,687,061
16,437,051	16,177,067	14,835,556	17,383,179	25,378,243
23,076,629	23,858,724	6,399,143	5,341,244	(914,254)
73,672,425	73,322,194	65,547,709	72,467,388	66,261,936
- 65,142,322	- 64,951,514	- 72,052,142	- 67,206,707	- 75,685,405
208,273,036	206,947,834	198,362,220	208,771,689	206,948,997
16,437,051	16,177,067	14,835,556	17,383,179	25,378,243
88,218,951	88,810,238	78,451,285	72,547,951	74,771,151

		Fis	cal Year Ended Ju	ne 30	
	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Expenses					
General government	\$ 12,047,284	\$ 12,594,812	\$ 11,834,878	\$ 11,447,146	\$ 11,860,089
Public safety	29,864,624	31,276,618	29,303,406	28,145,708	27,907,504
Public services	16,809,129	15,339,315	15,012,680	14,050,633	16,618,458
Community and economic development	2,585,741	2,557,494	2,627,503	2,551,394	2,127,764
Recreation and culture	9,222,890	8,952,811	8,660,742	8,292,558	9,656,597
Interest on long-term debt	1,206,196	1,026,617	1,542,089	820,126	826,341
Total expenses	71,735,864	71,747,667	68,981,298	65,307,565	68,996,753
Program Revenue					
Charges for services:					
General government	3,466,163	3,973,987	4,290,538	4,454,832	4,266,458
Public safety	1,766,051	1,722,334	1,609,738	1,998,642	1,785,872
Public services	3,430,421	3,147,925	2,381,587	606,504	3,732,813
Community and economic					
development	1,258,701	1,063,207	521,998	320,955	339,168
Recreation and culture	3,631,709	3,558,097	3,287,044	3,259,108	4,733,470
Total charges for services	13,553,045	13,465,550	12,090,905	10,640,041	14,857,781
Operating grants and contributions	6,959,267	6,961,336	8,331,014	7,329,185	7,622,017
Capital grants and contributions	2,204,359	5,216,521	2,509,096	2,171,050	952,324
Total program revenue	22,716,671	25,643,407	22,931,015	20,140,276	23,432,122
Net Expenses	(49,019,193)	(46,104,260)	(46,050,283)	(45,167,289)	(45,564,631)
General Revenue					
Property taxes	45,132,374	44,515,945	41,422,186	37,311,396	36,296,428
State-shared revenue	6,683,814	6,359,311	5,655,971	5,668,550	6,162,235
Investment earnings	3,044,879	1,514,504	433,574	281,532	329,190
Gain (loss) on disposal	162,230	101,777	(109,127)	-	-
Miscellaneous	251,130	440,413	520,769	1,171,166	2,282,454
Total general revenue	55,274,427	52,931,950	47,923,373	44,432,644	45,070,307
Transfers	(746,700)	(754,700)	(690,431)	1,131,582	(13,885)
Change in Net Position	\$ 5,508,534	\$ 6,072,990	\$ 1,182,659	\$ 396,937	\$ (508,209)

Note: In fiscal year 2003, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 34 and began reporting a government-wide statement of net position.

Source: Annual financial statements

#### Financial Trend Information Changes in Governmental Net Position

			Fisc	al Y	ear Ended June	e 30	)		
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	11,601,249	\$	14,315,814	\$	13,799,558	\$	16,208,153	\$	12,966,197
	27,976,966		26,778,223		30,663,569		31,598,884		32,569,828
	17,153,100		18,265,922		17,710,227		19,333,197		20,560,119
	2,221,027		1,383,537		1,582,677		2,175,213		1,938,615
	9,423,101		8,470,535		8,774,076		9,000,976		8,990,365
_	852,817		704,688	_	734,698	_	499,969	_	571,203
	69,228,260		69,918,719		73,264,805		78,816,392		77,596,327
	4,881,804		4,952,419		4,982,503		5,623,842		5,825,246
	1,839,403		1,858,740		2,115,647		2,098,423		2,170,085
	3,425,246		2,162,983		1,929,655		2,135,470		2,046,939
	684,312		226,124		352,890		561,734		368,733
	4,502,148	_	4,403,579		4,450,090		4,638,028		4,744,048
	15,332,913		13,603,845		13,830,785		15,057,497		15,155,051
	7,302,716		7,938,020		8,858,842		11,345,832		16,625,862
	141,774	_	209,289	_	331,999	_	148,957	_	175,637
_	22,777,403	_	21,751,154	_	23,021,626	_	26,552,286	_	31,956,550
	(46,450,857)		(48,167,565)		(50,243,179)		(52,264,106)		(45,639,777)
	40,043,211		38,910,074		39,015,386		46,644,560		46,432,310
	6,164,601		6,359,066		6,477,230		6,773,437		7,824,407
	352,239		414,038		396,972		718,517		518,714
	1,266		-				-		
	3,048,777		2,083,279		3,401,950		3,107,106		2,625,365
	49,610,094		47,766,457		49,291,538		57,243,620		57,400,796
	10,410		(51,752)		(59,369)		_		_

<u>\$ 3,169,647</u> <u>\$ (452,860)</u> <u>\$ (1,011,010)</u> <u>\$ 4,979,514</u> <u>\$ 11,761,019</u>

		Fi	scal Y	ear Ended June	30			
Expenses	2008	 2009		2010		2011		2012
Water and sewer	\$ 24,558,909	\$ 24,687,573	\$	24,571,599	\$	26,181,647	\$	27,121,031
Ice arena	1,358,224	1,421,484		1,272,895		1,229,841		-
Interest expense	230,614	185,705		142,699		120,815		-
Other	 7,978	 7,637		5,950	_	34,972	_	36,645
Total expenses	26,155,725	26,302,399		25,993,143		27,567,275		27,157,676
Program Revenue								
Water and sewer	21,329,632	22,141,498		23,908,712		24,279,215		26,095,005
Ice arena	1,456,179	1,396,199		1,219,251		1,184,769		-
Operating grants and contributions	-	-		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions	11,046	851,445		598,881		271,651		89,998
Capital and debt service charges	 1,402,096	 		<u> </u>		-		
Total program revenue	 24,198,953	 24,389,142		25,726,844		25,735,635		26,185,003
Net (Expenses) Revenue	(1,956,772)	(1,913,257)		(266,299)		(1,831,640)		(972,673)
General Revenue - Investment and other	2,179,139	1,526,290		914,399		722,110		366,858
Transfers	 746,700	 754,700		690,431		(1,131,582)		13,885
Total Change in Net Position	\$ 969,067	\$ 367,733	\$	1,338,531	\$	(2,241,112)	\$	(591,930)
Change in Net Position - Primary Government	\$ 6,477,601	\$ 6,440,723	\$	2,521,190	\$	(1,844,175)	\$	(1,100,139)

#### Financial Trend Information Changes in Business-type Net Position

 		Fis	cal Y	ear Ended June	30			
 2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$ 26,084,669	\$	26,344,508	\$	26,769,838	\$	24,962,971	\$	26,340,919
- 164,044 39,405		- 166,488 40,745		- 322,305 -		- 426,514 -		- 556,588 -
26,288,118		26,551,741		27,092,143		25,389,485		26,897,507
27,328,342		24,749,466		25,401,057		26,460,743		27,747,324
-		-		-		-		-
184,920		281,559		352,150		265,413		847,316
 -			_			<u>-</u>		
 27,513,262	_	25,031,025		25,753,207		26,726,156	_	28,594,640
1,225,144		(1,520,716)		(1,338,936)		1,336,671		1,697,133
231,707		920,925		605,710		737,573		576,113
 (10,410)		51,752		59,369				
\$ 1,446,441	\$	(548,039)	\$	(673,857)	\$	2,074,244	\$	2,273,246
\$ 4,616,088	\$	(1,000,899)	\$	(1,684,867)	\$	7,053,758	\$	14,034,265

						June 30				
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
General Fund										
Reserved	\$	1,817,933	\$	1,619,626	\$	1,417,815	\$	-	\$	-
Unreserved		16,858,200		16,044,583		12,307,283		-		-
Nonspendable		-		-		-		1,117,317		945,439
Restricted		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned		-		-		-		4,155,457		7,017,349
Unassigned			_		_		_	9,437,112	_	10,048,155
Total General Fund		18,676,133		17,664,209		13,725,098		14,709,886		18,010,943
All Other Governmental Funds										
Unreserved/Unassigned, reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds		11,442,855		9,186,589		8,767,426		-		-
Capital Project Funds		9,530,099		12,687,844		5,742,432		-		-
Debt Service Funds		3,823,728		3,127,737		1,941,551		-		-
Nonspendable, reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		-		122,063
Capital Project Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted, reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		7,161,071		6,696,348
Capital Project Funds		-		-		-		2,308		-
Debt Service Funds		-		-		-		1,620,018		910,852
Committed, reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		53,029		52,953
Capital Project Funds		-		-		-		500,606		1,125,361
Debt Service Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Assigned, reported in:										
Special Revenue Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Capital Project Funds		-		-		-		3,678,552		3,745,413
Debt Service Funds	_				_		_	165,439	_	186,844
Total all other governmental fur	nds \$	24,796,682	\$	25,002,170	\$	16,451,409	\$	13,181,023	\$	12,839,834

Source: Annual Financial Statements

Note: Fund balance classifications were changed as a result of implementation of GASB Statement No. 54.

#### Financial Trend Information Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

			June 30		
	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	-	- 007 754	- 020 501	-	-
	893,952	996,654 22,408	839,501 22,408	1,032,308 22,409	983,364 22,409
	11,577,446	12,178,626	12.888.638	16.409.880	17.599,194
	10,704,367	11,599,339	13,987,360	13,418,341	14,558,909
_					
	23,175,765	24,797,027	27,737,907	30,882,938	33,163,876
		(279,629)	-	_	-
	-	-	_	-	_
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	32	-	199,698
	-	-	2,405	-	-
	8,125,155	8,532,419	8,217,395	9,301,626	10,213,655
	-	796,306	-	-	-
	2,090,379	2,177,737	2,097,263	2,113,034	2,094,668
	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,	, ,
	52,673	52,534	52,536	52,986	52,997
	1,937,953	643,726	241,695	874,876	1,670,443
	-	-	-	-	-
			150,000		
	- 4,599,724	2.386.920	150,000 2,126,379	- 2,902,057	- 1 770 120
	4,599,724 9,549	164,698	162,297	162,344	1,778,128 144,293
_	7,517	101,070	102,277	702,511	711,275
\$	16,815,433	\$ 14,474,711	\$ 13,050,002	\$ 15,406,923	\$ 16,153,882

				١	ea.	r Ended June 30	)			
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
Revenue										
Property taxes	\$	45,132,374	\$	44,515,945	\$	41,422,186	\$	37,310,917	\$	36,296,428
Licenses and permits		933,023		716,955		696,238		959,129		828,944
Federal grants		1,034,220		2,864,889		1,657,364		1,570,264		1,553,090
State-shared revenue and grants		12,737,789		12,378,168		11,261,806		11,403,975		12,065,581
Other grants and contributions		211,653		224,610		1,244,571		78,239		9,442
Special assessments		489,779		1,100,546		1,371,632		1,180,232		825,939
Charges for services		7,190,019		7,402,985		8,009,200		8,296,569		10,094,367
Fines and forfeitures		2,667,589		2,706,691		2,490,154		2,264,792		2,149,847
Interest and rentals		3,021,337		1,514,504		433,574		281,532		329,190
Other and equipment rental		1,324,773	_	1,426,202	_	1,091,066	_	1,542,806	_	2,704,835
Total revenue		74,742,556		74,851,495		69,677,791		64,888,455		66,857,663
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government		10,918,120		11,352,739		11,168,240		9,944,032		9,927,183
Public safety		28,685,731		30,110,010		28,579,181		26,678,671		26,872,083
Public services		10,690,331		8,579,318		9,627,908		8,842,900		12,120,024
Community and economic development		2,488,079		2,491,450		2,678,034		2,544,986		2,049,923
Recreation and culture		7,433,871		7,620,314		7,071,455		7,000,012		7,869,482
Other		12,099		10,194		-		-		-
Capital outlay*		8,398,153		8,574,340		18,219,667		8,672,572		2,347,706
Debt service principal		3,053,526		2,709,552		2,510,789		2,492,362		1,886,273
Debt service interest and fees	_	1,227,694	_	1,087,476	_	1,621,958	_	840,828	_	811,236
Total expenditures	_	72,907,604		72,535,393	_	81,477,232	_	67,016,363		63,883,910
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures		1,834,952		2,316,102		(11,799,441)		(2,127,908)		2,973,753
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Debt issuance		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers in		7,742,935		9,478,961		9,612,220		6,637,322		6,644,366
Transfers out		(8,489,635)		(10,233,661)		(10,302,651)		(6,795,012)		(6,658,251)
Debt defeasance	_		_	<u> </u>	_		_		_	
Total other financing (uses) sources		(746,700)		(754,700)		(690,431)		(157,690)		(13,885)
Special Item			_		_		_		_	
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,088,252		1,561,402		(12,489,872)		(2,285,598)		2,959,868
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	_	40,016,725	_	41,104,977	_	42,666,379	_	30,176,507	_	27,890,909
Fund Balances - End of year	\$	41,104,977	\$	42,666,379	\$	30,176,507	\$	27,890,909	\$	30,850,777
Ratio of Total Debt Service to Noncapital										
Expenditures		6.64%		5.94%		6.53%		5.71%		4.38%

Source: Annual financial statements

<sup>\*</sup>Capital Outlay = The amount reflected in the reconciliation statements of changes in fund balances to the statement of activities.

#### Change in Fund Balances Governmental Fund

_			Y	'ear	Ended June 30	)			
	2013	_	2014		2015	_	2016	_	2017
\$	40,042,754	\$	38,909,350	\$	39,244,016	\$	46,644,560	\$	46,432,310
	1,392,631		1,357,184		1,224,287		1,558,094		1,913,682
	1,574,646		1,250,376		1,187,938		1,321,952		1,528,952
	12,070,546		12,822,738		13,441,669		14,284,441		15,546,926
	167,114		255,452		280,500		254,787		259,606
	1,522,384		1,103,197		954,676		1,267,377		2,102,178
	10,391,874		9,598,537		10,228,020		11,020,824		10,939,531
	2,113,071		2,141,689		2,179,726		2,145,354		2,006,801
	352,239		414,038		396,972		718,517		518,714
	2,771,017		2,300,826		3,340,370	_	2,778,508	_	2,995,515
	72,398,276		70,153,387		72,478,174		81,994,414		84,244,215
	9,786,890		13,584,599		12,087,690		11,924,336		12,354,442
	26,737,217		26,920,590		28,781,433		28,583,053		29,916,423
	12,114,741		12,863,648		12,388,557		14,299,423		15,523,489
	2,173,913		1,542,280		1,559,679		2,141,207		2,024,943
	7,697,595		7,102,151						7,862,950
	7,697,393		7,102,131		7,521,804		7,789,813		7,002,730
	5,571,436		5,980,088		5,695,657		9,723,407		21,574,339
	1,823,071		2,120,284		2,130,512		1,550,231		1,640,000
	886,949		707,455		737,302		480,992		571,018
	66,791,812	_	70,821,095	_	70,902,634	_	76,492,462	_	91,467,604
	5,606,464		(667,708)		1,575,540		5,501,952		(7,223,389)
	3,523,547		_		_		_		14,015,246
	10,143,304		10,402,521		10,291,938		14,270,227		17,870,989
	(10, 132, 894)		(10,454,273)		(10,351,307)		(14,270,227)		(17,870,989)
			<u>-</u>		-				(3,763,960)
	3,533,957		(51,752)		(59,369)		-		10,251,286
		_				_		_	
	9,140,421		(719,460)		1,516,171		5,501,952		3,027,897
	30,850,777	_	39,991,198	_	39,271,738	_	40,787,909	_	46,289,861
\$	39,991,198	\$	39,271,738	\$	40,787,909	\$	46,289,861	\$	49,317,758
	4.43%		4.36%		4.40%		3.04%		3.16%
	7.73 70		7.30 70		7.70 70		J.UT /0		3.1070

Taxable Value by Property Type

Real Propert
--------------

Tax Year	Residential		 Commercial		Industrial		sonal Property
1999	\$	2,063,487,370	\$ 638,771,670	\$	216,396,710	\$	298,238,050
2000		2,157,359,040	669,405,550		226,018,290		283,929,650
2001		2,279,684,910	705,244,050		232,364,480		296,210,250
2002		2,404,894,930	751,530,320		239,069,180		299,294,170
2003		2,494,573,160	790,858,870		244,276,060		300,524,080
2004		2,601,427,910	817,606,480		248,911,830		306,640,780
2005		2,714,015,100	855,500,180		265,554,000		285,526,350
2006		2,846,495,290	882,999,590		273,655,430		291,027,340
2007		2,961,431,410	907,534,470		279,338,250		290,225,360
2008		2,924,723,280	921,565,770		280,643,650		284,610,560
2009		2,678,367,510	922,563,600		287,879,390		276,198,070
2010		2,265,145,125	842,383,500		246,302,990		259,823,290
2011		2,070,714,280	814,312,450		146,524,070		252,232,440
2012		1,998,603,460	734,201,260		102,233,330		245,166,290
2013		2,019,538,140	683,545,680		92,935,440		247,268,750
2014		2,071,108,470	654,855,950		92,381,530		235,714,160
2015		2,140,673,280	647,245,830		94,923,440		245,515,980
2016		2,181,346,960	649,105,680		93,312,600		203,299,780
2017		2,244,198,190	666,176,630		94,984,180		202,500,580

Note: Under Michigan law, the revenue base is taxable value.

Taxes levied in a particular "tax year" become revenue of the subsequent fiscal year.

Source: City Assessing Department records

	Milla	ge Rates - D	irect City Taxe	es Overlapping Taxes			Overlapping Taxes				
			Voted	Total				Oakland	Schoolcraft		
	General		Special	Direct				Community	Community		
Tax Year	Operating*	Debt	Purpose	Taxes	County	OCPTA	Library	College	College		
1999	7.2193	0.7785	2.1672	10.1650	4.6522	0.3270	0.5985	1.6295	1.8444		
2000	7.2193	0.7785	2.1672	10.1650	4.6478	0.3236	0.5958	1.6109	1.8311		
2001	7.2193	0.7432	2.2025	10.1650	4.6438	0.3207	0.5933	1.5952	1.8193		
2002	7.2193	0.8117	2.1911	10.2221	4.6523	0.6000	0.5887	1.6090	1.8043		
2003	7.5705	0.7932	1.8584	10.2221	4.6497	0.5974	0.5866	1.5983	1.8024		
2004	7.7142	0.7014	1.8065	10.2221	4.6476	0.5962	0.5856	1.5889	1.7967		
2005	6.9452	0.6318	1.9451	9.5221	4.6461	0.5950	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967		
2006	6.9408	0.6362	2.4446	10.0216	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967		
2007	6.9423	0.6347	2.4446	10.0216	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967		
2008	7.0368	0.5402	2.4446	10.0216	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7467		
2009	7.5301	0.5269	1.9646	10.0216	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967		
2010	7.4089	0.6481	1.9646	10.0216	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967		
2011	8.1522	0.5012	1.9646	10.6180	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967		
2012	8.1163	0.5697	3.6646	12.3506	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967		
2013	8.0579	0.6313	3.6646	12.3538	4.6461	0.5900	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967		
2014	8.0792	0.6368	3.6646	12.3806	4.6461	1.0000	1.5856	1.5844	1.7967		
2015	8.2774	0.4488	5.6646	14.3908	4.5456	0.9998	1.5856	1.5819	1.7967		
2016	8.2218	0.4671	5.6384	14.3273	4.5456	0.9941	1.5781	1.5707	1.7880		

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Capital, Refuse Removal and Economic Development Millages

Source: City Treasury and Assessing Records

#### Revenue Capacity Information Assessed Value and Actual Value of Taxable Property

**Taxable** Value as a Tax Rate Percentage of **IFT** Total Taxable (Mills) Total SEV SEV Ad valorem \$ \$ 3,216,893,800 10.1650 \$ 3,456,406,270 93.07 \$ 3,216,893,800 1,696,600 3,338,409,130 10.1650 3,645,559,130 91.57 3,336,712,530 15,341,050 3,528,844,740 10.1649 3,945,512,540 89.44 3,513,503,690 19,117,510 3,713,906,110 10.1650 4,277,835,510 86.82 3,694,788,600 18,491,200 3,848,723,370 10.2221 4,504,750,120 85.44 3,830,232,170 21,201,670 3,995,788,670 10.2221 4,629,979,870 86.30 3,974,587,000 13,611,350 4,134,206,980 9.5221 4,741,538,300 87.19 4,120,595,630 14,649,020 4,308,817,670 10.0216 4,873,928,140 88.4 I 4,294,177,650 14,001,540 4,452,531,030 10.0216 4,959,218,650 89.78 4,438,529,490 10.0216 93.02 14,403,740 4,425,947,000 4,757,901,480 4,411,543,260 2,954,480 4,167,963,050 10.0216 4,300,702,530 96.91 4,165,008,570 1,962,820 3,615,617,725 10.0216 3,681,476,945 98.2 I 3,613,654,905 2,145,600 3,285,928,840 10.6180 3,316,262,400 99.09 3,283,783,240 99.10 1,871,620 3,082,075,960 12.3506 3,109,995,440 3,080,204,340 2,557,680 3,045,845,690 12.3538 3,087,553,500 98.65 3,043,288,010 2,101,850 3,056,161,960 93.74 3,054,060,110 12.3806 3,260,293,240 1,515,030 3,129,873,560 14.3908 3,555,094,530 88.04 3,128,358,530 1,036,930 3,128,101,950 14.3273 3,752,944,510 83.35 3,127,065,020 929,350 3,208,788,930 80.71 14.6569 3,975,835,450 3,207,859,580

#### **Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates**

				Overlap	ping Taxes				
Intermediate		School:	School:	School:	School: Non-	School: Non-	School: Non-		
School	State	Homestead	Homestead	Homestead	homestead	homestead	homestead	Zoo	Art
District	Education	Farmington	Clarenceville	Walled Lake	Farmington	Clarenceville	Walled Lake	Authority	Institute
2.0999	6.0000	14.0071	3.6827	7.8520	20.1000	21.7441	22.8000	0.0000	0.0000
2.0752	6.0000	13.2614	4.7395	8.0982	20.0000	21.7449	23.1000	0.0000	0.0000
3.4526	6.0000	12.8633	4.5920	7.9538	20.0000	21.6745	23.1000	0.0000	0.0000
3.4224	6.0000	12.4459	4.7548	7.4728	19.9388	21.8907	22.9884	0.0000	0.0000
3.3991	5.0000	11.8783	4.7114	7.5248	19.9388	21.8771	23.1000	0.0000	0.0000
3.3789	6.0000	11.5466	4.5763	7.0548	19.9388	21.7522	22.7900	0.0000	0.0000
3.3690	6.0000	11.1596	4.3392	6.8975	19.9388	21.5727	22.7900	0.0000	0.0000
3.3690	6.0000	10.6511	5.1766	6.7841	19.7388	22.5000	22.7900	0.0000	0.0000
3.3690	6.0000	10.1784	5.1324	6.6700	19.8000	22.5000	22.7900	0.0000	0.0000
3.3690	6.0000	9.6915	5.0892	6.5722	19.8000	22.5000	22.7900	0.0000	0.0000
3.3690	6.0000	10.1442	5.1146	6.4793	19.8000	22.5000	22.5000	0.1000	0.0000
3.3690	6.0000	12.0278	5.1922	6.7508	20.1000	22.5000	22.5000	0.1000	0.0000
3.3690	6.0000	12.3334	4.5000	6.8812	20.1800	22.5000	22.5000	0.1000	0.0000
3.3690	6.0000	13.3810	4.5000	7.0254	20.5600	22.5000	22.5600	0.1000	0.2000
3.3690	6.0000	13.0140	4.5000	7.4730	20.5600	22.5000	23.1445	0.1000	0.2000
3.3690	6.0000	11.7472	4.5000	7.6843	20.2600	22.5000	23.4872	0.1000	0.2000
3.3633	6.0000	12.4418	4.5000	7.2841	21.4400	22.5000	23.1180	0.0998	0.1996
3.3398	6.0000	12.1482	4.5000	7.0150	21.4400	22.5000	22.9279	0.0990	0.1981

# Revenue Capacity Information Principal Property Taxpayers

	2017 Taxable		Percentage	2	008 Taxable	Percentage	2008
Taxpayer		Value	of Total		Value	of Total	Rank
I Oakland Management Co.	\$	64,444,750	2.01	\$	77,041,750	1.75	1
2 Detroit Edison		37,980,770	1.18		24,959,250	0.57	5
3 FH Corporate Investors (Kojaian)		21,069,890	0.66		56,468,310	1.28	2
4 Independence Green Apts		19,577,730	0.61		18,881,890	0.43	9
5 Green Hill Apartments		17,688,030	0.55		0	-	N/A
6 Nissan Corp		15,890,370	0.50		42,530,920	0.96	3
7 Finsilver Friedman		15,045,640	0.47		0	-	N/A
8 Robert Bosch Corp		14,929,350	0.47		42,492,840	0.96	4
9 Ramco/Lion Venture LP		14,071,390	0.44		20,013,700	0.45	7
10 Hartman & Tyner		12,794,130	0.40		_	-	N/A

Source: City Assessing Department Records

### **Property Tax Levies and Collections**

			Percent	Current Year		Percent of Total
Fiscal Year		Current	of Levy	Delinquent	Total Tax	Collections to
Ended June 30	Tax Levy (I)	Collections	Collected	Collections	Collections	Tax Levy
2003	\$ 37,737,279	\$ 36,903,184	97.79	\$ 470,682	\$ 37,373,866	99.04
2004	39,101,846	38,244,628	97.81	523,949	38,768,577	99.15
2005	40,428,497	39,824,096	98.51	400,924	40,225,020	99.50
2006	39,553,780	38,817,558	98.14	549,234	39,366,792	99.53
2007	42,813,720	41,829,579	97.70	703,739	42,533,318	99.35
2008	44,751,466	43,356,322	96.88	1,008,573	44,364,895	99.14
2009	44,006,766	42,669,852	96.96	964,304	43,634,156	99.15
2010	41,425,383	40,166,471	96.96	987,383	41,153,854	99.34
2011	35,915,797	34,911,860	97.20	915,419	35,827,279	99.75
2012	34,427,859	33,549,142	97.45	854,721	34,403,863	99.93
2013	37,762,324	36,966,855	97.89	670,497	37,637,352	99.67
2014	37,629,773	36,922,255	98.12	650,236	37,572,491	99.85
2015	37,756,272	37,247,698	98.65	464,793	37,712,491	99.88
2016	44,773,169	44,164,096	98.64	563,701	44,727,797	99.90
2017	44,753,190	44,190,157	98.74	525,565	44,715,722	99.92

<sup>(1)</sup> Does not include penalty and interest on late payment of taxes.

<sup>(2)</sup> Source: BS&A Tax Settlement Report + Eden General Ledger

		Fiscal Year Ended June 30								
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
Governmental Activities										
General obligation bonds	\$	18,920,000	\$	18,105,000	\$	17,280,000	\$	18,246,250	\$	16,953,750
County contractual obligations		3,762,883		2,691,610		1,590,821		483,459		372,186
Installment purchase agreements										-
Special assessment bonds		2,660,000		1,880,000		1,295,000		750,000		300,000
Highway loan program					_				_	
Total governmental activities		25,342,883		22,676,610		20,165,821		19,479,709		17,625,936
Business-type Activities										
General obligation bonds		2,923,750		2,775,000		2,345,000		-		-
County contractual obligations		860,022	_	209,656	_				_	
Total business-type activities		3,783,772		2,984,656	_	2,345,000			_	
Total debt of the government	\$	29,126,655	\$	25,661,266	\$	22,510,821	\$	19,479,709	\$	17,625,936
Total ad valorem taxable value	\$ 4	,438,529,490	\$ 4	4,411,543,260	\$	4,165,008,570	\$ 3	,619,696,470	\$	3,283,783,240
Ratio of total debt to taxable value		0.66%		0.58%		0.54%		0.54%		0.54%
Total population		79,327		79,152		79,740		79,740		79,777
Total debt per capita	\$	367	\$	324	\$	282	\$	244	\$	221
Total personal income	2	,255,076,116	2	2,255,818,539		2,251,971,438	2	,275,400,877		2,277,570,573
Ratio of total debt to personal income		1.29%		1.14%		1.00%		0.86%		0.77%

 $Source: City\ Annual\ Financial\ Statements:\ Population\ data\ reported\ from\ demographics\ data.$ 

## Debt Capacity Information Ratios of Outstanding Debt

			Fise	cal	Year Ended June 3	30			
	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	16,574,800 245,565	\$	15,521,374 122,781	\$	13,772,393	\$	12,492,161	\$	11,216,930
	2,495,000		2,135,000		1,860,000		1,590,000		11,496,034
_									
	19,315,365		17,779,155		15,632,393		14,082,161		22,712,964
	-		-		-		-		-
_	6,800,000	_	6,570,000	_	16,712,242	_	18,974,676	_	29,980,124
_	6,800,000	_	6,570,000	_	16,712,242		18,974,676		29,980,124
\$	26,115,365	\$	24,349,155	\$	32,344,635	\$	33,056,837	\$	52,693,088
\$	3,080,204,340	\$	3,043,288,010	\$	3,054,060,110	\$	3,128,358,530	\$	3,127,065,020
	0.85%		0.80%		1.06%		1.06%		1.69%
	80,895		81,798		81,910		81,412		81,803
\$	323	\$	298	\$	395	\$	406	\$	644
	2,322,591,765		2,356,493,265		2,382,461,814		2,370,596,289		2,367,002,730
	1.12%		1.03%		1.36%		1.39%		2.23%

## Debt Capacity Information Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding

	A	dvalorem + IFT		General	Obligation Debt to	
Fiscal Year		Assessed	Estimated	Bonded Debt	Assessed Value	General Obligation
Ended June 30		Value (SEV)	Population	Outstanding	(Percent)	Debt per Capita
2000	\$	3,456,406,270	82,111	\$ 9,470,000	0.27	\$ 115.33
2001		3,645,559,130	81,970	8,480,000	0.23	103.45
2002		3,945,512,540	83,500	18,430,000	0.47	220.72
2003		4,277,835,510	82,274	17,090,000	0.40	207.72
2004		4,504,750,120	81,058	15,825,000	0.35	195.23
2005		4,629,979,870	80,895	22,440,000	0.48	277.40
2006		4,741,538,300	80,486	21,200,000	0.45	263.40
2007		4,873,928,140	80,280	20,090,000	0.41	250.25
2008		4,959,218,650	79,327	18,920,000	0.40	238.51
2009		4,757,901,480	79,152	18,105,000	0.42	228.74
2010		4,300,702,530	79,740	17,280,000	0.40	216.70
2011 *		3,681,476,945	79,740	18,246,250	0.50	228.82
2012 *		3,316,262,400	79,777	16,953,750	0.51	212.51
2013 *		3,109,995,440	80,895	16,574,800	0.53	204.89
2014 *		3,087,553,500	81,798	15,521,374	0.50	189.75
2015 *		3,260,293,240	81,910	13,772,393	0.42	168.14
2016 *		3,555,094,530	81,412	12,492,161	0.35	153.44
2017 *		3,752,944,510	81,803	11,216,930	0.30	137.12

General bonded debt includes General Obligation and Building Authority Bonds.

<sup>\*</sup> As of 2011, general bonded debt now also includes General Obligation Bonds for the Ice Arena. The debt service requirements of all remaining debt are currently funded through revenue sources other than property taxes.

#### **Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt**

Jurisdiction	E	Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding	Percent Applicable to Farmington Hills Taxpayers	Amount Applicable to Farmington Hills Taxpayers	
Direct debt - City of Farmington Hills	\$	22,712,964	100.00	\$	22,712,964
Overlapping debt:					
Farmington School District		75,525,000	87.17		65,835,143
Walled Lake School District		125,810,000	3.20		4,025,920
Oakland County at Large		372,198,081	5.92		22,034,126
Oakland County Intermediate School District		45,495,000	5.94		2,702,403
Oakland Community College		820,000	5.79		47,478
Schoolcraft Community College		21,485,000	.67	_	143,950
Total overlapping debt		641,333,081			94,789,020
Total	\$	664,046,045		\$	117,501,984

Direct debt - For the purpose of this schedule, direct debt is defined as all bonded debt less deferred amounts and county contractual obligations.

Source: Direct Debt - City Records and Overlapping Debt - Municipal Advisory Council of Michigan

	2008	2009	2010	2011
Debt Limit (Fiscal Year Ended) (1) State equalized valuation (previous year) Debt limit (10 percent of State equalized valuation) (2)	\$ 4,959,218,650 10.00	\$ 4,757,901,480 10.00	\$ 4,300,702,530 10.00	\$ 3,681,476,945 10.00
Total debt limit	495,921,865	475,790,148	430,070,253	368,147,695
Debt Applicable to Debt Limit Total bonded debt	29,126,655	25,661,266	22,510,821	19,479,709
Less deductions allowed by law:  Special Assessment Bonds	2,660,000	1,880,000	1,295,000	750,000
Michigan Transportation Bonds  Total amount of debt applicable to debt limit	26,466,655	23,781,266	21,215,821	18,729,709
Legal Debt Margin	\$ 469,455,210	\$ 452,008,882	\$ 408,854,432	\$ 349,417,986
Net Debt Subject to Limit as Percentage of Debt Limit	5.34%	5.00%	4.93%	5.09%

<sup>(</sup>I) The legal debt limit continues to be derived from State Equalized Value (SEV), not Taxable Value (TV).

Source: City budget and financial statements

<sup>(2)</sup> Debt limit set forth in Section 4a, Act 279 of 1909 and Act 202, P.A. 1943 as amended by Act 42 P.A. 1960

## Debt Capacity Information Legal Debt Margins

2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 3,316,262,400 10.00	\$ 3,109,995,440	\$ 3,087,553,500	\$ 3,260,293,240 10.00	\$ 3,555,094,530 10.00	\$ 3,752,944,510 10.00
331,626,240	310,999,544	308,755,350	326,029,324	355,509,453	375,294,451
17,625,936	26,115,365	24,349,155	32,344,635	33,056,837	52,693,088
300,000	2,495,000	2,135,000	1,860,000	1,590,000	11,496,034
17,325,936	23,620,365	22,214,155	30,484,635	31,466,837	41,197,054
\$ 314,300,304	\$ 287,379,179	\$ 286,541,195	\$ 295,544,689	\$ 324,042,616	\$ 334,097,397
5.22%	7.59%	7.19%	9.35%	8.85%	10.98%

#### **Demographic and Economic Statistics**

			Median Personal	Median Per Capita		Number of		
		Household	Income Per	Personal	Unemployment	Occupied	٦	Total Personal
Fiscal Year	Source	Population	Household	Income	Rate	Households		Income
2000	1	82,111	\$ 67,493	\$ 27,585	1.5	33,559	\$	2,264,997,587
2001	i	81,970	67,493	27,712	2.6	33,656	Ψ.	2,271,544,408
2002	I	83,500	67,493	27,251	3.7	33,714		2,275,459,002
2003	1	82,274	67,493	27,772	3.7	33,854		2,284,908,022
2004	1	81,058	67,493	27,990	4.7	33,615		2,268,777,195
2005	1	80,895	67,493	28,070	5. I	33,644		2,270,734,492
2006	I	80,486	67,493	28,218	5.0	33,650		2,271,139,450
2007	2	80,280	67,493	28,366	5.5	33,740		2,277,213,820
2008	2	79,327	67,493	28,428	6.1	33,412		2,255,076,116
2009	2	79,152	67,493	28,500	11.7	33,423		2,255,818,539
2010	2	79,740	67,493	28,241	10.8	33,366		2,251,971,438
2011	2	79,740	67,803	28,535	9.2	33,559		2,275,400,877
2012	2	79,777	67,803	28,549	8.0	33,591		2,277,570,573
2013	2	80,895	67,803	28,711	7.6	34,255		2,322,591,765
2014	2	81,798	67,803	28,809	6.8	34,755		2,356,493,265
2015	2	81,910	67,803	29,086	5.8	35,138		2,382,461,814
2016	2	81,412	67,803	29,119	5. I	34,963		2,370,596,289
2017	2	81,803	67,803	28,935	3.2	34,910		2,367,002,730

Note: Personal income is equal to the median household income and only available per the decennial census data/American Factfinder/SEMCOG.

Sources for unemployment rate:

- (I) Michigan Department of Labor and Economic Growth
- (2) U.S. Department of Commerce/Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics/SEMCOG

#### **Principal Employers**

		2017	Percentage of	2008		Percentage	
	Taxpayer	Employees	Total	Employees		of Total	2008 Rank
ı	Beaumont Hospital - Farmington Hills	2,500	5.85	2,000	(2)	4.68	ı
2	Robert Bosch Corporation	1,400	3.28	1,600	( )	3.75	3
3	Nissan Technical Center North America	1,300	3.04	500		1.17	10
4	Farmington Public Schools	1,200	2.81	1,700		3.98	2
5	Hitachi	1,200	2.81	158		0.37	(1)
6	Concentrix	650	1.52	700	(3)	1.64	7
7	TRW Automotive Electronics	650	1.52	600		1.40	8
8	Mercedes-Benz Financial Services	600	1.40	800	(4)	1.87	6
9	Cengage Learning Gale	500	1.17	850		1.99	5
10	Mahle	500	1.17	150		0.35	(1)

Source: Crain's Book of Lists + City Records + Individual Employers

<sup>(</sup>I) Not available

<sup>(2)</sup> In 2008, was Botsford Hospital

<sup>(3)</sup> In 2008, was Aditya Birla Minacs

<sup>(4)</sup> In 2008, was Chrysler Financial Services

#### **Operating Information** Full-time Equivalent Government Employees (I)

Function/Program (Fiscal Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Ended)															
General Government (I)															
City administration	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.10	5.00	5.00	5.50	5.50	6.00	6.00	5.00
Public information	3.50	3.50	3.50	3.50	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Finance	24.64	24.64	24.64	24.19	23.57	23.07	23.07	22.38	18.94	18.79	19.00	19.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
City clerk	11.15	9.80	10.26	9.90	8.90	8.77	8.86	7.58	6.84	6.36	6.62	6.65	6.31	6.35	6.20
Human resources	3.75	4.25	4.25	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Central services	8.50	8.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.50	9.40	9.26	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.40	9.90
Public Safety (2)															
Police	180.62	180.62	173.58	173.52	181.27	180.58	175.73	168.54	145.87	144.84	152.72	152.88	153.88	154.14	153.74
Fire and EMS	80.95	80.95	80.95	80.95	85.95	85.95	85.95	84.95	81.95	81.95	84.95	93.63	93.63	93.63	93.92
Public Services (3)															
Administration	4.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Road maintenance	28.25	28.25	27.50	26.50	27.25	27.25	27.25	23.83	21.12	21.12	22.46	22.46	23.46	26.92	27.92
Building maintenance	2.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	4.00
Engineering	21.79	21.79	21.79	21.07	21.20	20.20	18.60	17.50	14.00	13.00	14.28	15.31	15.31	15.31	15.31
D.P.W. garage	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.50	11.00	11.00	11.00	10.50	10.50	11.00	11.00	11.00	12.00	13.00	12.00
Waste collection/recycling	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	-	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Planning and Community															
Development (4)	26.50	26.50	26.50	26.50	26.50	26.50	25.00	24.20	19.00	18.60	18.60	18.60	18.00	19.00	19.37
Special Services (5)															
Administration	10.10	10.60	10.80	18.30	19.50	20.30	22.00	20.32	18.90	19.96	19.90	20.95	20.98	21.15	22.25
Youth and families	6.70	6.70	7.24	7.24	10.40	10.40	10.40	8.90	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.56	9.73
Senior adults	17.24	15.91	16.34	24.75	23.02	25.98	26.74	26.44	25.63	27.53	27.53	27.53	27.53	26.13	26.16
Parks division	28.83	27.17	24.47	24.44	25.44	26.44	26.21	23.62	22.73	24.52	24.10	24.87	24.87	25.83	25.59
Cultural arts	2.40	2.75	3.04	3.04	3.04	3.32	3.32	3.32	2.47	2.47	2.65	2.75	3.40	3.47	3.47
Golf course division	5.60	7.77	9.66	10.39	10.39	13.39	13.11	13.80	12.71	12.32	12.50	13.17	13.01	13.57	13.41
Ice arena	18.15	16.61	17.39	17.73	18.16	16.93	16.93	17.34	15.16	15.19	14.13	14.13	14.13	12.66	13.41
Total (6)	503.17	502.81	497.91	512.02	528.09	532.58	526.67	505.82	455.22	456.91	470.34	482.83	486.91	493.12	494.38

Source: City personnel/budget records

<sup>(</sup>I) General Government FTE's decreased by 0.65 or 1.31% in 2017.

<sup>(1)</sup> General Government F12 decreased by 0.11 or 0.04% in 2017.
(2) Public Sately FTE's decreased by 0.11 or 0.04% in 2017.
(3) Public Services FTE's did not change in 2017.
(4) Planning and Community Development FTE's increased by 0.37 or 2.06% in 2017.
(5) Special Services FTE's increased by 1.65 or 1.47% in 2017.

<sup>(6)</sup> City-wide FTE's increased by 1.26 or 0.26% in 2017.

## Operating Information Operating Indicators

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Police:										
Physical arrests	4,013	4,478	2,614	2,148	2,298	2,641	3,002	3,166	2,627	2,630
Traffic violations	19,754	20,224	17,990	17,414	9,039	9,122	8,760	7,953	7,198	8,000
Fire:										
Total incidents	7,026	7,060	6,886	7,278	7,696	8,539	8,800	8,950	9,128	9,392
Public education programs	102	94	61	37	37	84	80	121	127	130
Fire loss	\$ 9,026,874	\$ 4,469,795	\$ 4,909,621	\$ 4,837,303	\$ 1,640,525	\$ 3,901,800	\$ 3,500,000	\$ 2,000,000	\$ 2,847,000	\$ 2,830,913
Public works:										
Dwelling units receiving refuse service	23,049	23,050	22,137	23,160	23,179	23,198	23,245	23,336	23,334	23,346
Percentage of waste stream recycled	32.50	35.00	36.20	36.21	36.80	37.40	42.99	43.36	44.00	39.50
Parks and recreation - Recreation programs	2,450	2,459	2,500	2,565	2,581	2,640	2,650	2,655	2,660	2,680
Water										
Water customers	22,725	22,742	22,734	22,707	22,698	22,698	22,768	22,838	22,910	22,982
Water main breaks	76	63	60	56	59	56	81	52	40	53
Total consumption (mcf)	514,878	471,985	431,059	427,336	396,125	390,000	400,658	351,872	370,493	391,749
Average consumption per user (mcf/year)	22.70	20.80	18.96	18.82	17.45	17.18	17.60	15.41	16.17	17.05
Sewer:										
Average consumption per user (mcf/year)	19.10	17.90	17.60	17.40	16.10	16.05	15.60	15.86	14.62	14.59
Sewer customers	22,407	22,420	22,407	22,383	22,379	22,379	22,473	22,553	22,618	22,667

Source: City records, Department annual reports, and Oakland County Drain Commission

# Operating Information Capital Asset Statistics

Function/Program	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Police:										
Stations	1	I	I	1	I	- 1	I	I	I	1
Fleet vehicles	82	82	73	64	64	67	67	67	68	69
Fire:										
Stations	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
Trucks (4)	16	16	16	16	16	17	17	18	18	17
Public works - Streets (miles):										
Major	58	58	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36	58.36
Local	245	245	245.71	245.71	245.79	246.38	246.38	246.38	246.38	246.38
Parks and recreation:										
Acreage	629	629	633	636	636	636	636	636	636	636
Playgrounds	4	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	4	6
Football/Soccer fields (2)	15	15	17	17	19	19	19	19	19	19
Baseball/Softball diamonds (3)	10	10	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Pools/Splash pads	I	I	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Ice arena	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	I	I	I
Senior center	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	I	I	I
Golf course	I	I	I	I	I	I	I	1	I	I
Water:										
Mains (miles)	454	454	470.60	470.80	471.50	471.50	448.95	456.11	456.41	457.27
Fire hydrants	5,084	5,090	5,045	5,047	5,127	5,127	5,103	5,115	5,126	5,156
Storage capacity (gallons)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000	3,000,000
Sewer:										
Miles of sanitary sewers	327	327	327.20	327.40	329.00	329.00	327.50	327.80	328.52	328.87
Treatment capacity	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)

Source: City records, department annual reports, and Oakland County Drain Commission

 $<sup>\</sup>hbox{(I) Information not available}\\$ 

<sup>(2)</sup> Plus the City maintains 31 football/soccer fields for other entities.

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{tabular}{ll} (3) Plus the City maintains 30 baseball/softball diamonds for other entities. \\ \end{tabular}$ 

<sup>(4)</sup> Plus 17 other vehicles and equipment.